Morning Oregonian.

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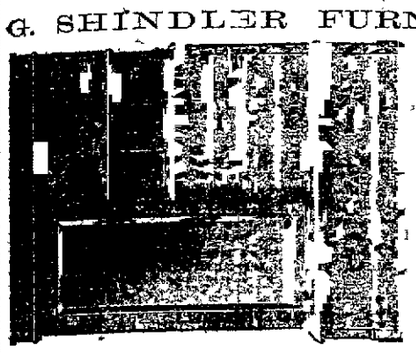

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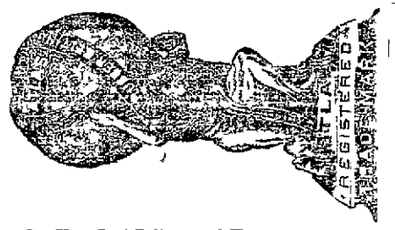

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BIG FALL OF SNOW.

The Storm General Throughout the Northwest.

THE BIGGEST IN FIVE YEARS

The Storm Center Off the Mouth of the Columbia River.

TRAINS NOT INTERRUPTED YET

Street Car Lines Temporarily Blocked—Ice Running in the Columbia—Good Sleighing and Coasting—Warmer Weather To day

Signal Service Officer Pague stood at a window in his office in the fourth story of the big Kamm building yesterday afternoon, and watched the white flakes descend Above him, from the flag staff on the roof, a black pennant fluttered in the cold wave and under it was a square blue flag The pennant indicated temperate weather and the blue flag rain or snow Taken together they indicated that warm weather and rain were coming They had been flying since the last day of last year and the snow had been falling since Wednesday night They were put up in conformity with telegraphic instructions from the San Francisco station

Below the signal officer on the street the jingle of merry sleigh bells filled the air with winter music and cutters and sleighs darted here and there Surrounding him on all sides were tall and massive buildings whose roofs were covered with snow inches deep To the west the range of hills stood out with clear and distinct contour lines Just then the sun was at a point where the clouds were thinnest and lightest and breaking through them imparted a dazzling glow to the white covering but it was only for a moment

It was at the moment that the sun was trying to shine that a reporter entered the office Signal Officer Pague continued to gaze out of the window and the intruder proceeded to transpire The signal officer stroked his majestic imperial with his left hand and, extending his right over the snow covered city said solemnly

"This is my New Year's greeting to the citizens of Portland"

THE BIGGEST STORM IN FIVE YEARS

Signal Officer Pague made a job of it He gave Portland more snow than it has had for five years When his assistant, Ford Carpenter was jostled out of his warm bed, at the unearthly hour of 1 30 yesterday morning to take the early morning observation it had been snowing for over ten hours and there was six inches on the level Before 4 P M three inches more fell

The storm is general All points in the Northwest report snow When the early morning observation was taken yesterday the temperature here was 16 above zero a fall of twelve degrees in twenty four hours At Olympia it was 24 Roseburg 26 Port Canby 28 Red Bluff 44 and Sacramento 42. Roseburg reported rain during the night and at 8 30 it was raining at Red Bluff with the temperature at 38.

Cold weather and snow are reported along the railroad lines but there has been no interruption to traffic yet

COLD ON THE UNION PACIFIC

The Union Pacific reports received at 8 30 A M yesterday showed that the sky was clear at Huntington with the temperature at 0 Kamela which has always been said to be the coldest station on this division of the railroad is also enjoying pleasant weather having no wind although cloudy the mercury registering 11 degrees Walla Walla telegraphed that the mercury had dropped to zero This is the coldest showing along the line for the day

Portland shows the deepest snowfall for the night, nine inches. Hood River comes next with three inches and reports a down wind drifting the still falling snow with the thermometer at 10 degrees At Wallula one inch of snow fell weather still cloudy and threatening and the mercury standing at 10 degrees.

At Bonneville the wind was blowing strong from the south with snow still falling and the thermometer at 10 deg. The Dalles gave a temperature of 14 deg and reported snow, also a light down wind. At Grant's the weather was cloudy, with no wind At Arlington the weather was the same as at Grant's but the temperature was 10 deg Umatilla had weather and wind of the same nature but was two degrees colder than Arlington

Dayton Pomeroy and Riparia all reported cloudy weather, with no wind. Pomeroy noted a temperature of 12 deg, Dayton 5 deg and Riparia 4 deg Colfax was the only point except Huntington which reported neither wind nor snow The temperature was 4 deg

At Pendleton Kamela La Grande North Powder and Baker City the weather was cloudy and the wind south and southeast. The temperature at Baker City was 24. At Troutdale snow was falling and drifting, and the mercury was at the 15 notch It was snowing and blowing at Bridal Veil, Wyeth and Mosier The temperature at the latter place was 11 deg.

The Southern Pacific Company received reports from its line at 8 30 Snow was reported all along the coast side division, Ten inches had fallen at Glendale two inches at Ashland and Roseburg one inch at Albany At Junction City the ground was barely covered Plenty of snow was had on the west side division Corvallis and Independence reported one inch, Cornelius and McMinnville eight inches and Beaverton ten inches

OUTLOOK FOR WARMER WEATHER TO DAY

What is the outlook? was asked of the signal officer

I think it will be warmer to morrow than to day, was the reply It was warmer at 5 P M to day than at 5 P M yesterday I do not look for much more snow It is unusual for Portland to have so much snow as we have had during the past twenty four hours I do not think the snow will turn to rain inside of twenty four hours

It is hard to predict what the storm will do It may gather itself together and sweep southeasterly if it has sufficient force I looks as if it had spent its force At 5 P M yesterday the barometer was rising Usually at this time of day it begins to fall

The sky had been heavy all day with low stratus and nimbus clouds The wind had been blowing from the east for nearly thirty hours at a velocity of from four to eight miles

At 5 P M the wind was in the northeast quadrant. That showed that the low pressure was central in Washington and the low pressure storm center was off the mouth of the Columbia river The high pressure will move eastward If it cannot pass the Rockies it will be dissipated and the Eastern people will escape a severe storm, for when a storm does cross the mountains it gathers force as it covers distance and plays havoc with everything

THE PROGRESS OF AGRICULTURE

So many factors have to be considered that it is exceedingly difficult to predict the progress of a storm which is central off the mouth of the Columbia The first consideration is the great volume of water which flows from the Columbia at one temperature and the Japan gulf current running down the coast another The meeting of these currents of opposite temperatures has a tendency to produce fluctuations and storms Then there are the Coast and Cascade mountains.

A good illustration of the peculiar movements of storms centering at the mouth of the Columbia river was had last November A storm hovered over the mouth for four days and nights and long strong high driving general rains to Western Oregon and Washington Without the slightest warning it just rolled over the Rockies to Montana and gave the people of the new state a spell of cold weather and snow which was a surprise from the legislative and senatorial matter The next day the storm was central in Oregon and there was no rain in the interior two days later it was central in Montana and there were heavy rains in the interior The next day it was central in Georgia and there was no rain in the interior two days later it was central in Montana and there were heavy rains in the interior Winds prevailed and vessels had a hard time of it. The storm put out into the Atlantic from the coast of Massachusetts.

TRAINS RUNNING WITHOUT INTERRUPTION

Superintendent Johnson of the Union Pacific, reported all trains moving, but a little behind time The snow is heavy all the way from Portland to Huntington The fast mail train came in yesterday morning only 1 hour and 40 minutes behind time No 1 due here at 6 40 last evening, left The Dalles three hours behind time The most delay is caused between The Dalles and Portland and between Pendleton and Baker City, and rotary snow plows are being run ahead of the passenger trains on those sections.

Our road is in good shape, said Superintendent Brandt, of the Southern Pacific. We expect no serious trouble unless there is more snow Our trains are departing on time and arriving nearly on time Our overland train was only fifteen or twenty minutes late this morning The only trouble we have experienced is on Fourth street, in Portland, where the grade is very steep. Naturally it is hard work to get up the grade."

The Northern Pacific reports cold weather on its lines but trains are running on time

The telegraph lines are working without interruption

THE CAR LINES TEMPORARILY BLOCKED

The street car companies were unable to start out cars on time, and their patrons were obliged to find their way down town as best they could

The Transcontinental Street Railway Company sent a big snow plow over its lines and soon had cars running on part of the system but it was not till about noon that cars were running on Third street

The Washington and B street line started cars early and kept them going

The electric cars got to running on Second street about the middle of the forenoon

The motor line to Albina having a snow plow to clear the track, got to work early and kept going

The steam motor line to Mount Tabor managed to get through about noon, with two motors and kept struggling through all the afternoon

The Vancouver motor line got started about 11 o clock, but only ran to Woodlawn, as the Columbia was frozen and the ferry boat had come around to this city during the night.

On the East Side the snow drifted badly, fields being swept clear by the wind but roads running north and south were drifted full to the tops of the fences

GOOD SLEIGHING AND COASTING

The ground having been slightly frozen when the storm began the snowfall was sufficient for making most excellent sleighing and coasting and the merry jingle of bells was heard in all directions all day long There were all kinds of turnouts, from the elegantly modeled plush-lined cutte down to the turnout improvised from two boards and a dry goods box.

It is so seldom that the pastime of sleighing can be indulged in here that it would hardly be supposed that there would be many provided with bells for their cutters etc. but there were quite a number of the finest and most fanciful sets of bells with tassels scarves etc, seen yesterday, and some of the turnouts could hardly be surpassed anywhere

The boys were out in full force, coasting on the back streets and in fact everywhere the ground was sloping enough, and great sport they had, and pedestrians generally gave them a wide berth and the right of way The weather was not uncomfortably cold for those taking active exercise and everybody abroad rather enjoyed the wintry aspect of things.

LOOKING OUT FOR FIRES.

Chief Engineer Morgan of the fire department had men out early yesterday morning clearing the snow from cistern covers and sprinkling salt on them to thaw them out It was a wise and timely precaution, as was seen when during the day two fires took place

ICE IN THE COLUMBIA.

The Union Pacific steamer Lurline left yesterday morning for the Cascades but could not get more than 300 yards in the Columbia from the mouth of the Willamette owing to the ice that had formed since the day before Her pump feeders began to clog and the boiler not having more than a necessary quantity of water, the captain deemed it prudent to get back in the Willamette away from the ice and fill her boilers while he had a chance The Vancouver steamer Undine happening along and her boiler having enough water to last some time about a dozen passengers for Vancouver were transferred from the Lurline to this steamer After considerable working around in the ice the Undine landed the passengers at a point on the Washington side almost opposite the mouth of the Willamette As it was impossible to proceed further, the two boats steamed back to their wharves in this city

The steamers Oeklahama and E N Cooke are somewhere on the Columbia between this port and Astoria, towing the ship Andrata. Fears are entertained whether the steamers will be able to return from Astoria if they are successful in reaching that place

The English bark Arthurstone is at Columbia dock, all ready to put to sea, but she has waited one day too long and her captain may now be forced to lay her up at this place until the ice goes out of the river Captain Troup refused to allow any of the steamers under his command to tow her to Astoria. He says that although a steamer may go there in safety, a steamer towing a ship would find it different. When a steamer is lashed to a ship floating ice is sure to wedge in between them and would render progress difficult if not impossible.

THE VANCOUVER FERRY ESCAPES

The ferry that runs between Vancouver and the terminus of the East Side motor line is docked at Johnson's wharf, at East Portland. Wednesday night the ice commenced forming and floating in the same time all the cars running and landed on Hutlon's station to head of dike.

The Bunco steerer operations in connection with Pullman sleeping car reservations still flourish in all parts of the United States Canada and Europe all of Salt Lake City Union Agent Union Pacific Ticket Office S First st corner Oak

Purchase your tickets and reserve your sleeping car accommodations at No 1 First street corner Washington, office Northern Pacific Railroad.

THE SECOND SENATOR.

Power, a Rich Helena Merchant, Will Represent Montana.

DEMOCRATS CAN'T GET A QUORUM

Three Financial Heavyweights Fighting for the Ohio Senatorial Prize.

JOHN R. M'LEAN IN THE CONTEST.

Brice's Manager Says Brass Bands and Newspapers Are Paid, but Not the Legislators —Themes Too Penurious.

HELENA Jan 2.—[Special Telegram.]—Hon T C Power was to-day elected United States senator to represent the state of Montana in the congress of the nation Two ballots only were necessary Of thirty-eight members present and voting, thirty five voted for Mr Power The joint assembly met promptly on time, and after the opening routine went to work. The first vote resulted: Power 16, Mantle 11 Hershfeld 3, Richards 7, William Thompson, of Butte, 1

The roll call was ordered for the second ballot, and the second name called resulted in a recruit for the Power forces whereat there was applause. The next two changes were changes for Mantle Several other changes were made during the call, among them Newcomer, from Mantle to Power, giving the latter 19 votes one short of election Representative Dolman sealed the election of Mr Power by changing his vote from Richards to Power, giving him the requisite 20 votes Then followed a free for all to get into the Power procession, and when the stampede checked itself it was found that all but three had changed their votes, giving Mr Power a total of 35 out of 38 and he was formally declared the choice of the joint assembly for senator A committee of two was then appointed to escort Mr Power to the House, which being done, he was received with a tumult of applause.

He spoke very briefly in response, as follows: "I can only say on this occasion that you have my heartfelt thanks for your action. I trust that in the strife for this position all will be satisfied. I shall strive to satisfy all parts of the state. I shall know no East, no West, no North, no South, but shall endeavor to satisfy all. I know that you have not placed me here on account of my speech making abilities. My colleague will attend to that, and I will try to stand by him in positions that may require some exertion and some ability Again I thank you" The joint assembly then adjourned

Power is a wealthy merchant and was the late candidate for governor on the republican ticket, being defeated by Toole.

Opinions about town on Power's election are variegated The west side members alone are to blame for the result Had their bitter factions been able to consolidate on one candidate their man would have been elected without trouble. A solid vote from the east side would have followed their nomination, but the west siders caused the stampede to Power, and as a result three Helena men will represent Montana in congress.

DEMOCRATS CAN'T GATHER A QUORUM.

By long arduous and diligent search the third house corraled twenty eight people yesterday, and in conjunction with two democratic senators, making a total or thirty present, went through the form of voting for two United States senators. Mar in Maginnis received 30 votes for one of the positions and W A Clark received 29 and W W. Dixon 1 for the other No quorum was present. The democrats are demoralized. Repeated efforts have failed to bring out a quorum Hauser is wild, and ugly rumors are afloat about town. It is openly said that he assisted in the election of Power

THREE AMBITIOUS MILLIONAIRES.

Struggle Between McLean, Brice and Thomas for the Ohio Senatorship

COLUMBUS O, Jan 2.—[Special Telegram.]—Within the past twenty four hours the name of John R McLean has been prominently talked of as a candidate for United States senator, and when the caucus votes it is said a surprise will be sprung in the shape of a heavy vote for him. Something of this has been afloat for quite a while but it was so faint that it was only perceived by a few Within a few hours however, it has taken form and substance and stalked abroad in the light of all

It is noted that Mr McLean gave nearly $1000 to Cincinnati charities for Christmas that he has offered $500 in gold as prizes in the several grades of the public schools of this city and that his wife has been giving receptions to the poor in Washington

The contest is pretty much at a standstill today, as all the candidates have agreed not to press their claims before the members until the senate and house caucuses for organization have been held Brice and Thomas claim they are taking no hand in the speakership contest, but the impression prevails that the friends of both are making use of the money argument.

Brice is unquestionably in the lead, but all the other candidates evince a disposition to combine and cook him. The result depends entirely upon the ability of the anti Brice men to transfer their strength to an agreed candidate. If they can do this Brice will be beaten Otherwise he will win with ease The campaign is the most expensive ever known in Ohio politics the Payne campaign always excepted. There is however this difference the money six years ago was paid out in big sums Most of it went directly to the people who furnished the votes Little was wasted in preliminaries and the manufacture of public sentiment The play this year seems to be for the newspapers and the heelers and handlers. Jim Town end, Mr Brice's manager, who was chairman of the democratic state committee of 1888, says No friend of Mr Brice will spend a single cent on a legislator, that is understood by everybody Any one who offers money to a legislator will be no friend of Mr Brice.

Mr Thomas is naturally a close, penurious man and careful of his money When, however, Mr Thomas makes up his mind that he intends to make a point in politics he loses sight of the value of coin It cost him $7000 to be elected as a district delegate to the St Louis convention, and he regarded the expenditure as but a flea bite Mr. Thomas will spend as much money as Mr Brice if he feels so disposed He has retained some dozen of leading democratic lawyers, Toledo, Ohio, whose duty it is to stand in public and extol the virtues of the lawyer mongrel

Ever since the election Ohio has been traversed over and over again by scores and scores of paid emissaries of Brice and Thomas Some of the country editors think this is the greatest campaign they ever knew The postoffices have been deluged with circulars and all kinds of printed matter Mr Brice's friends have gotten out a calendar for the year 1890 showing among other things the phases of the moon and a steel engraving of the residence Mr Thomas is circulating his mission petition to congress asking legislation on the silver question the petition with the tears of the widow and the orphan to be paid for by the payment to her quarter of a dollar of 20 cents per bushel on wheat Nearly all the candidates have literary bureaus and pet writers and scouts without number Some of the gentlemen who can't write have had their names signed and have been caught the same as the unwary sports and lawyers

The speech of all these paid agents and newspapers is whine and yell all in their efforts to make it appear that the contest is not laughable. It is the belief that money is going to play a certain legislator down in this way. It does not stand up to the fact that Mr McLean will come to Columbus and vote for some gentleman or other as the principle with all the doctors, and a lawyer and his attorney friends have been raised and paid by the said candidate Six years ago the money went to the legislators direct. This time much of it is being frittered in [illegible] The present contest of this fair to be a dark and bloody one that will result in the election of Mr Payne.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

D MINING IN IDAHO.

niscences of Pioneer Gold Seekers in the Far West.

LING A CITY IN A FEW HOURS

d Jury Which Adjourned Because All the Guilty Parties Were Serving on It.

ecial correspondent of the St. Louis *Democrat*, gives the following vivid de- on of gold mining in Idaho in the when the mineral discoveries were made.—Idaho City is to-day only m shadow of its former self. dre, perhaps, 1000 inhabitants e city proper, while in the entire " there are not more than 2000 souls l. The bustle and activity of former hus departed, as the vast placer beds been stripped of their precious treas- The inhabitants of the town are most- timers, however, and have faith in ture of the country as a quartz mining t, and there is every reason to believe heir hopes will soon be realized and City will flourish again as in the olden Of the 20,000 people who were at- l to this place in 1862 and 1863, are but few now living in Basin, while of the pioneers of here are but six here now to tell the the first discovery of the greatest mining district in all the Northwest. the years of '63 and '64 Wells, Fargo shipped in gold dust from this place 0,000, while it it is estimated that fully times this amount was taken out of mp by private conveyance. A com- of Boston capitalists have bought up tire creek bed, which is seven miles in and a quarter of a mile in breadth, rly next spring they will commence ection of a bed-rock flume the entire of the creek, working over the bil- which are known to contain millions lars in gold, and tons of mercury. of the ground under these vast de- of tailings was never worked, it is estimated by experts that east $150,000,000 can be saved these old tailings. The bed rock beautiful and perfect stratification, by the miner "hard pan," which was bbedly formed during the glacial per- etrified oak is found in places, whole being found intact. There is not an ee within 500 miles of these deposits ge to-day. On the west side of the hill gs, years after the surface had been gold in paying quantities was found this hard pan, on the true bedrock, ifting has been profitably carried on. gulches, however, true bedrock has been found. There is no doubt of the nce of gold in paying quantities should k ever be found. There is an exten- uartz mining district surrounding the n," the source from whence came all placer gold. Many of these quartz are undeveloped and only await the t of capital to open them up and pour hidden treasures into the marts of

SOME WELL KNOWN MINES.

Gold Hill mine at Quartzburg has d $3,000,000 in bullion since 1863, and sidered a good property now, there thousands of tons of quartz in sight. Banner mine, situated thirty miles of Idaho City, is a large dividend and there are several smaller mines s locality which are paying handsomely. Idaho City has a bright future as a g center, but new blood must be in- uto her veins before she can attain to rominence as a mining town which esent prospects warrant. Of the pio- of 1862 your correspondent found but Noble, Joseph Branstetter, Jess ord, J. J. Frank, W. H. Fincher and n West. These are the pioneers ade the trails, fought the Indians ramed the laws for the protection e influx of miners of 1863. In July, party of twelve prospectors started Auburn, Or., to the famous "Florence gs." This party, consisting of Joseph teiter, John Grimes and ten compan- rossed Snake river near the mouth of s creek, and took a northeasterly direc- brough the mountains for Florence, t trail or guide. On Grimes creek, a ary of Boise river, a prospect hole was and to the surprise of the prospectors a paying quantities was found. Elated ir success, this party located claims mediately prepared for active mining. is time, however, there were bands of de Indians in these mountains, who vilding and ready to dispute the rights s territory with the prospectors, and Grimes fell a victim to their deadly

e morning of the 9th of August, 1862, Grimes was shaving, a rifle ball d past his head, and imbedded itself tree upon which his glass was hung. arfled prospectors rallied their forces ve the Indians chase, and Grimes was nd killed from ambush. After bur- burying their dead comrade, a coun- war was held, and it was decided as umbers were small and that of the unknown, a retreat would be pru- Accordingly they retraced their steps, d Snake river into Oregon, and pushed Walla Walla, Wash., where they ar- ate in the summer. The news of the ery of gold on the tributaries of Boise was soon carried to the mining camps gon and Washington, and a party was zed at Walla Walla, numbering ninety- men, including some who had been ers of the Grimes party, and they ar- at Grimes creek on the 10th of October, On the 18th of the same month a party Captain Bledsoe, numbering seventy- men, arrived in the "basin" from Flor- Another party of 200 men landed in mp on the 29th of October, and on the mbers' meeting was called and local ere adopted.

THE CITY BUILDING UP.

pany after company arrived during l of 1862 and the winter of 1863, and by of the latter year at least 10,000 were wielding the pick and shovel, out thousands of ounces of bright, gold, while perhaps 5000 traders and ers were located in the town. Wages from $6 to $10 per day, and all who to labor were furnished with re- erative employment. Towns sprang up by magic, and Bannock (now Idaho Buena Vista, Hogum, Placerville, ville, Moor's Town and Pioneer were hing canvas towns. At the election the fall of 1863 there were over 10,- tes cast. The "tin-horn" gambler was wn in those days, but the bully and ado were to be found in all these and a man for breakfast, and some- two, was the diet of the early mining Boise basin. Toll roads were built, e road between Umatilla landing, on olumbia river, and the mines was with a moving mass of pack mules, and footmen, all pushing eagerly for- to the new and now famous El Do- f the Northwest.

gus dust" began to make its appear- n alarming quantities in '64, and it ident that it could be manufactured unlike the genuine article, and could detected by the application of acid The manufacturers of this counter- re fully up to the times, and by gal- ing the "bogus" with the genuine ar- ere successful in passing hundreds of on the unsuspecting. The only of testing after galvanizing was to the dust in a hand-mortar, thus g the outside coating, and applying This dust was manufactured by a y composed of some of the best (?) s, copper and zinc being ground in a nd mixed. The grand jury finally e matter in hand, resolved to punish ilty counterfeiters if found. Accord- seventeen of the solid men of the com- were sworn in as jurors, and the in- tion began in earnest. The first wit- led was asked if he knew any of the engaged in this nefarious and un- business. The witness answered in rmative but declined to give the of the parties.

must give us the names or be com- for contempt," said the foreman

n if I must answer," said the witness, say upon my oath, without giving there are fourteen members of the dust company in this room acting as urors."

useless to remark that the witness cused, and the grand jury adjourned

CANADA AND HER FUTURE.

The Opinion Regarding a Possible Political Change.

Honore Mercier, prime minister of the province of Quebec, on being asked recently while at New York his opinion regarding the annexation of Canada, said:

"Well, there isn't much talk of annexation just now, but there is a general feeling in favor of some political change. There is, however, a respectable portion of the community in favor of maintaining the present condition of affairs. Those who favor a change are divided between three schemes—imperial federation, annexation, and independence. Few people, I believe, outside the ultra-loyalists are in favor of imperial federation, and I may add that there are but few real Canadians, either French, English, Scotch or Irish, in favor of the scheme. The advocates of that measure are generally Englishmen who came during the last, say, twenty-five years from the old country to make their fortunes in Canada, and have the intention of returning when they have attained their object.

"Of course, Sir John A. Macdonald, the prime minister of Canada, who is a Scotchman by birth, is in favor of that scheme. Of the French-Canadians you could not find ten disposed to speak in favor of imperial federation.

"After imperial federation comes the question of annexation. There is no doubt a respectable number of Canadians favorable to annexation. It is no use denying the fact. Those who do it are either ignorant or hypocrites. As to the proportion in favor of this scheme that question cannot be answered, no votes on the subject having been taken and there being no practical means of ascertaining public opinion. But you may have read the other day that politicians from Manitoba and the Western territories said that if things were not settled to their satisfaction and if oppressive interference of the Canadian federal authorities in local matters were continued they would ask for annexation to the United States.

"Then come those who favor independence. I believe they are numerous and that they form the most important portion, from certain points of view, of our population. They are important socially, politically and financially, and they recruit themselves in a great part from among the young men who have naturally more liberal tendencies and a greater disposition for independence. They don't like the title of colonists. They do not like to be governed in a certain way and to certain degree by strangers, and they are disposed, through their education and their training, to carry into effect the sentimental idea of an independent country of which they would be the children and become the free citizens. They are proud to call themselves Canadians, but would be much prouder to call themselves so if they were members of one of the independent nations of the world."

Stanley's Energy and Courage.

London Truth, Dec. 12.

That Stanley is a man of vast energy, great courage and undaunted perseverance I do not for a moment question. So were Cortez and Pizarro. But I very much doubt whether the marches of Stanley through Africa have benefited humanity in general or African human beings in particular. Geographically he has discovered a new pond and seen a new mountain. *Cui bono?* A pond is a depression, a mountain is an elevation, and whether there are more or less depressions and elevations in Africa than we heretofore supposed is an exceedingly unimportant matter. He has brought back Emin and a number of the people who were with Emin. A great many of Emin's people died during the process of bringing them back, while Emin himself so soon as he was brought back, walked through a window and injured his skull. During Stanley's marches many Africans were laid hold of and made to carry burdens, with the result that they died of fatigue; many men (dwarfs and others) who objected to his traversing their territories were shot and many of their villages were burned. Civilization has not been presented to the inhabitants of Central Africa in a very alluring aspect and they are not likely to enslave each other or to eat each other less in consequence of their glimpse of it. One cannot help asking why this waste of energy, why all this shooting and burning, why the Africans cannot have been left alone?

The Purple Light.

New York Sun.

Astronomer Hastings of Yale announces that he has invented an improvement in telescopes that does away with the "purple light" which interrupts observation.

Alas! for the ruthless hand of science. Must the world outgrow its purple light? The vision may be clearer, but at what a loss of beauty and romance! Is the enchantment to be taken from the view, and the glow which youth alone sees to fade into "the light of common day?"

These scientific people are pitiless despoilers of the beautiful. Little Tom Moore hit them hard when he wrote—

They tore away some weeds 'tis true,
But all the flowers are ravished too.

But if telescopes are to be improved out of their purple light, it is a comfort to think that the common eye of ordinary man may still see nature in all her glowing tints.

A Wide Difference.

The Epoch.

Wife (whose husband has explained to her the mysteries of poker)—It seems very simple. I suppose one can play it as well as another.

Husband—No, there is a great difference in players. There's the man who can play poker, and there's the man who thinks he can. The latter is the one who has to write a check.

VESTIBULED TRAIN SERVICE.

Over the Northern Pacific railroad dining cars and sleeping cars every day in the year. Portland to Chicago twenty-five miles the shortest route.

Second-class passengers, too, are afforded excellent accommodations.

SEVEN HOURS AND THIRTY-SIX MINUTES

Saved in reaching Chicago via this line.

Office, 121 First street, corner Washington.

COAL! COAL! COAL!

Telephone No. 31, or send your orders for household coal to the Oregon Improvement Company. We have constantly on hand at the bunkers, foot of H street, a full supply of Seattle, Franklin, Wellington, Australian, screen split and nutlump coals. Our prices always the lowest. Orders left at Wisdom Drug Company, First and Stark, or with O. P. Tomkins, First and Morrison streets, will receive prompt attention.

SOMETHING MORE THAN COMMON.

The Boston tailor will make you a genuine English Kersey or Chinchilla overcoat for $25, worth $45.

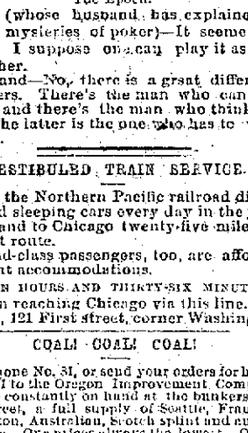
Tickets to and From Europe.

Excursion tickets to all points in Europe and England sold at Northern Pacific ticket office, No. 121 First street, corner Washington.

THE REV. GEORGE H. THAYER, of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to Shiloh's Consumption Cure." Blumauer & Co. Druggists.

Take the Northern Pacific railroad, the best equipped line, for all points East. Office, No. 121 First street, corner Washington.

Hacking, coughing, spitting, stop it! with Kidd's Cough Syrup, 25 cents.



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall st., N.Y.

EAST PORTLAND SEWERAGE

Arrival of Rudolph Hering, Civil Engineer, From Chicago.

An Informal Conference Held—Cases of Destitution—Baby Home Meeting—Assault With a Dangerous Weapon—Notes.

Rudolph Hering, the Chicago sanitary engineer, arrived in this city yesterday forenoon from California. He was met at Oregon City by O. H. Bellinger, city surveyor, and thus given an impression of the city in advance of his arrival. When he arrived he was conducted through the city by Mr. A. W. Lambert, of the sewerage commission, and the city surveyor, making a pretty thorough inspection. Early in the evening the members of the commission met the engineer to hear him on the subject of sewerage and receive recommendations. In the informal discussion that took place Mr. Hering favored a separate system, distinct from the storm water, of sewerage, and he would only allow the flow from the roofs to enter the sewers. Ultimately a means for carrying off the storm water will have to be provided.

Mayor Stewart called the meeting to order, so that some intelligent action could be taken.

Dr. Joseph made some remarks, in which he expressed the opinion that Mr. Hering should be invited to recommend a system and give figures as to the cost of preparing the same. Dr. Joseph thought it was necessary for the sewerage commission to know what it will cost to have Mr. Hering make further investigation and prepare a system.

Mr. Hering replied: "It is a difficult matter to state what it will cost." In the matter of data he said he would want contour maps, elevations, rainfall and raise of river. While at present the sewers would empty into the river, with a view, however, to conducting it to some other point. The size of the sewers is governed by the population. He explained the plans and specifications should be such that the local engineer can conduct the work to completion.

Mr. Hering is an affable and cultivated gentleman and showed a thorough knowledge, and also that in the short time he spent here he has gained a pretty full knowledge of the city. He will remain only until noon to-day, when he will leave for Victoria on his way East, as he must reach New York by January 14. He will, however, gather as much information and data as he can this forenoon, which can be used in making plans for a sewerage system. The maps and other information can be sent him by mail.

The informal conference continued until quite late and the sewerage commission secured a valuable fund of information. The system, such as Mr. Hering thinks we need, he will charge $1500 for preparing. Mr. Hering's original proposition was $500, but the city is much larger than he thought supposed. The commission will take further action shortly.

CASES OF DESTITUTION.

An unusual number of cases of destitution are reported and are being looked after in East Portland. The city marshal has contrived to supply the immediate wants of the Ladders family, but now must make further provision for them, as the first donations have been exhausted. He was quite successful yesterday in securing contributions, and will be very glad to receive many more, as there is need for both provisions and clothing. The King family, at the car shops, is getting along very well, owing to the generosity of the people in that neighborhood.

The most distressing case yet reported is that of an unfortunate family who have found temporary refuge at the Baby Home. A mother brought two children to the Home about three weeks ago, one an infant three months old, which had been exposed and contracted a severe cold in consequence, which soon developed into pneumonia. The mother has been caring for the infant the best she could, and Wednesday the father came from Astoria, where he had been endeavoring to obtain work, but having failed, returned dejected and hopeless. This family were burned out twice, first in the Seattle fire and then at the Ellensburg fire. The infant will likely die. Mrs. Harbin, the superintendent of the Home, says the family may remain at the Home for the present, but they are in immediate need of assistance. A strong effort should be made at once to aid this family.

ASSAULT WITH A DANGEROUS WEAPON.

Yesterday afternoon a dispute of some sort took place between Mr. George Erz and Jacob Multhauf in Soders & Spicer's feed stable on L street. Mr. Erz was standing with his hands in his coat pockets, when he was struck by Multhauf. A struggle then ensued, during which Multhauf seized an iron wrench and struck Erz several times in the face. He evidently struck with little force, or he would have injured Mr. Erz seriously. Constable McMillan was on the other side of the street at the time, and hurried across as soon as possible, when he placed both under arrest. It is understood that Multhauf will be arraigned in Justice Bullock's court this forenoon, charged with an assault with a dangerous weapon.

NEW STREET COMMISSIONER.

Mr. C. L. Spare, the newly appointed street commissioner, has assumed the duties of his office, and was being shown around the city yesterday by Mr. Charles Bartel, the retiring street commissioner. Mr. Spare enters upon the discharge of his duties with the confidence and good wishes of all. He has the reputation of being in every way qualified for the office to which he has been appointed. There will no doubt be ample scope for the exercise of his special abilities as a mechanic and bridge builder this year.

ANOTHER ADDITION TO LIBRARY.

N. McCoy, of the firm of Doud & McCoy, has followed the example set by his partner, in presenting to the Y. M. C. A. library two valuable volumes as a New Year's gift. If more of the citizens appreciated the value of good books for the young men's library, it would not be long before a large library could be established in connection with the reading room.

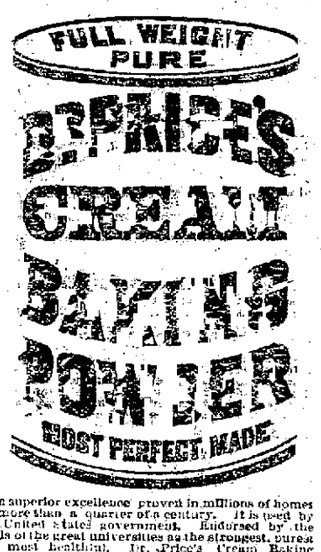
JESSIE COUTHOUI COMING.

America's peerless recitationist has been engaged for the last and grandest entertainment given by Y. M. C. A. this season. Grand musical programme, under the direction of Mrs. W. A. Weizell, at Armory hall, Monday evening, January 13th.

BOARD MEETING.

The board of directors of the Baby Home will hold their first meeting in the new year at the parlors of the Baby Home, Saturday afternoon January 4, at 2 o'clock. All the members are requested to be present.

PEARS' is the purest and best soap ever made.



Its superior excellence proved in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States government. Indorsed by the heads of the great universities as the strongest, purest and most healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Ammonia, Lime or Alum. Sold only in cans.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,
New York. Chicago. San Francisco

Proposals for the Construction of Water Works.

Whereas, by resolution passed the common council of the city of LaGrande, Union Co., Ore., December 17, 1889, the city attorney was authorized and instructed to give notice, by publication, inviting bids for the construction of a complete system of water works for the city of La Grande:

To all whom it may concern, take notice: Proposals and bids will be received by me up to noon of Saturday, January 11, 1890, for the construction of a complete system of water works for said city. All bids are to be sealed, and the plans and specifications are to accompany same, and as an evidence of good faith each bidder is required to furnish a certified check in the sum of $500 to said common council.

Proposals will be received to put in said proposed works for the city, or a franchise will be granted to private parties. The right to reject any and all bids is reserved.

E. W. BARTLETT,
City Attorney of La Grande.

Dated La Grande, Ore., December 19, 1889.

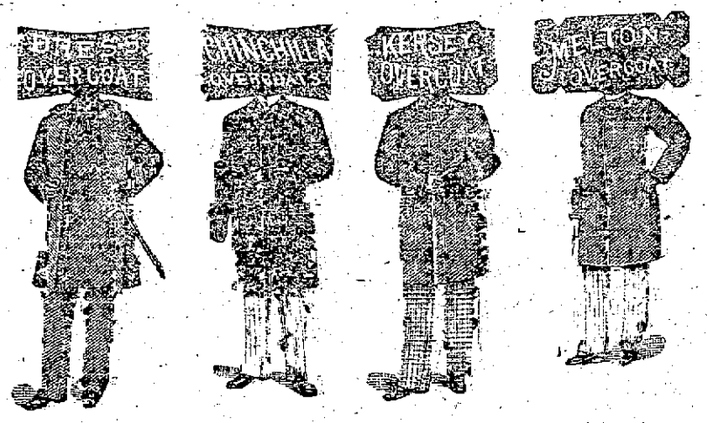
Notice of Payment of Dividends.

To the Stockholders of the Seattle Transfer Company:—

The trustees of the Seattle Transfer Company have declared a dividend of 1½ per cent on the capital stock of the corporation, payable on the 10th day of January, A. D., 1890, at the office of the company in Seattle, and like dividends will be paid thereafter on or before the 10th day of each succeeding month until further notice. NOAH ARMSTRONG,
CHAS. ARMSTRONG, Secretary. President.

CHILBLAINS POSITIVELY CURED by one or two applications of Dr. Bernstein's Chilblain Cure. Dr. A. S. Bernstein, Surgeon Chiropodist, 155 First st., cor. of Morrison, room 18. For sale by all druggists. Price per bottle, 25c. Consultation free. 21nd

KOHN'S OVERCOAT BARGAINS



Keep Warm. Keep Warm.

These prices will make you feel good. Kohn's overcoats must go. No stock to be carried over, all must be sold.

$7 50 for Heavy Chinchilla overcoats, former price.....$12 00
$13 All wool, fine Chinchilla overcoats, former price..... 18 00
$15 buys a fine black chinchilla overcoat, formerly..... 20 00
$16 50 buys a fur beaver chinchilla overcoat, formerly..... 25 00
$20 buys an imported chinchilla overcoat, formerly..... 30 00

BARGAINS. BARGAINS.

$8 for a heavy ulster worth.....$12 50
$10 for silk faced overcoats, worth..... 15 00
$10 for wide wale worsted overcoats, worth..... 15 00
$12 for plaid Prince Charles overcoats, worth..... 18 00
$12 for Melton overcoats, formerly..... 16 50
$15 for fine silk faced Kersey overcoats, worth..... 20 00
$16 50 for an English Kersey overcoat, worth..... 25 00
$18 00 for silk lined, fine worsted overcoats, worth..... 27 00

BOYS' OVERCOATS

200 Children's Overcoats at $1.50 to $5 each.
200 Boys' Overcoats for 12 to 18 years. Prices $5 to $10.

We must sell these Overcoats. If low prices will tempt you, bring your cash and get some big bargains.

Arthur Kohn

COR. 2ND & MORRISON.

ARE YOU FREEZING?

Boys' and Men's Caps	$ 25
Fine Astrachan Caps	75
Seal Plush Caps	1 25
Ladies' Jersey Knit Vests	69
Ladies' Wool Mitts	20
Imported Mitts	50
White Blankets	1 50
All-Wool Blankets, from	4 50

L. SELLING & CO.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW PARK THEATER

[illegible]
He Came,
He Saw,
He Conquered.
—IN—
HANS THE BOATMAN

LITTLE : MAY : HANNAN

The Most Wonderful Child Actress on the American Stage.

LAST THREE PERFORMANCES.

Matinee Saturday,

For the special accommodation of ladies and children.

CORDRAY'S MUSEE AND THEATRE
THIRD AND YAMHILL

Grand Matinee Saturday.

FINE BILL THIS WEEK.

MR. R. E. FRENCH,
And the Musee Theater Dramatic Company.
Week commencing Monday, Dec. 30.
—THE CELEBRATED BORDER DRAMA—
In three acts, entitled
—THE LOST MINE—
of Nevada.
NEW SCENERY STRONG CAST.
THE MUSEE

Swiss Bell Ringers with complete change of programme, Songs, Dance and Specialties.
EVERY SATURDAY CHILDREN'S DAY.
Matinee Wednesday and Saturday at 1:30 P. M.
Admission—To Musee, 10c. Seats in Theater, 10c, 20c and 30c, according to location. Box seats—Matinee, 25c; evening, 50c. Seats reserved six days in advance without extra charge at box office and Wiley B. Allen's music store, 211 First st., telephone 809.
Doors open daily at 7 P. M. Musee performances commences at 7:30; Theater performance at 8:30.

TABERNACLE—
Friday Night, January 3.

TABERNACLE—
Saturday Matinee, January 4.

TABERNACLE—
Saturday Night, January 4.

Corner Tenth and Morrison Streets.

Tenth Successful Season of the World-Famed
HYERS SISTERS
In the Greatest of Musical Selections,
OUT OF BONDAGE,
Or, BEFORE AND AFTER THE WAR,
Written by Hon. Joseph Bradford of Boston.
Price of admission, 25c, 50c and 75c. No extra for reserved seats.
Sale of seats opens at 10 A. M. Tuesday, Dec. 31, at Hoyt's Music store.

CLINTON'S THEATER ROYAL
Cor. Third and Alder Sts.

Grand production of the Spectacular pantomime of HUMPTY DUMPTY, at a cost of $700. New scenery, mechanical effects properties and transformations. Extraordinary engagement of the world-renowned ZOYARA BROTHERS; salary, $400 per week, and the Royal Mammoth Company of 40 [illegible]

AMUSEMENTS—Continued.

NEW PARK THEATER

Three Nights Only,
Commencing Monday, January 6th, 1890.
The Great Musical Farce-Comedy,
A SOCIAL SESSION
Under the management of D. J. Sprague.

One of the funniest plays ever written. Replete with singing, dancing and specialties, which awaken applause, admiration and soul-stirring laughter.

Our Famous Black Hussar Band,
The Representative Traveling Band of America.

Our Star Orchestra.

Every member a soloist. | Every soloist an artist.

Our grand band parade takes place on Monday at 12 o'clock sharp. Concert from 7 to 7:30 in the evening.—Prices—25c, 50c and $1.
Seats on sale at Hoyt & Co.'s.

CORT'S STANDARD THEATER
Monday, Dec. 30, 1889.
A Happy New Year to All.
MILANO. The Terry Bros., Dora Bros., Prof. John Clark and John Teahan, Miss Minnie Irvine, Miss Lydia Rossi and 30 others.

"QUAKER"
BRICK MACHINERY
Write for Catalogue and Prices to
HOYT & BRO. COMPANY
Importers and Dealers in
Saw Mill and Woodworking Machinery
Nos. 6 and 8 North Front St.,
Portland, Oregon.
WILLIAMS & GROAT, Managers

WILLIAM KNOX,
1 Oppenheimer St.....Vancouver, B. C.
Produce and Commission Merchant.
Dealer in Pork, Bacon, Hams, Lard, Butter, Fowls, Domestic and Foreign Grain, Hay, and all Kinds of Produce.

ICE AND REFRIGERATING MACHINES
—OF—
Any required size, furnished, complete, at prices that defy competition.
—Call on us—
W. C. SALMON,
291 Fourth St., or Union Iron Works, Portland, Or.

WEATHER STRIPS TO KEEP THE HOUSE WARM. GORDON, carpenter, 188 Third near Taylor st. 1m

EARLE & WILSON'S E. & W. BRAND OF MEN'S Collars and Cuffs are the best. Sold everywhere

130th
FRIDAY SURPRISE SALE
130th
TO-DAY.

Having purchased two cases of
IMPORTED TROUVILLE SILK
At less than manufacturers' cost. We offer the same for our 130th Surprise Sale TO-DAY at
3½c
Per yard, or $2.48 for full dress pattern of eight yards. SIXTEEN DIFFERENT SHADES TO SELECT FROM.

TROUVILLE CLOTHS
Are noted for wear and durability, and are sold largely in Eastern cities at double the price asked for this sale.

DO NOT MISS THIS OPPORTUNITY.

No more of these goods to be had at the price quoted. Samples may be seen in our Dry Goods Window.

TO-DAY.

MEIER & FRANK
Great Clearing Sale
—AT—
E. MEYER & CO.

For the next thirty days, until February 1st, 1890, we will sell BED-ROCK PRICES, our immense stock of CLOTHING, BOOTS and SHOES, in order to reduce our stock, before REMODELING OUR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT. These prices will positively last but 30 days. Call and be convinced.

E. MEYER & CO.,
180 and 182 First Street : : : : : : : : And 9 Yamhill

WE [illegible]

TRY A GLASS OF THE FAMOUS
WEINHARD'S BEER
The Summer Beverage of the Capitalist, the Merchant and the Laboring Man Alike.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

S. L. N. GILMAN (GILMAN & CO.) Auctioneers
42 First Street, Next Corner of Ash.
Regular Auction Sales of Real Estate, Household Furniture and General Merchandise,
TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 10 A. M.

REGULAR AUCTION SALE
—OF—
MERCHANDISE
We will sell at our salesroom
No. 42 FIRST STREET,
On Friday, January 3, at 10 o'clock, stock from Eastern Oregon, comprising Clothing, Blankets, Hosiery, Hats, Boots, Shoes, Overshirts, Tobacco, Cigars, also 5000 yards Brussels Carpets.
GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer
Office, 1½ Washington St.
Residence at the corner of Fifth and College Sts.

[illegible]
The plant, real estate, good-will, etc., of the Oregon Paving & Contract Co. is hereby offered for sale. Persons wishing to engage in the contracting business now have an opportunity to secure the best quarry of hard basalt rock in the state. Title perfect. Our wagons, carts, harness, crusher, etc., etc., have been overhauled and placed in excellent order. Our horses are A1 and in first-rate condition. Possession given at once. For further particulars inquire of
DAVID STEEL, Secretary,
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NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

MYSTERY OF A CORPSE.

Found in Another Man's Room in a Tacoma Lodging House.

A KNIFE-WOUND IN THE NECK

Blood Spattered on the Wall and the Floor Stained Red—Nobody Can Identify the Murdered Man—Stupid Officials.

TACOMA, Jan. 2.—[Special Telegram.]—A murder resulting in mystery the discovered Grant Lyon case occurred last night at the Union house, a large three-story and a half frame structure standing on the crease at Jefferson Pacific. The proprietor, George G. Morgan, lately moved in with his family. The murdered man is a total stranger and the case is surrounded by many curious and mysterious circumstances.

The body was found lying in another room. Nobody saw the murdered man enter the lodging house. It is not known when he came in, and nobody so far as can be learned, has been found who had the slightest idea of his identity. The corpse was found at 10 o'clock this morning by Cora Hochstein, a girl who does the work in room 10, which is on the fourth floor, off at the passageway at the head of the stairs. Directly across the blind passage is room 11, which is unoccupied. There are one or two other rooms next by Miss Hotchkin knocked at the door. Receiving no response, she opened it part way.

At first glance she banged the door shut and ran screaming down stairs with horror written on her face. The body lay in a diagonal direction from the door with the feet almost against it, having opened. This is the way C. C. Grant lay when left murdered by a dastard. Just as he fell he rank in lodging house. The head lay over near the south wall of the room, the door opening from the west side of the room.

THE FLOOR SOAKED WITH BLOOD.

The eye stared wide open. The face was besmeared with blood. The straw matting which covered the floor was thoroughly soaked with the red fluid. The base boards and wall were besprinkled in red and at the base of the neck was a black, gaping wound made by a knife or a pistol ball. The bed had no drop of blood on the white sheets or any part of it. In the center of it lay a blood piece. The corpse had on a working blouse and a colored flannel shirt only. The rest of the body was bare. There was blood on the bottom of his feet. Over in one corner lay a brown coat and a light colored broad brimmed felt hat. A pair of blue overalls lay on a chair near the head of the bed.

SOME VERY GOOD CLUES.

A curious feature of the case is this: Last Saturday night a young man named Fred Sisson who works on the first floor had a gold watch and $30 taken from his room. This watch was found this morning on the floor near the body of the unknown corpse. The dead man was evidently a laborer. Aside from the new rags he may be a case of suicide though all the circumstances now known point to murder.

Room 10 has not been occupied by a young man named Miller. He has generally kept reasonable hours, but Wednesday came in very early in the morning and slept until about 2 P. M. Since that time he has not been seen.

It is claimed that other lodgers heard a scuffling in the room last night, but no sound of firearms.

STILL OFFICERS AND POLICE.

Coroner McCoy is pursuing his usual methods for suppressing information and has had the body sealed up and threatens the undertaker with arrest if he permits anyone to view the remains for the purpose of identification.

The police, too, are stupidly pursuing the same tactics that has heretofore resulted in unmanageable failure, and are working on the theory that the murderer imagines his crime will go unsuspected until he voluntarily writes a card to the newspapers explaining how the deed was done.

THE SUPPOSED MURDERER CAPTURED.

LATER.—The police to-night accidentally stumbled over Harry Miller, the man who rented and occupied room 10 and who is suspected of having murdered the stranger. He had been lying in the city jail since 8 o'clock this morning and was booked under his right name for carrying concealed weapons. A few minutes before that he had disappeared after the murder must have been committed. Miller, who was in excited, got into a quarrel on Pacific avenue, drew his revolver and was arrested. One chamber of the pistol had been recently fired. A dirk knife was also found on his person together with a lot of Seattle pawn tickets.

Miller had been here several months and has not been known to do a day's work in all that time.

Notwithstanding the overwhelming circumstantial evidence against him he is booked on the charge of stealing the watch found in his room. There has been no effort to find the bullet in the dead man to see if it corresponds with the caliber of the pistol found on the prisoner and Coroner McCoy still persists in keeping the body hermetically sealed, and refuses any persons for purposes of identification. He also declines to state when the coroner's jury will hold a session, and hopes the newspapers will not comment on the matter, for fear the murderer may hear some one has been killed.

STEAMBOATS SUFFER FROM DROUTH.

Unable to Get Fresh Water During the Cold Snap on the Sound.

TACOMA, Jan. 1.—[Special Telegram.]—Yesterday and to-day a great deal of trouble has been caused by the scarcity of fresh water for steam purposes on the steamboats of the Sound. The scarcity has been caused by the freezing of the pipes carrying water to and from the reservoirs. Advices were received by the Pacific Navigation Company that the steamer W. K. Merwin is over bound at Fairhaven as are also the ferryboats plying between that town and Schome and Whatcom. The Fairhaven it is expected also will be tied up as she carries no condenser and did not nearly water enough aboard to take her homeward trip. The Umatilla would have left both ways for the same cause but her captain does not anticipate having to do up as he owns one reservoir himself that is well protected from cold and if necessary, will carry water enough from this source of supply to make his run. To-day in the reservoirs belonging to the Northern Pacific railroad there were only three inches of water. These reservoirs are supposed to furnish all the steamboats that make this port with water, but at present one boat would take the whole supply.

The water question can be solved in only one way, and that is that every boat will have to put in a condenser and use salt water. Many of the boatmen realize this fact and have already sent East for the apparatus.

CHILLY WEATHER AT OLYMPIA.

Legislators Too Slow to Catch the Chinook—New Hotel in Trouble.

OLYMPIA, Jan. —[Special Telegram.]—It has been snowing all day and has been cold. The average Olympian would rather see the street with his head drawn between his shoulders and his teeth clattering like a pair of castanets. The grippe they say is contagious and the probabilities are the solons will catch it in the back end next week when they get back, but even that will be better than the raw, biting blasts coming from their constituents in the form of Skookum Tillicums on the great Sandless Desert. Now the lawmakers do not get out and get a good up one side and down the other, but "scoot" hastily from their hotel to the capitol and back again. Even the lobbyists have drawn in their horns and keep down below the hollyhocks and get down to work in a few days. Them as does don't know what it is to legislate and make laws. There are a few members of the House about town and others are arriving and by to-morrow quite a large contingent is expected. It seems to be the sentiment among those on the ground that the House will be in favor of taking up the code and finishing it, if it takes all summer. Every member heard of has his pockets full of bills suggested by the people at home and the probabilities are that there will be an avalanche of this kind the first few days of the session.

The new Olympia Hotel has gotten into hot water. There is going to be some lawsuits and delays and it is not probable that the place will be opened for business this winter.

SHOT HIS COUSIN DEAD

Sad Accident in Target Practice Just Opposite Albany.

ALBANY, Or., Jan. 2.—[Special Telegram.]—A distressing shooting accident occurred yesterday across the river, in Benton county. A party of young men were engaged in a shooting match. Otto Stone, son of H. M. Stone, a well known bridgebuilder, had fired at the target, which was placed upon an old wagon. He then went around behind the wagon to note the effect of the shot. George Tharp, who was next to shoot, did not observe Stone's whereabouts, and fired at the target with his rifle.

The ball passed through the target board and struck young Stone in the breast, killing him instantly. Tharp and Stone were cousins, and the former is almost crazed over his carelessness.

A SCHOONER UPSIDE DOWN.

The Dearborn, From Port Blakeley, Sighted North of the Columbia.

ASTORIA, Jan. 2.—[Special Telegram.]—A telegram has been received from Seattle stating that the schooner Dearborn, from Port Blakely, had been seen bottom upward north of the Columbia river.

News from Salem.

SALEM, Jan. 2.—[Special Telegram.]—Samuel Norton, a tramp, broke into a second-hand store this morning after the men had gone to work, but was seen by the Chinaman who gave word to their foreman, and he went to the section house and at the point of a revolver marched the tramp to Jefferson and turned him over to Marshal S. R. Critchlow. Recorder A. W. Bowersock found him over in $200, and he went to jail in default.

James Smith, an ex-convict, was arrested last night on a charge of receiving stolen property, knowing it to be stolen. He was bound over in the sum of $500. Smith bought stolen goods from Hibbert, who escaped from the penitentiary to-day.

George Robertson, the trusty who escaped from prison yesterday, was captured this morning when about to board an overland train. He acts peculiarly, and gave as a reason for leaving that he wanted to make New Year's calls.

Articles of incorporation were to-day filed in the secretary of state's office by the Southern Oregon Telegraph & Telephone Company, to build a telegraph and telephone line from Grant's Pass to Crescent City. Cal. Incorporators J. A. Brown, J. W. Hayes and J. T. Flynn; capital stock, $50,000; principal office, Grant's Pass.

S. O. Wallace, Johnson, A. C. Timmons, R. J. Hughes, Day & Steel, Portland; John Campbell, Vancouver; Columbia county, and James A. Colden, Nashville, were appointed notaries public.

Railroad Improvements at Tacoma.

TACOMA, Jan. 2.—[Special Telegram.]—John Forbes, the recently appointed building inspector, has commenced his duties, and says if the council will stand by him he will as soon as possible see that the owners of hotels, lodging houses and saloons immediately construct adequate and suitable fire escapes. He will serve all architects in Tacoma with copies of the building ordinance so that they may hereafter provide for fire escapes in drawing their plans. He will also insist on stand pipes for hose purposes being put into the structures already erected as required by ordinance.

Tacoma & Point Defiance Railroad.

TACOMA, Jan. 2.—[Special Telegram.]—Surveyors are now engaged in running a line from the terminus of the Tacoma & Lake City railroad, in section 36 to Point Defiance and the smelter. If a satisfactory grade can be obtained for such a road work will be commenced as soon as rights of way can be secured and a standard gauge track put down. This road will be two and a half miles long and be a branch of the Tacoma & Lake City railway.

Funeral of Unit M. Taisin.

SEATTLE, Jan. 2.—[Special Telegram.]—The funeral services of the late Attorney Unit M. Rail in who died Tuesday, were held this morning at the undertaking establishment. Members of the bar association and a large number of friends were in attendance. The pall bearers were ex-Chief Justice Burke, Colonel C. J. Haines, Sheriff J. H. McGraw, Judge T. H. Cann and R. T. Blaine. The remains were interred in Masonic cemetery.

Walla Walla News Notes.

WALLA WALLA, Jan. 2.—[Special Telegram.]—Hon. Thomas H. Brents who was taken severely ill recently at Colfax, and was brought home is very sick.

The Douglas Turner rape case has been postponed on account of the illness of Prosecuting Attorney Clark.

The annual charity ball will be given here Thursday next.

Poor Mail Service a Calamity.

LA GRANDE, Jan. 2.—[Special Telegram.]—The New Year's edition of THE OREGONIAN did not come by mail yesterday evening, and hence the regular subscribers did not get their paper and were much disappointed. A few copies were received by express, and only favorable comments were heard from those who were fortunate enough to get a copy.

Three Cable Loads in Seattle.

SEATTLE, Jan. 2.—[Special Telegram.]—Two Hamilton Corliss engines of 200 horse power each have arrived for the Mail son street railway. The engines will be placed in position immediately and cars will be running on the road in about four weeks. Seattle will then have three cable roads in operation.

Judge Calkins Will Remain to Freeman's Accession.

TACOMA, Jan. 2.—[Special Telegram.]—Judge Calkins emphatically denies the report that he had withdrawn from the contest for the United States judgeship. "I am not going to the man to accept the attorneyship of a railroad company. I am and however, to remove to Tacoma on the 1st of February."

Little Girl Fatally Scalded.

MILTON, Or., Jan. 2.—Minnie, the little daughter of Noah Miller while capering about the room at childish glee fell backwards into a tub of hot suds which was standing on the floor. Her back and lower limbs were severely scalded and the doctors say that there is not much chance for her recovery.

Montana Mine Sold.

BUTTE, Mont., Jan. 2.—Superintendent Couch to-day completed the purchase for the Boston & Montana Co. of the Badger State mine in the district, for $5,000.

Ample Proof of Insanity.

CARSON, Nev., Jan. 2.—[Special Telegram.]—Today Frank Craven, a miner, confined in the county jail on a charge of insanity, attempted suicide by beating his head against the wall. His skull was fractured and he is not expected to live. He was widely known throughout Nevada.

Smashed His Enemy With an Ax.

PRESCOTT, Ariz., Jan. 2.—[Special Telegram.]—John J. Tool and William Collins, ranchers living three miles from this city, had a dispute this afternoon. Collins jumped off a load of hay he was on and Tool struck him on the head with an ax. Collins will probably die. Tool is in jail.

Atlantic Ocean Travel.

For rates and steamer reservations call at Northern Pacific ticket office, No. 121 First street, corner Washington.

BEECHAM'S PILLS cure biliousness and nervous ills.

M'ALISTER'S OWN BALL.

The Four Hundred and Invited Friends Attended.

DIAMONDS AND ELECTRIC LIGHTS

The Astors and Vanderbilts Extend Homage to Their King—Police Dared Not Forbid Champagne to Flow.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—All is in progress to-night at the Metropolitan Opera house. The chief event of the evening is Ward McAllister's ball, to whom is credited the statement that New York society consists of only 400.

Last April McAllister was ordered to vacate unhappier because Mr. Fish ousted him from the management of the great Centennial ball. Then Mr. McAllister said he would get up a ball of his own at some time to demonstrate how much more select it could be and to-night's affair is the outgrowth of that determination.

The money was raised by subscriptions from the Astors, Vanderbilts, Depews, Morgans, Livingstons, Goelets, Hewitts, Coopers, Clewses, Corbins and many others of the four hundred.

McAllister's ideas were being worked out smoothly when suddenly there came a horrible intimation that he would be threatened with a flood of policemen in the supper room to prevent the use of wine after 1 A. M. Argument was brought to bear, however, with the result that the corporation counsel to-day notified the police that the ball was a private affair and the guests had a right to drink wine all night if they wanted to where upon the police board notified him to see to it that keep hands off and permit the 5,000 quarts of champagne which had been purchased to be drunk at leisure.

Invitations were issued to each subscriber with permission to invite seven friends, consequently the number enabled to be present was 1,750. The opera house was decorated in the most elaborate manner with rich hangings of silk and floral display.

It was the handsomest decoration the Metropolitan opera house has ever seen. All along the corridors and staircases were trees of tropical growth, shrubs of rare culture and bloom, and flowers while incandescent lights were present everywhere save in the dim dark vault above the suspended canopy of green, perfumed foliage. Music echoed the air and music floated from unexpected sources, the orchestra being hidden.

The patronesses of the ball included Mrs. William Astor, Mrs. Delancey Kane, Mrs. Elliott Roosevelt, Mrs. Frederick Schuyler and Mrs. George Peabody Wetmore. They are said at 10 o'clock and were received by Cornelius Vanderbilt, Byron Stevens and Ward McAllister, and shown to a position where they should receive the guests.

At 12 o'clock the dancing floor was astir with promenaders and soon after dancing began with a quadrille d'honneur.

Supper was served in a roomy here 1,000 might sit. The lady patronesses were presiding over the inside of the building. When the second ball will being filled nearly everybody rose, and paraded and strolling.

Suddenly one side of the plaza commenced to give way. A rush followed, which helped to bring about the fall of the structure. The collapse precipitated the inmates to the ground, ten to twenty-five feet below. Hundreds were buried beneath the debris among them many ladies of the best families. The crowd in other parts of the building numbering several thousand became panic-stricken and fell and trampled on one another.

The bull fighters were also seized with fear and made an exit with the bull closely following. The unfortunate victims were finally released. Many physicians were called and the wounded attended to. The number of wounded will reach into the hundreds but no one were fatally hurt.

WHAT DOM PEDRO LOST.

Brazilian Crown Jewels Worth $1,500,000 Are Lost.

NEW YORK, Jan. —[Special Telegram.]—Rio de Janeiro newspapers of December 5 contain an official list of the property of Dom Pedro constituted by the provisional government as follows: Silverware in the palace at Petropolis, $60,000; jewels of the empress, $60,000; Dom Pedro's personal jewels, $80,000; crown jewels, $500,000; royal carriages and stables, $70,000; furniture of the palace, $50,000; museum and library, $100,000; 100 horses used at the royal farm for paupers, value not given.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—The Brazilian minister has received Rio Janeiro papers to December 5 in which are given details of the inventory recently taken of imperial property. The crown jewels, as well as those belonging to the emperor, empress and other members of the imperial household were deposited in the treasury vaults subject to the orders of the emperor. Minister Valente expressed surprise that some American newspapers seem to be still under the impression that the provincial government has confiscated the property of the emperor.

THE MINERS STILL HAVE SKILLER.

A Sheriff Refused to Treat Them From Their Boy Is Lost in the Snow.

PENNSYLVANIA, Pa., Jan. 2.—The Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg Company were to-day successful in their efforts to get striking miners from their houses to-day. The sheriff further refused to act in the matter as the company discharged.

Superintendent Haskell declares that he will open the mines on Monday as they cost, and that the company will break it rather if it costs them a million dollars. The attempt to put new men in next Monday will be resisted and bloodshed may result as the Hungarians are desperate.

Elegant new dining cars, Pullman palace and free family sleeping cars run through on express trains to Denver, Omaha Council Bluffs, Kansas City, St. Louis and Chicago via Union Pacific railway. G. S. Taylor, city ticket agent, 81 First street, corner Oak.

SNOWPLOWS VERY BUSY.

Great Storm Along the Central Pacific—South in California Raging.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 2.—Special Telegram.—The snowplows in the Sierra Pacific Railroad Company's hold out well during the use in keeping the line open, but nearly all trains are annulled. Early this morning a train attempted to go through, but was compelled to return.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 2.—Special Telegram.—The Truckee line is practically blocked. The first train for over 24 hours and the Oregon train three hours late on account of the storm. The southern train from Mojave was an hour late.

SAN DIEGO, Jan. —The first train in seven days from Los Angeles arrived this morning. The bridge at Rivera has been repaired and trains will run regularly after to-morrow.

CALIFORNIA NEWS ITEMS.

The Widow Cotton Loses Her Suit.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 2.—The case of Mrs. D. O. Colton against Leland Stanford, C. P. Huntington and others which attracted much public attention during its trial before the superior court several years ago, was decided by the supreme court to-day in favor of the defendants. General D. O. Cotton was formerly associated with Stanford and others in the ownership and control of the Central Pacific railroad and a number of other extensive enterprises, involving millions of dollars of capital. General Colton died in October, 1878, and about a year later a settlement was made between Mrs. Colton and the parties who had been associated with her husband in the railroad enterprises. An agreement was signed by all the parties at the time the settlement was made, but about two years afterwards Mrs. Colton claimed to have discovered many errors in the calculations upon which the agreement had been based and in May, 1882 she commenced suit against Stanford and others for revision of the agreement on the ground that it had been procured through false and fraudulent representations. The defendants in their answer denied the charges of fraud and asserted that Colton during his association with them had fraudulently appropriated to his own use large sums of money belonging to defendants. After a trial lasting nearly two years, judgment was rendered in favor of defendants. From this judgment Mrs. Colton appealed. The decision of the supreme court to-day affirms the judgment of the lower court and denies the motion for a new trial.

In passing upon the points used by plaintiff on the motion for a new trial the supreme court follows closely the reasoning and findings of Judge Temple. In fact that court does so fully sustained at every point. It is affirmed that Stanford, Huntington, Hopkins and Colton were not partners in a legal sense, but their relations as railroad builders and managers of corporations were of a confidential nature. Of the latter only. The Rich Hill colliery deed was held the trust relations within meaning of the code and Mrs. Colton may succeeded to his interests. She did not and could not have succeeded to the relations which her husband bore to the railroad magnates. As a matter of fact she did not depend on their statement of the condition of her husband's affairs, but she called in Samuel M. Wilson, a distinguished lawyer and friend, Texas, a skillful financier to procure a settlement. They expended six months in examining Colton's affairs and finally succeeded in effecting a compromise which Mrs. Colton accepted with her eyes open and by the advice of her advisers. The court pos their refuse to hold Judge Temple to rescind the agreement made as it was either on legal or equitable grounds. The opinion states that the plaintiff does not show that any fraud was perpetrated upon her. On the contrary, every facility for examining into the accounts of the railroad corporations managed by the deceased were given her agent. The court finds nothing either in the law pleadings or evidence upon which to grant a new trial.

The Grand Hotel in a Fire Scare.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 2.—[Special Telegram.]—Fire in the Grand hotel about 11 o'clock this morning caused great consternation. For several days past the occupants of some of the rooms on the second floor of the hotel have complained several times to the hotel office that smoke was coming up through the floors of the rooms. No particular attention was paid to the complaints until this morning when the lady occupants of room 229 discovered evidences of their room near the grate to be on fire. The fire patrol was soon on hand and extinguished the fire. The firemen had considerable difficulty in reaching the scene with hose, owing to the entrance being blocked. The firemen pronounced the hotel a fire trap and Fire Marshal Lowe found it necessary to censure Manager Thorn for permitting the exit to be used for storing purposes. The damage will reach about $500.

Fell to Death From the Rigging.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 2.—[Special Telegram.]—English Gorgeon, seaman on the ship Walsh, lying at this city from Departure Bay, fell from aloft last Sunday afternoon and received injuries which caused his death. When the vessel reached port this morning Captain Tomlinson turned the body over to the coroner.

Tried to Murder His Mistress.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 2.—Mateo Desanti an Italian fruit vender early this morning attempted to murder Rosa Medico, because she refused to live with him longer. He fired at her with a revolver, but she turned suddenly, and the bullet passed through her arm, breaking the bone. Desanti escaped, and has not been captured yet.

Good Work of the Newspapers.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 2.—[Special Telegram.]—Captain Garrett, convicted of debauching his daughter, was to-day sentenced to ten years in San Quentin prison, the limit of the law. He claims the conviction and heavy sentence are due to the influence of newspapers against him.

British Conquest of California.

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 2.—It is reported this evening that Governor Waterman through E. F. Spence, president of the Los Angeles National bank, had sold the celebrated Bonegyal mine, in this county, to a syndicate of English capitalists for $1,000,000.

The Williams Saloon Murder.

WILLIAMS, Col., Jan. 2.—E. D. Matheson, who was shot in a saloon here yesterday by Joseph Case, died this morning. The coroner's jury today charged Casey with willful murder.

Rush Weather on the Atlantic.

NEW YORK, Jan. —[Special Telegram.]—Captain Lord, of the British steamer Corona, which arrived to-day from Middleboro reports: "We experienced the roughest weather I have ever known. Up to December 17th we had a succession of furious gales. The ship was blown off into the Mediterranean, although going at full speed, and became unmanageable. We stopped the engines and used a plentiful supply of oil which materially aided in breaking the crests of the waves. However, we shipped one fearful sea which carried everything before it smashing one boat and damaging the others, washing away part of the flying bridge and injuring several of the crew. The engineer says that part of his sea fell down the funnel the top of which is fifty-three feet above water. The water came rushing through the tubes in such volume as nearly to put the fires out, and caused great commotion among the men below. On the 18th it blew a heavy gale and on the 20th the wind again attained the force of a hurricane. During the night we shipped a tremendous sea over the bows. It swept away everything in its way carrying the wreckage from the main deck over the bridge about twenty-five feet high and finally making its exit over the stern."

New Year's Greeting to Bismarck.

BERLIN, Jan. 2.—The *Reichs Anzeiger* says Emperor William has written a letter to Bismarck in which he extends the warmest New Year's congratulations and says: "The maintenance of peace abroad will strengthen the guarantee of tranquility at home." He expresses gratification at the completion of the work upon the insurance bill, which he says is an important step toward giving effect to the project for ameliorating the condition of the workingmen, which he has at heart. Hot this Bismarck for his self sacrificing, unwearying co-operation and says he hopes he may for many years be granted his faithful and well trained counsel in his difficult mission as ruler of Germany.

The Belgian Royal Library Saved.

BRUSSELS, Jan. —The report that the library in the royal palace at Laeken was burned yesterday proves to be unfounded. A number of important documents claiming to the Congo free state were destroyed. The queen's entire wardrobe was also burned. The queen and Princess Clementine are greatly prostrated.

Fifteen cases of the finest Laeken is estimated at $1,000,000. Some priceless statues have been destroyed. The table upon which Napoleon signed the decree of war against Russia was shattered.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

Tourist sleeping cars daily between Portland and Chicago. Twenty-five miles the shortest route and seven hours and thirty-six minutes in advance of competing lines. Call at 121 First street, corner Washington.

THE POPULAR MALADY

New York Physician Makes Light of the Awful Grippe.

A DELIRIOUS SUFFERER SUICIDES.

Lord Salisbury Much Better—Notable Deaths in Europe—Three Hundred Cases in Olympia—Scarlet Fever in Milton Or.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—[Special Telegram.]—Dr. George F. Shrady, editor of the *Medical Record*, in an article upon the epidemic of influenza says:

"There is now no doubt that influenza, or what is popularly known as la grippe has become epidemic in this city and is about ready to broadcast over the country. It is also quite evident that its general characteristics correspond with those noted in London in the prevailing type of influenza in Russia, Germany and France. For the first it is of such a mild type that save for its invasions of large districts and for the large numbers of persons attacked, it would scarcely be noticed in the category of human ills connected with the usual ones which occur during winter months marked by rapid and varied changes of temperature and humidity.

"Reports of the fatality of the disease as might have been expected have been very much exaggerated. Particularly does this remark apply to the alarming death rate in Paris. In point of fact, there is no disease with such a wide prevalence which has such a comparatively low mortality. In this country at least, there is yet to be reported the first case of death which can be laid to it pure and simple, attack of the disease. Even the serious complications are so few as scarcely to merit the recognition alongside of those which are constantly occurring with the usual diseases of the season. The after effects of the epidemic will doubtless be marked by a feeling of prostration more or less acute and a lowering of health. Previously robust persons will quickly rally while the feeble will require a stimulant and tonics for variable periods."

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—Flora Carroll, 38 years of age, mother of four children, flung herself from a third story window this morning while delirious from a violent attack of the grippe and met her death.

THE SQUADRON OF EVOLUTION ATTACKED.

TANGIER, Jan. 2.—The United States squadron is here. On the four vessels there are forty-eight cases of influenza.

PARIS, Jan. 2.—Commander William Swan Dana, U. S. N., is dead of pneumonia.

MADRID, Jan. 2.—Gayarco, the Spanish tenor, died to-day of influenza.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—Salisbury is up and about the house again.

60 CASES IN OLYMPIA.

OLYMPIA, Jan. 2.—[Special Telegram.]—Dr. Fitzhugh says there are about 60 cases of the grippe in Olympia and that the disease is where ing backaching but ness is on the increase.

MILTON, Or., Jan. 2.—Light cases of scarlet fever are reported in town. The doctors say no malignant cases have yet developed. The public schools have closed but the academy is still running.

WALLA WALLA, Jan. —[Special Telegram.]—The Pioneer hotel is quarantined here. Colonel Parker, Alfred Ricards and several others are confined to their homes.

CABLE NOTES.

Portugal Does Not Yield to England.

LISBON, Jan. 2.—At the opening of the cortes the king announced that the foreign relations of the kingdom were all that could be desired. He reviewed the progress made in the African colonies of Portugal. The king said: "The patriotic aspirations of Great Britain to extend her vast possessions in Africa have been met at several points by the fixed design of Portugal to maintain her authority over the regions the Portuguese were the first to discover and open to Christianity and commerce and where the Portuguese authorities have exercised jurisdiction and influence sufficient to ensure incontestable possession. My government will endeavor to convince the British government of our right, hoping to obtain an equitable adjustment of all legitimate interests."

Dr. Peters Dead at Last Accounts.

FRANKFORT, Jan. 2.—The Frankfort *Journal* has news from Lieutenant Tiet, who has arrived at Aden. He says that while on his way to join Peters he was six days with a severe illness. All his followers deserted except one personal attendant. Subsequently one of the deserters returned and told Tiet that at a point one day distant he had seen the murdered bodies of Peters and Tideman.

Steamer Ashore on the Corsican Coast.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—The Italian steamer Persia is ashore on the island of Corsica. She had 150 passengers on board when she went ashore. Six of them have been rescued, but the fate of the others is unknown. Boats from the shore are attempting to reach the vessel or render what assistance may be required.

The European Miners' Strikes.

BERLIN, Jan. 2.—The miners in Breslau have struck for eight hours and a third cut output, find higher wages. Masters and men are negotiating for a settlement.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 2.—The strike among the colliers is spreading. At Liege 1,500 miners have joined the movement.

Great Ocean Steamer Stranded.

LONDON, Jan. 4.—[Special Telegram.]—The British steamer Persian Monarch, from New York, Dec. 15, stranded at Woolwich Tuesday evening, after sinking a coal laden barge and breaking adrift and damaging the brig Dorothy.

Army Officers Nihilists.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 2.—Thirty-two officers have been arrested, charged with being members of a secret society, the object of which is to abolish the aristocracy and establish a constitutional monarchy.

Parnell Cited as Co-Respondent.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—A citation to appear as co-respondent in the suit for divorce brought by Captain O'Shea against his wife was received by Parnell to-day.

Ex-Champion Settler Dead.

HONOLULU, Jan. 2.—Settler, ex-champion oarsman, is dead.

Consumption avoided by checking colds with Kidd's Cough Syrup at all druggists.

MISS WADDEY REJOICES

Over Her Restoration to Health Under Dr. Darrin's Treatment—Other Wonderful Cures.

Editor Oregonian: I desire to say to the public that I suffered for years with catarrh, bronchitis and lack of appetite. Was treated by other physicians without being benefited. Finally took the electro magnetic treatment administered by Dr. Darrin and after two months' treatment gratefully say that he has effected a permanent cure.

MRS. WADDEY.

No. 8 Sherman street, Portland.

More Cures by Drs. Darrin.

Ed. Hynes, Albina—Catarrhal deafness, restored.

P. C. McFarland, Vancouver—Sciatica, rheumatism, cured.

George C. Scotten, Albina, Or.—Ringing noises in the ear and deafness, cured.

J. R. Cunningham, Walshill, Wasco county, Oregon, total deafness two years in one ear and partial system in the other, cured.

Mrs. J. L. Smith, Prineville, Oregon, nervous debility and general weakness, all cast bordering on insanity, restored.

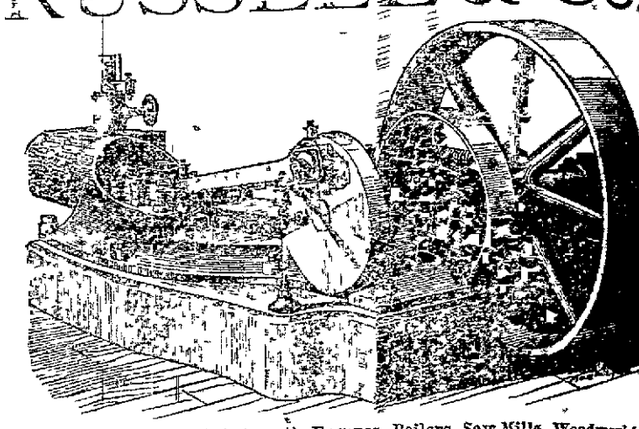
Benson McCoy, Dufur, Wasco county, Oregon, deafness and terrible pain in the ear and head for six months, until he was nearly crazy, restlessness and insomnia. Restored to health by electric by after all other treatments had failed.

Drs. Darrin's New Place of Business.

Drs. Darrin can be consulted free at the Washington building, corner of Washington and Fourth streets, Portland. Rooms 16, 17, 22 and 23, third floor. Ask the elevator boy for room 16. Office hours, from 10 to 4 o'clock daily, evenings, 7 to 8, Sundays, 10 to 12. All curable chronic diseases, loss of manhood, blood taints, syphilis, gleet, gonorrhea, stricture, spermatorrhea, seminal weakness, or loss of desire of sexual power, in man or woman, catarrh and deafness, are confidentially and successfully treated. Cures of private diseases guaranteed and never published in the papers. Most cases can receive home treatment after a visit to the doctors' office. Inquiries answered and circulars sent free. (Parties writing will please mention paper.)

EPPS'S COCOA.—For breakfast—A delicately flavored beverage made simply with boiling water or milk. 1s1y

RUSSELL & Co.



Builders of High-Speed Automatic Engines, Boilers, Saw Mills, Woodworking Machinery, etc. Complete catalogue mailed free on application. 160-2-4-6 Front St., Portland, Oregon.

[illegible]

In order to avoid misunderstandings we wish it distinctly understood that no "bluts" will be offered. Everything reduced in like proportion. We have procured, for this sale an immense line of assorted samples from the well-known importing house of Mills & Gibbs, New York, which we offer for 50c on the dollar. Among them will be found Ladies', Children's and Men's Hosiery and Underwear, Ladies' Corsets, Gloves, Pillow Shams, Silk Tidies, Fancy Table Covers, Chenille Portieres, Lace Curtains, Fascinators, Knit Goods, Shawls, Splashers, Tray Cloths, Linen Scarfs, Fancy Towels, Fans and Knit Skirts.

READ THIS PRICE LIST.

5500 yards double width, all wool Fancy Zephyr Dress Plaids, reduced from 50c to 30c.

3750 yards extra heavy 38 inch all wool New Stripes, very stylish, reduced from 65c to 42½c.

10 pieces Genuine Scotch Plaids, 50 inch, reduced from $1 to 45c.

5000 yards Cable Serge, 48 inch only 20c.

500 super Fancy Table Covers, from 75c up.

530 pair 10-4 White Blankets, double only $1 25.

960 Bed Comforts, large size, 75c and 90c.

100 pair 11-4 size, all-wool White Blankets, $4 50.

It would be impossible to enumerate the different lines of goods and prices. Besides the above items it would be well to remember that our Black Dress Goods cannot be excelled by any house on the Pacific Coast, and will be reduced in proportion to other goods.

Mahler & McDonald

161, 163 Third Street, corner Morrison.

During this sale Ladies' and Children's Cloaks will be sold regardless of cost.

SALESMAN.—Yes, this is the stove you inquired for. As you say, it does not look exactly like the one your mother recommended you to buy, and which she thinks so much of, but this is *Charter Oak Range*. We have the Cook Stoves of the same make but the Ranges are used more generally now as they are more convenient. How long has your mother had her stove?

YOUNG MARRIED LADY.—Oh! ever so long. She bought it when I was a baby, and has been using it ever since and she told me I must get the same kind.

SALESMAN.—Well this is the same kind. That is, it is a Charter Oak, but you must remember that twenty years is a long time, and improvements have been made since your mother got hers. This Range has the wonderful *Hire Centre Oven Door*, which you have probably heard of, as it is known and sold everywhere in connection with our Stoves and Ranges.

YOUNG MARRIED LADY.—Oh! I remember now. She spoke about that, but I can't understand why that should make it so much better than our old stove, as that was as good as it could be.

SALESMAN.—There is no doubt about its being much better, it is a wonderful improvement. It bakes everything so much nicer and the meats are not dried up like they are in the old fashioned tight ovens. Why, a steak can be broiled on that oven as perfectly as over a charcoal fire, and the natural juices of the meat, which make it so appetizing, will all be retained. It is just the same with roast meats. Of course it is needless for me to speak of its other good qualities, as your mother's advice has made that unnecessary.

YOUNG MARRIED LADY.—Well, of course, I will take it. Please have it put up as soon as you can, as we have no stove yet. We are just commencing housekeeping, you know.

C. O. MADANTZ, Dealer in Stoves and Hardware, Portland, Oreg.

Carries a full line of the *Charter Oak Cook Stoves and Heaters*. Dealers can save time and get the benefit of Car Load rates of freight by ordering from him.

EXCELSIOR MFG. CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.

THERE ARE MANY USES FOR SAPOLIO.

To clean tombstones. To polish knives. To clean dishes. To renew oil cloth. To scrub floors. To whiten marble. To renovate paint. To wash out sinks. To remove rust. To brighten metals. To scour bathtubs. To scour kettles.

EVERYBODY USES IT.

Dentists to clean false teeth. Surgeons to polish instruments. Confectioners to clean pipes. Mechanics to brighten their tools. Cooks to clean the kitchen sink. Painters to clean off surfaces. Engineers to clean parts of machines. Milliners to renovate old shapes. Barbers to clean razors and combs. Artists to clean off pictures. Wheelmen to clean bicycles. Housemaids to scrub the marble floors. Chemists to remove some stains. Carvers to sharpen their knives. Shrewd ones to scour old & new tools. Soldiers to brighten their arms. Housekeepers to clean carpets.

EVERY ONE FINDS A NEW USE.

INEBRIETY. COCKLE'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS

Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea or in articles of food, without the knowledge of the patient, is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. IT NEVER FAILS. Over 100,000 drunkards have been made temperate men who have taken Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day believe they quit drinking of their own free will. 48-page book of particulars free.

SNELL, HEITSHU & WOODARD, Agts., Portland.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY. FORTIFY BILF INDIGESTION, ETC. Free from Mercury containing only Pure Vegetable Ingredients. Agents—LANGLEY & MICHAELS, San Francisco.

The Specific A No. 1.

YOUNG MEN!

Cures positively, without fail all cases of Gonorrhœa and Chronic Gleet, no matter of how long standing; causes a stricture to be as natural as before. Only Cure guaranteed. Sold by all leading druggists. Price $3. Take no other.

SNELL, HEITSHU & WOODARD, Wholesale Agents, Portland.

WEAK MEN MADE STRONG. Men suffering from LOST VIGOR, NERVOUS DEBILITY, PREMATURE DECLINE, KIDNEY OR BLADDER DISEASE, ETC., resulting from indiscretions, exposure, etc., CURED without stomach medicines. Sealed treatise free upon application. Address THE MARSTON CO., 19 PARK PLACE, NEW YORK.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills

Are acknowledged by thousands of persons who have used them for over forty years to cure RICK HEADACHE, GIDDINESS, CONSTIPATION, Torpid Liver, Weak Stomach, Pimples, and Impure Blood.

FOR THE FINEST GLASS OF BEER IN THE city, go to Frank Keller, First and Pine sts.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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CHINA AND JAPAN TRADE.

Demand for Pacific Coast Flour and Lumber in Those Countries.

How England Maintains Her Extensive Trade There—Only Two Small Steamship Lines Competing From This Coast.

During the past year this trade has not materially increased nor has it extended into any new channels, although there are many into which it might be carried. There is no doubt that the Pacific coast is just as well able to furnish a large portion of the goods exported to-day from the United States to those countries as the Eastern States. Those unacquainted with it might naturally ask in what way this can be done. At present our only shipments of any extent are flour and lumber.

THE FLOUR TRADE.

In the former we have been slowly gaining a footing. It has been slow because the inhabitants of those countries move in that way. A Chinaman claims that what has been good enough for his forefathers is good enough for him. The brand of flour which he has been using for the past twenty years is good enough to-day, without trying a new one. This is the force of their argument. It will thus be seen that to go into their territory and push the products of a new country, unknown to them, is no easy undertaking. It has been found by those attempting it, that it can only be done at a sacrifice, and therefore few who are willing to undergo that sacrifice with nothing but the hope of a future benefit in return. The Oregon flour trade with China and Japan for the past two years has not been a paying one to those who have been engaged in it. The flour has been sold in this city, San Francisco and China at prices, that would barely pay for the wheat that made it. In England, to-day, the Oregon flour stands more than equal with California, while in China there is a difference of from 50 to 80 cents per barrel in the values of the two. Every one who knows the flour is well aware that there is not a difference of 5 cents per barrel in the actual value. In fact many of the mills in California have used the Oregon wheat to make flour for the China market. No one can realize more strongly the value of the brand well introduced, than the Pacific coast miller can by visiting those countries. It has only been through persistent, yes, determined effort, on the part of several of the millers in this state and territory that they have been able to keep up the business at all. San Francisco, during the past year, has been shipping extensively that way. Their flour is so well known that they have been able at all times to get an advantage in those markets. Certainly no one can complain of the freight charges in force between this country and Yokohama and Hong Kong. To transport flour by steamer 7000 miles for $3 75 per ton, must be considered as getting full value. Were it possible to ship the products of the mills to England, by steamer, on the same basis, it would revive the trade and bring it back to the flourishing times of ten years ago.

THE LUMBER TRADE.

The lumber trade, although continually growing in the north of China, finds its way nearly all to Puget Sound mills. Why so? One would suppose that those on the Columbia river were equally able to compete for this trade, but it is not so. For some reason, best known to themselves, the Chinese have an idea that the longer the stick the better the lumber, and were it possible to get them out 150 feet long, and charge them three prices for it, that would suit their ideas. It is presumed that they hold the notion that to splice a timber is to weaken it, and that all long timbers required must be sawn without a break. For this class of lumber there has been quite a large demand during the past season, and the prices obtained have been quite satisfactory. The Columbia river has only been able to send forward two small cargoes, out of some twelve or fifteen required, and these, owing to their short lengths, have not brought as high prices as those from Puget Sound. There is no doubt that there is a growing market for lumber, and, with the railroads now proposed to be built, they will draw largely from this coast. It is to be hoped that the Columbia river mills will make an effort to get a share of this trade.

HOW TO EXTEND THE TRADE.

What other products might be sent there? Shanghai, in the north of China, suffers considerable from cold weather in winter, and the demand for American stoves is daily growing. Why could they not be sent from here? Oregon has now her own iron works; there is no limit to the *coal* products of the state; and there certainly could be a saving of three months' time, by ships sailing from this coast over those from the Eastern states. Foundries will be a necessity when the railroads begin. Our pig iron ought to find its way there. Sash, doors and window frames are used extensively, but the Pacific coast, with all her lumber, lies quietly by, while the Eastern states fill the requirements. It is true, England and Germany, cater for the wants of those countries, each of them subsidizing their lines of steamers. The P. & O. line, of England, which at present is running a steamer about every week under a thirteen knot contract with the British government, lands her mails there promptly on time and is able to carry freight at lower rates, though the large Fonts it receives from the government. Hong Kong to-day claims to be third largest shipping port in the world, while Shanghai, which is a much harder port to enter than Portland Oregon, has never less than from twenty to forty large British or German steamers lying at anchor, or alongside their wharves, loading or discharging cargoes.

SUBSIDIZE STEAMSHIP LINES

Could the United States congress see the business of those countries, handled as it is by the ships and steamers of England and Germany, they would wake up to a realization of the fact that this country plays but a very small part in the commercial shipping business of the world. It is not because the United States is unable to do it. There is everything in this country to enable them to take and hold it, but it is simply a short-sighted policy, unworthy of our statesmen and entirely at variance with our claims as an enterprising nation, that stands in the way. The fact that the only American steamship company on the Pacific coast which is stretching out for foreign business has been compelled to go to England to have its steamers built in order to carry the United States mail to those countries, ought to bring a blush of shame on our congress. The Pacific Mail Steamship Company, which for many years past has enjoyed a large passenger trade between this country and China, using American-built steamers for that purpose, is now withdrawing them and substituting British bottoms. Had it received a subsidy equal to that which other countries pay for such service, there is no doubt eight large American ships, in place of the British, would be running there to-day. It is a fact that not less than one steamer cargo per day, for every day in the year, of foreign goods, enters the ports of Hong Kong or Shanghai. Fifty a trade of 3000 tons a day of general merchandise, wherein one American steamer enters a month, as against twenty-nine British, German and French steamers, and we can realize our position as a nation in that trade. A few years ago Henry Villard, thinking he could extend the business of the Northern Pacific railroad to those countries, sent a representative over to look the matter up. It is said that he returned to practically convince him that there was nothing in it, every foot of the field was already occupied by the steamers running from San Francisco. How far his judgment was correct only now be seen. At that time the Pacific Mail and the Oriental and Occidental S. S. companies, under join arrangements, were running eight steamers, one every ten days. They were doing a large business, and ask that was giving them immense profits. The passenger trade alone, in some cases, would almost pay for the ship on the round voyage. The Canadian Pacific, after being completed, realized that these were an opening here and that the trade could be further extended, and they were not long in getting to work. Placing three old Atlantic steamers on the line, they have for nearly three years run them on time, and, to all appearances, have made money from the start. The tea trade, which until that time had nearly all gone by steamer, direct from these countries to New York, making it a long and expensive voyage, is being gradually changed to the Pacific coast, thence overland to the Eastern cities. While it may never be possible to compete with the direct steamer service to New York it is quite possible to furnish all the tea required, between Chicago and the Pacific coast. That alone is more than any one line of steamers could carry, and, if properly handled, there is no doubt that the trade can gradually be taken away from the direct steamers and brought this way. The whole trade is yet in its infancy and there is no doubt that with two or three lines competing, it will yet reach immense proportions. When one realizes the fact that as good time can be made from Hong Kong to England via the Pacific coast, across the American continent and across the Atlantic, as can be made through India and Suez canal route, or by direct steamer from either of these ports to England, it will be seen that it would not be any great feat to take tea from those countries to England across this way. With so many transcontinental railroads now reaching from the Atlantic to the Pacific, there is no doubt that when they come to realize the extent of this trade, some of them will turn their attention to it, and that in place of two steamer lines from the Pacific coast to China, a few years will see four or five competing for the trade.

THE RICE TRADE.

It is only within the past few years that Japan has commenced shipping her rice to the United States. Heretofore, most of it has gone to Europe. Last year a representative of the government came through this way to look the matter over. It may not be generally known, but it is nevertheless a fact, that the Japan government handles a very large portion of the rice crop of the country. The taxes are paid in rice, and hence the government has to find an outlet for it. Their exports amount to thousands of tons. What has been shipped to the Pacific coast is of a very fine quality, and takes well with the trade. It certainly cannot fail to find its way largely into the United States. It is not unlikely that the Japan government, through some representatives, may, before long, erect one or two rice mills on the Pacific coast and bring their rice to this country in the paddie. It will be quite a saving in the duty, and prove a valuable addition to the enterprises on this coast. In that country rice is all cleaned by manual labor in a most primitive way. There is a mill now in operation in Victoria, which, it is claimed, is giving a handsome return to the proprietors. In addition to the tea and rice there is a very large freight in silk, and the United States in return have for a number of years exported quite largely in cotton goods, principally to the north of China. Whether our present interference and exclusion of the Chinese will restrict this line of business, is yet to be seen. Another year or two will tell.

THE OREGON PACIFIC.

What It Will Do in the Way of Development for Harney Valley.

We learn from THE MORNING OREGONIAN that 1000 men are still at work on this road in the Cascade mountains, says the Harney valley *Items* and that tracklaying has reached to within fifteen miles of the summit. It is expected that the summit will be reached before work is abandoned the present winter. The present contractors will take another contract for 100 miles from the summit eastward, on which contract work will be commenced in the early spring and pushed to completion as rapidly as men and money can do it. A private letter from high authority notifies a citizen of Burns that if a practicable route can be found by way of Burns, grading will be going on in the vicinity of this town next fall. This official also states the policy of the officials is to remove difficult obstacle rather than make the great detour down Silver creek. The latter referred to also state that as soon in the spring as practicable, competent engineers will be sent to ascertain as to whether or not the route referred to is practicable. One of the directors, who has been over this route, thinks the road will be run from Burns direct to Crane creek.

It has been true of all new countries that railroads have very largely governed the location of towns, and in all probability this country will not be an exception to the rule. If, as is now anticipated by the company, the road comes to Burns, there will be two important towns in Harney valley. One of these towns will be where the road enters the valley, and the other where it leaves the valley. The people of this country, as in all other new countries, will sooner or later see that nature has made points to be improved, and unless nature has done something it will be utterly impossible for the people to make a town with their energy and this capital.

We have noticed in our own state of Oregon, where thirty years ago rival towns were started by enterprising men, and after a quarter of a century of worry and strife one of the points had to succumb to the inevitable. Hence, it ought to be clearly seen by the casual observer that a middle aged man in Harney valley, away from the possibility of a railroad, cannot reasonably expect to live to see a town of any consequence, even though the friends of such place continue to spend their time and means in working against the great odds that are against them. Harney valley is large enough to support a number of towns, but, of course, it will require years and years to build a town where there are no natural advantages. Nine out of ten of the business men who visit Harney valley in search of a location will see at a glance that Burns has the advantage over all other places in respect to natural location.

LUMBERING IN WASHINGTON.

The Old Fashioned Way Compared to Present Improved Methods.

Fifteen years ago says the Seattle *Press*, all logs were drawn from the woods to the water across pieces of timber called "skids," set in the ground similar to the manner of the railroad ties, though laid further apart. The only means then, of pulling the logs, was with oxen, the number of which depended upon the scale upon which the business was being conducted.

Prior to this, the old fashioned "hand logging" was resorted to and was of course extremely slow, except where the timber claim was close to water. Washington did not then export as much lumber as it does now.

During the period of the "skid" method it was necessary for one man to follow the team, between the logs and the oxen, bucket and swab in hand, and he would lubricate the "skid" with oil so that the logs would slip easily.

"Hand logging" was begun in Washington shortly after the gold excitement in California, about the year 1850. The first scene of operations was on Hood's canal, whose sloping banks lent the aid of gravitation to the woodsman, whose brawny muscle was strained against the "cant-hook."

In this way the camp needed but a small crew, which consisted of a chopper, a sawyer, a swamper, a cook and a "boss." Thus many a stick of Washington timber found its way to the mills during the early days of the pioneer lumbermen.

As with the settlement of the country the demand for lumber became more extensive it became necessary to enlarge the capacity of lumbering institutions to supply the growing demand. Every prosperous logger now built "skid" roads, secured an ox team and employed a crew of from ten to fifteen men. Operations were continued in this manner for twenty-five years, the scene of operations being principally the network of small streams which ultimately find their way to the Sound.

Subsequent improvements, in the *modus operandi*, have been the substitution of "sawing down" for "chopping down;" the building of corduroy roads, and the invention of Blackman Bros.' in lieu of the old "skid" road. Plank track was invented in the year 1853 by A. B. Cheney, who at that time was lumbering on Blackman's lake, Snohomish county.

The cars consist of custom trucks running upon a wooden track, and are built of heavy timber, and drawn by horses, mules or oxen.

Although the very latest improvement is the substitution of the steam locomotive for the oxen, the only locomotive engine in the country that runs upon iron, instead of wood rails, the latter being superseded by the increase of speed.

And this is the present mode of lumbering in Washington. He who chances to cross the state must not be surprised should he notice frequent "spurs" running off into the timber. An actual logging train is the climax of all improvements in the work.

With all his invention it is no wonder that the lumber output of Washington is many times greater now than it was twenty-five years ago.

FINANCE AND TRADE

THURSDAY, Jan. 2.

FINANCIAL—Clearances, $123,792 31; balances, $64,294 99.

Merchandise received or soon to arrive by rail: 4 cars machinery, 95 castings, 84 bbls molasses, 10 bbls sugar, 60 bbls refined oil, 215 cs boots and shoes, 8 cs rubber boots and shoes, 100 bxs slate slabs, 1 car stoves, 1 car 43 pkgs furniture, 240 bdls hoop iron, 175 bars iron, 180 sks plaster, 500 bags rice, 16 bbls, 225 kegs 162 cs syrup, 41 pkgs dry goods, 12 cs clothing, 70 pkgs glassware, 165 pkgs hardware, 99 pkgs tobacco, 6 cs cigars, 1 cs cigarettes, 14 pkgs cans, 7 pkgs medicine, 15 cs hats, 10 pkgs station'ry, 26 bdls shovels, 8 cs books, 10 organs, 285 bxs soap.

Produce receipts past 48 hours: 7463 ctls wheat, 2191 bf flour, 275 ctls oats, 205 ctls bran, 600 ctls millstuffs, 115 sks potatoes, 1395 lbs hides, 10 pkgs butter, 65 bxs eggs, 30 bxs green fruit, 45 pkgs dried fruit, 11,625 lbs hops, 20 tons hay, 83 hd hogs, 575 hd sheep.

WHEAT—The market shows no change. Quotations: Valley, 83 2@84 2½; Walla Walla, $1 15 @1 17½. The following are the fluctuations of the New York and Chicago markets:

NEW YORK.

	Opened.	Highest.	Noon.	Closed.
January	84½	86	86	86
February	85¼	87½	87½	....
March	86¼	88¼	88¼	....
May	89⅝	89½	89½	....

CHICAGO.

	Opened.	Highest.	Noon.	Closed.
January	74	74	74	74
May	81	81	80¾	....

EGGS—The market is firm. Quotations, 25 @ 26c.

POULTRY—The market is good. Quotations: Chickens, $3 00@3 50; ducks, 37½@; geese, $4@5; turkeys, 12c per pound.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—The monetary situation was once more the most important factor in the stock market, and, although marked advances were scored, the still-rising up of rates in the afternoon which cut most of the improvement, and in many cases carried prices below those of Tuesday evening. Opening prices were rather irregular, but strong tone immediately developed under the lead of lead trust, coalers and Missouri Pacific. The upward movement came to an end towards noon, when money rose to 15. The market ruled dull and weak, generally at something under the opening prices. Final changes are generally in the direction of lower figures, but are confined to fractional amounts only, the marked features being a loss in Chicago, St. Louis & Pittsburg preferred of 2½ per cent.

Government—Dull and steady.

MONEY, BONDS AND STOCKS.

New York, Jan. 2.—Money on call tight, at 8 to 45 per cent.; prime mercantile, 5@6½; sterling exchange quiet and stronger; sixty-day bills, $4 86; demand, $4 84.

BONDS.

U. S. 4's (reg.)	126	U. S. 4's (coupon)	126
U. S. 4½'s (reg.)	108½	Pacific 6's	116
U. S. 4½'s (coupon)	108½		

STOCKS.

American Ex.	112	Northwestern	116½
Canada Pacific	72	Preferred	141
Canada Southern	50½	N. Y. Central	100½
Central Pacific	35½	Oregon Imp.	42
Burlington	107½	Transcontinental	13½
Lackawanna	136	Pacific Mail	35¾
Denver & R. G.	17	Reading	38½
Erie	30	Rock Island	97
Kansas & Texas	11½	St. Paul	69½
Lake Shore	109½	Texas Pacific	20½
Louisville & Nash.	85½	Union Pac.	67¾
Michigan Central	90½	U. S. Ex.	81
Missouri Pacific	67½	Wells, Fargo	132
Northern Pacific	30½	Western Union	84½
Preferred	71¾	Am. Cotton Seed Oil	30¾

MONEY MARKET.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—Consols, 97 3-16. Silver bullion, per fine ounce, 44½. Bank of England rate of discount, 6 per cent.

New York, Jan. 2.—Sterling exchange, long, $4 86; sterling exchange, short, $4 84. U. S. bonds 4s, 126; U. S. bonds, 4½s, 108½; silver bullion, per fine ounce, 96c.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 2.—Sterling exchange, 60 days, $4 78; sterling exchange, documentary, $4 77. Transfers, 15 discount.

SAN FRANCISCO MINING STOCK MARKET.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 2

Ophir	$ 5 75	Utah	65
Mexican	2 50	Hullion	30
Gould & Curry	1 45	Sec. Belcher	1 10
Best & Belcher	3 60	Justice	1 25
Con. California	4 75	Yellow Jacket	2 90
Savage	1 60	Con. Virginia	1 60
Chollar	60	N. B. Isle	1 10
Potosi	1 90	Bullion	50
Hale & Norcross	2 85	Peer	15
Yellow Jacket	2 05	Overman	70
Belcher	2 10	Alpha	1 10
Sierra Nevada	1 90	Imperial	30

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 2.—Produce receipts past 48 hours: 36,040 ctls wheat, 7,200 ctls oats, 1,400 ctls barley, 3800 ctls potatoes, 600 ctls onions, 600 ctls barley.

Freights—Tonnage on spot in fair supply and firmly held. No new business reported. Vessels under prior engagement continue to arrive freely. The latest arrivals were the Br. ship Drumcairn, from 1253 tons, 27 days, at 36s 3d; Br. ship Parthia, from 1253 tons, 27 days, at 36s 3d; Br. ship Parthia, from 1253 tons, 27 days, at 36s 3d; both for U. K., Havre or Antwerp; schr Halcyon, taken for lumber from Puget Sound to Adelaide; bark General Fairchild, for coal, to load at Departure bay for this port.

Wheat—Sea trading continues of light proportions, but free selling in the interior is reported. Exporters find no difficulty in stocking up at about $ 3d per cental for standard shipping. Futures, quiet but firmer. Sales during the forenoon session of buyer season: Wheat were 200 tons at $1 40½; 300 tons at $1 41. Buyer season sold at $1 37. Afternoon session: The close was firm at a slight advance on outside quotations. Buyer year closing at $1 40½; buyer season, $1 37½.

Barley—Trading is not active, yet buyers are coming into the market more freely and the demand is improving. Holders are firm, stocks are small, while receipts are becoming very light. The situation, therefore, favors the seller and prices are the turn dearer. Quote choice feed, 81½@82½c; No. 1 feed, 80c; lower grades, 75@77½c; brewing, 82½@85c per cental. Futures, dull, but prices firm: buyer season, 92½@92¾c.

Oats—The general features of the market are unchanged. The demand is slow, while offerings are liberal. No. 1 feed ranges at $1 25 to $1 26½; choice feed, $1 27½, with a few sales of extra choice lots at $1 30; milling, $1 27½@ 32½; common feed, $1 05@1 22½.

Millstuff—Stocks are gradually being reduced, and the market is gradually improving; demand, improving.

Potatoes—Steady; good demand.

Wool—Steady to firm, according to quality. The movement is fair, both to the Eastern mill for scouring purposes. Oregon valley, 18@22c; Eastern, 14@19c.

Hops—Demand slightly better; prices nominal, 6@8c.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Jan. 2.—Wheat receipts past 48 hours at the principal receiving points were 290,000 bushels and for shipment 109,000 bushels.

Wheat—Opened quiet and steady, but improved slightly later on, closed steady at January, 87½c; February, 88½c; March, 90¾c; May. Noon—86c January, 87¼c; February, 88½c; March, 89¾c May.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—Flour—Firm and quiet.

Coffee—Options closed steady, 10 to 20 points down; sales, 36,750 bags, January, $15 80; February, $15 60@15 65; March, $15 60@15 65; April, $15 50; May, $15 35@15 40; June, $15 30; spot Rio, steady and quiet; fair cargoes, 18½c; No. 7, 17c.

Sugar—Raw, quiet and steady; refined, in good demand.

Copper—Dull and steady; lake, January, $14 45.

Lead—Firm and quiet; domestic, $4 30.

Tin—Quiet and steady; straits, $21 15.

Pig iron—Quiet and steady; No. 1, $19 50; No. 2, $18 50.

Petroleum—Quiet; crude, 6½c; refined, 7½c.

Rosin—Quiet and steady; strained, common to good, $1 05@1 10.

Turpentine—Quiet and steady at 30½c.

Rice—Quiet and steady; fair to good, 5¼@5¾c; Japan, 4¾@5c.

Molasses—Quiet and steady; New Orleans, 30@35c.

Cotton—Quiet; middling uplands, 10½c; middling Orleans, 10¾c; sales, 1,000 bales; net receipts, 1,000 bales; gross, 1,000 bales; exports to Great Britain, 1,000 bales; stock, 175,000 bales.

CHICAGO, Jan. 2.—Cattle—Receipts, 10,000; slow for common, strong for best; beeves, $2 80@5 25; stockers and feeders, $2 30@3 10; cows, bulls and mixed, $1 25@3.

Hogs—Receipts, 26,000; steady to strong; mixed, $3 50@3 70; heavy, $3 55@3 70; light, $3 50@3 70.

Sheep—Receipts, 6000; steady; natives, $3 50@ 3 55; Western corn-fed, $4@5 10.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—Grain freights firm at 6½d per bushel by steamer to Liverpool.

Wheat—Opened quiet and steady, and

The Oregonian.

PORTLAND, FRIDAY, JAN. 3

OREGONIANA.

Klamath county warrants are worth just 90 cents on the dollar in exchange for merchandise.

A new courthouse and jail is needed at Eugene City. A building such as is desired could be erected for $50,000.

The residents of Cove, Union county, have determined that no saloon shall exist there. Their remonstrances have thus far proved successful.

It is expected that the Fox valley mines will be extensively worked this coming spring, judging from the amount of snow that is in that section.

Charles Cunningham is the largest sheep owner in Umatilla county. He counts among his possessions about 25,000, part of which are on Washington ranges.

Several new industries are likely to be inaugurated at The Dalles during 1890, among them a woolen mill and a pork packing establishment. A street railway will be in operation by the middle of August, and a telephone system probably before that time.

A large raft of piles for the railroad bridge across Young's bay, which was anchored above the Union Pacific dock at Astoria, got adrift Wednesday night during the wind storm and floated up the river until it struck the street car bridge, when it separated. Portions of the raft drifted off toward the Washington side, but the main part hung to the bridge.

A gentleman from Kansas, some time ago made a proposition to erect and operate a cheese factory at Turner, on condition that a suitable location and the milk of 250 cows be pledged. These requirements were complied with, but owing to financial troubles in the East, the man was unable to meet his part of the agreement. The immediate vicinity of Turner is splendid grass land, and would easily subsist 1000 head of cows.

Several years ago an inspector of the Astoria custom house observed that a British ship in the stream had no light displayed one night. He reported it to the office, and the captain of the line pilot was fined $200, which he paid under protest. The case was appealed to the secretary of the treasury, who remitted the fine. It appears that the regulation requiring vessels to display lights applied only to American vessels, and British or other foreign vessels were not bound by its provisions.

The first white settler in the Nehalem valley was old man Anderson, who came there in 1857. There are now one thousand homes in a region then a wilderness. Then the only road was a faint trail, now comparatively good roads have been made to the Columbia river at St. Helens and Westport, and at the last session of the Oregon legislature $15,000 was appropriated to construct an unfinished road from Astoria out into and up the valley to the line of Columbia county.

WASHINGTONIANA.

Pacific City, Shoalwater bay, has changed its name to Sea Haven. Negotiations are pending for building a railroad between Chehalis and Sea Haven.

John S. Baker, one of the youngest members of the state senate of Washington, is reputed to be worth half a million dollars, and is said to be of aristocratic tastes and tendencies.

The good people of Colfax are opposed to having pork, lard or bacon imported from the East, and will endeavor to induce the Washington legislature to enact a law prohibiting their shipment into the state.

The Seattle *Budget* says: "By a recent census in Tacoma, made for the purpose of ascertaining whether she had a sufficient number of people to form her own charter under the constitution, it has been ascertained that she has some 22,600 souls."

The Olympia street cars are now in operation; her big hotel will be opened immediately; the fathers of the state are preparing for a long and interesting session, and accordingly Olympia promises lively times socially and booming times in business to all who head for the capital city on the Sound.

Tacoma citizens have raised a subsidy of half a million to complete the outfit of the Ryan smelter, and everything is now prepared for the commencement of operations. A Denver company is to work the smelter, and the ores are to be shipped from Idaho over the Northern Pacific lines at reduced rates.

At a recent meeting of the Kittitas County Ministerial Association Rev. Joseph Lauman read a carefully written paper on "Pastoral Visitation." An agreement was entered into by the city pastors by which there will be religious services regularly, every Sunday at the county jail. The congregation there is increasing faster than is desirable.

The Olympia correspondent of the Tacoma *Globe* states that Hyde of Spokane Falls, ex-senatorial aspirant, is out of the race for United States district judge, and that Pritchard, of Tacoma, is most likely to succeed in capturing the coveted political prize. Judges Calkins and Lanford, however, are not out of the fight, with a very strong backing in congress in favor of Calkins.

The Ellensburgh *Register* says a great deal of sympathy exists in the community for the employes of Lloyd Brothers. Nearly all of the men are without any means at all. The faithfulness of these men to their employers has been the subject of comment in the community long before the failure of the firm, and this is now further evidenced by the fact that many of them, in order to help the firm, have permitted their wages to accumulate until the firm owes some of them from $600 to $1400. A effort will be made to secure redress for the employes of the bankrupt house.

To Sneeze or Not.

Seattle Times.

To sneeze or not to sneeze, that is the question. The Russian influenza, which is just now epidemic throughout Europe, may be expected to give the Americans a call. Of course, a "microbe" is responsible for this tickling in millions of noses throughout Continental Europe, and hunters of the pestilent germ are already out with microscopic guns well loaded for "bar." From all accounts there is little serious danger in this new sneeze. It has the symptoms of a cold, and succumbs to similar treatment. The little "wriggler" and the germ-cloth that will scratch him prone in the cold embrace of death will be discovered, and mankind relieved of humanity over the lower dominion of existence is proclaimed, with a burst of trumpets and songs of praise. Until then all Europe, and perhaps the world, will sneeze.

A Perilous Mail Trip.

The Owyhee *Avalanche* says: On Thursday night of last week the stage failed to arrive here, owing to the storm. The driver and one passenger laid out all night near the summit of the mountain, and were only kept from freezing by lighting a fire, which was kept burning all night. The horses wanted round in a circle to keep warm.

Take the Northern Pacific railroad, the westbound sleeper and dining-car route for all points East. Office, No. 121 First street, corner Washington.

PLEASANTRIES OF PARAGRAPHERS.

He has not lived in vain who finds out before he dies what a fool he has been.—*Philadelphia Inquirer.*

We sometimes hear of the spirit of hope, but hope is no spirit; it's only an ex-specter. *Binghamton Leader.*

How we admire the man who happens to catch us when we are doing a good deed on the sly.—*Atchison Globe.*

Mr. Lushforth—You never help me on with my coat like you used to in the days of our honeymoon. Mrs. Lushforth—No? And I never had to help you off with your boots in those days, either.—*Terra Haute Express.*

"I swear by those tall elms in yonder park ——" he commenced, but she interrupted him. "Swear not by them," she said imploringly. "Why not?" "Because those trees are slippery elms," she said simply.—*Boston Beacon.*

Mamma—Well, Willie, what good resolve are you going to make for the new year? Willie—I won't fight with Johnny any more. Mamma—I'm very glad my little son sees how wrong and sinful it is to fight, Willie—Yes'm. He always licks me.—*Mansey's Weekly.*

Tramp (at kitchen door)—"That cake smells temptin'." Cook—"It's some the cookin' school young ladies made—twinty things mixed wid forty things." "I wish I had some." "Well, o'd give ye a piece if we'll-ate it outdoors. Oi don't want ye to die in th' house."—*New York Weekly.*

Heavy Boss (to budding genius who never reaches the office on time)—Young man, I owe all my success in life to the fact that I was never late. I always got to business early. B. G.—Well, that's where we differ. What success I've had I owe to my head not to my feet.—*Philadelphia Inquirer.*

"According to my father's rules, Mr Chapkins, we always adjourn here at 12. It is now one minute of." "Ah, indeed! Well, in accordance with legislative custom, Miss Burrows, there being some unfinished business before the house, I will turn back the clock." Engagement announced next day.—*Elmira Echoes.*

First Stranger—Yes, I believe firmly in the influence of heredity. Take my own case, for instance. All my ancestors for generations have been men of letters or have been connected with literature in some way. Second Stranger—And you follow in their footsteps? First Stranger—Yes, I am a book agent.—*America.*

McFingle—Do you know that seedy-looking individual over there? McFingle—Yes. He's the inventor of one of the most wonderful and useful engines in the world. Indeed! And who is that handsomely dressed, prosperous looking man to whom he is talking? O, he invented an oil can to use on the engine invented by the other.—*New York Sun.*

Alonzo—What's the matter, old chap? You don't seem in very good humor. Algernon—I should think not. Look at the box of cigars Aunt-ras has sent me for Christmas. Alonzo—You ought not to feel bad over that. Algernon—I would not ordinarily, but it's the same box I sent him when he won a bet from me last week.—*America.*

"I get up at daylight," repeated the early-rising crank, for the 999th time. "I can't see how any one can want to lie in bed after they wake up. Then I——" "Get out of the house as soon as possible, I suppose!" put in the tired listener, for the sake of saying something. "Certainly." "What a relief it must be to your family."—*Philadelphia Inquirer.*

For liver and stomach troubles, try Ayer's Pills. They are mild, pleasant, thorough and searching. Your druggist has Ayer's Almanac.

Pullman reservations made for all points East via the Northern Pacific railroad, the vestibuled sleeper and dining-car line Office, No. 121 First street, cor. Washington

MEETING NOTICE.

Hassalo Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Regular meeting this (Friday) evening at 7:30 o'clock. Work in the 1st degree. All members cordially, and all members generally, are urged to be in attendance. Visitors made welcome. By order of the Lodge. W. J. SHIPLEY, Sec.

Portland Lodge No. 55, A. F. and A. M.—Regular meeting at Masonic Temple this (Friday) evening at 7:30. Work in the E. A. degree. All master masons cordially invited. By order of the W. M. I. W. PRATT, Secretary.

Geo. Wright Post No. 1, G. A. R. and W. R. C.—Regular meeting and public installation of the officers elect of Geo. Wright Post No. 1, G. A. R., and of Geo. Wright Relief Corps, this (Friday) evening, Jan. 3 at G. A. R. hall, corner of First and Taylor, at 7:30 o'clock. All members of the G. A. R. and their families cordially invited. HENRY G. CHAMBERLIN, Commander. B. B. TUTTLE, Adjutant.

DIED.

In this city, January 2, Mabel Laycock, daughter of F. L. Laycock, aged 2 months.

In this city, Wednesday night, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. C. Cartwright, Mrs. M. A. Helm, of pneumonia, aged 81 years.

Funeral service at residence, W. Main and Norris, this afternoon at 1:30. Friends of the family invited.

Geo. H. River, Undertaker and Embalmer, S. W. cor. 4th and Yamhill. Telephone 567.

Schwab Bros., Printing and Litho. Co. Lowest Prices. 172 and 174 Front st.

Enjoy the quiet, day, week, month and dish at the Magnolia Restaurant.

NEW TO-DAY.

GOOD HOUSE FOR RENT. APPLY RICHET Bros., Third and Washington.

FRESH OYSTERS LAID AT RANIER MARket. T. J. GILMAN, Proprietor.

PUBLICITY TYPEWRITER—NO. 2 WASHINGTON st. W. A. BLISCOTT, Stenographer.

FOR SALE—SECOND AND THIRD STREET property. H. K. Thompson & Co., 22 Oak st.

GET YOUR HORSES AND CUTTERS AT Beebe's cor. East Park and Jefferson sts.

MONEY TO LOAN ON HOUSEHOLD GOODS or approved security. G. R. BERMAN, 82 2d st.

NOVELTIES IN SUITINGS AND TROUSERings just arrived at the Boston Tailors', 128½ First street.

FOR RENT—SEVERAL FINE DWELLINGS of different sizes. Portland Trust Co. of Oregon, 69 Third st.

COOK STOVES—$7, $10, $12, AT O'REILLY'S, Third and Washington sts. Crockery and lamps to suit the climate.

CHEAP BUY—5 ACRES, WELL LOCATED, near Portland; title perfect. Address Soldier, Oregonian office.

FOR SALE—EIGHT QUARTER BLOCKS IN Albina, from $1200 to $2000 each. L. E. Thompson & Co., 22 Oak st., Portland.

GOOD HOUSE AND LOT ON CORNER FOR sale in South Portland; price $4500 on fair terms. Apply to F. V. Andrews & Co., 25 First st.

FOR SALE—IMPROVED FRONT STREET property; 8 per cent net on investment. L. E. THOMPSON & CO.

FOR SALE—CHOICE BLOCK—NORTH PORTland. Interest on investment. $22,000. L. E. THOMPSON & CO.

R. A. ANDERSON, WHOLESALE CANDY manufacturer, No. 324 First st., bet. Clay and Market. Country orders solicited. Telephone 412.

SOUTH PORTLAND—A CHOICE, LARGE sized lot, close to the Metropolitan car line, for sale at $1300. Apply to F. V. Andrews & Co., 25 First street.

$250 BUYS FORTY CHOICE ACRES OF land near Tigard; owner compelled to sell on account of sickness in family. Address Seed, care Oregonian.

MACKOLL & BALLERAY, ATTORNEYS and counselors at law, 24 and 25, Washington block, corner Fourth and Washington street, Portland, Or.

THE CHOICEST PROPERTY ON THE MARket is Bush's Addition. Lots $350 up, on easy terms; all lots 50x100. RAYMOND & WAITE, 209½ Fourth st., near Pine.

AN ACRE FOR SALE WITH HOUSE AND A improvements; situated 12 miles from town and access ible by two motor lines on the East side. Apply to F. V. Andrews & Co., 25 First st.

TO LOAN—MONEY ON HOUSEHOLD FURNIture, carriages, pianos or personal property. Rooms 3 and 4, BRADLEY & WELLS, Financial Agents, 208 Sixth block, Fourth and Washington sts.

I WILL SELL AT PUBLIC AUCTION TODAY at 11 o'clock, at corner of Mill and Third streets, the entire grocery stock of D. Wilkins. SAM. SIMMONS, Constable.

$1300—A BARGAIN—4 BLOCKS, 100x125 feet, on Rodney, Eighteenth st., bet. 5 and N, East Portland; $700 cash, rest in two yearly time. Consider: this is a chance that can be tackled once in a lifetime, property is worth $2500. Apply 209 2d st.

A NICE HOME OF 25 ACRES, ADJOINing the thriving town of Newberg. All will improve. 8 acres in fruit, other 17 partly cleared and under fence. These acres are within one mile of Newberg. Will sell on easy terms. Price only $2000. Write or call for further description to Newberg, Or. 1224

LADIES' FASHION WHEEL, WHICH SHOULD be used by all good Christians' services. Unmatchable anywhere in Portland; to be had for the asking at the designers. Those are displayed today in Windows. None in United States like them. H. R. LITT, 2

A FINE FRUIT TRACT OF 15 ACRES WITHIN one mile of Newberg; well watered with never failing creek; well located for fruit raising; good buildings; road being opened; a chance to plant and get investment. Write or call on owner, Hobson, Newberg. 1221

GLADSTONE-BLAINE NUMBER.

☞ A considerable portion of the issue being devoted to the Gladstone-Blaine discussion, the number of pages has been increased to make room for the usual variety of articles.

THE JANUARY NUMBER OF THE

North American Review

CONTAINS A DISCUSSION BETWEEN

RT. HON. W. E. GLADSTONE AND HON. JAMES G. BLAINE, ON

FREE TRADE and PROTECTION.

JEFFERSON DAVIS, on

GENERAL R. E. LEE.

Prof. R. B. THURSTON, on

THE BORDER-LAND OF SCIENCE.

C. K. TUCKERMAN, on

BY GONE DAYS IN BOSTON.

CAMILLE FLAMMARION,

HOW I BECAME AN ASTRONOMER.

MARY A. LIVERMORE, AMELIA E. BARR, ROSE TERRY COOKE, JENNIE JUNE, ELIZABETH STUART PHELPS,

IN A WOMAN'S SYMPOSIUM ON DIVORCE.

RODOLFO LANCIANI,

A ROMANCE OF OLD ROME.

Count EMILE DE KERATRY,

A PLEA FOR COPYRIGHT.

AND OTHER IMPORTANT CONTRIBUTIONS.

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Fifty Cents a Copy; $5 a Year.

NORTH AMERICAN REVIEW, 3 E. 14th St., N. Y.

$1 PER WEEK

40 acres fruit land, $8 per acre. Call for particulars.

LEACH & KING,

Room 18, Dekum Bldg.,

Cor. 1st and Washington Sts.

$600

Part cash and part on time, buys forty acre pieces of land near Oregon's thriving towns.

EMPIRE LAND CO.,

24 Morrison st.

IN ORDERING

SCOTCH SPLINT COAL

Be sure you get it, as other kinds are often substituted. The only brand in the market for sale by

JAMES LAIDLAW & CO.

THE MOST

"The finest private residence in East Portland is now being erected in Dr. Bushnell's Addition. This is the best residence property on the market.

ELEGANT.

TO RENT—ROOMS AND OFFICES.

2 UNFURNISHED ROOMS FOR HOUSEKEEPing at 283 Fourth st.

NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS; GAS AND bath; references required. 127 Eighth st., near Washington.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR HOUSEkeeping. Apply at 29 Columbia st., bet. First and Second.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS IN SUITES FOR housekeeping, 146 Tenth st., near Morrison.

FOR RENT—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED SUNny bay-window room, also back room. No. 230 Salmon street, near Park.

FOR RENT—NICE UNFURNISHED PARLOR, parlor and furnished rooms for respectable parties, at 91 Taylor street, corner Tenth.

FOR RENT—COMFORTABLY FURNISHED rooms, $3 to $8 per month. S. E. cor. Washington and Fifth.

NEATLY FURNISHED ROOMS IN SUITE or single, at 107 First st., bet. Ankeny and Davis.

ELEGANT FIRST BAY-WINDOW PARLOR room; private family table; S. E. cor. Fourth and Jefferson sts.

FOR RENT—SIX UNFURNISHED ROOMS IN two-story house for family; $20 per month. 15th and Lincoln; $14 per month. Inquire at 303 N. 18th.

FOR RENT IN PRIVATE HOUSE—A LARGE furnished front room with small room adjoining, suitable for gentlemen; bath and use of parlor; two gentlemen. 136 Eighth st., cor. Ankeny.

WANTED—2 BOARDERS AT THE "STARR House," 5 Washington st.; just opened; everything new; only $4 per week.

PART OF COTTAGE HOUSE FOR RENT; FURnished for housekeeping. Call at 149 E street, a few doors eastside.

FOR RENT—TWO NICELY FURNISHED front rooms, heated by stove; gas and use of bath; terms moderate. 42 Montgomery st.

FOR RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED FRONT room, with use of bath, suitable for one or two gentlemen; references exchanged. Inquire 104 Grant street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED FRONT room and small bedroom. Inquire 251 Fifth st.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—Esquire at 256 12th st.

FOR RENT—ONE HANDSOME ALCOVE ROOM and two single rooms for gentlemen only. 190 East Park.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET AT 89 SALMON st. 3788. DEMLEY.

FOR RENT—FIRST-CLASS ROOMS, NEWLY furnished, with fire and large closets, in private family. 422 Stark st.

FOR RENT—ONE FRONT BAY WINDOW parlor, and one window alcove parlor and bedroom; also three desirable rooms for gentlemen, all newly and nicely furnished. 74 A street, second door east from Fourth st.

FOR RENT—TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS single or suite; also furnished rooms for housekeeping. The Lane House, cor. First and Columbia.

TO RENT—ROOMS WITH BOARD.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, with board; $5 to $6 per week. 86 Fourth st.

FOR RENT—ONE FURNISHED ROOM, SUITable for man and wife or two gentlemen, with board; terms reasonable. 421 Seventh, cor. College.

TWO FIRST-CLASS NEWLY FURNISHED rooms with or without board at 152 E. Front st., cor. Lee line; terms reasonable. Inquire 276 Sixth street.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE WISHING A home can obtain it in a private family on easy terms; 2 in family. Address S. E. G., care Oregonian.

FOR RENT—A MAGNIFICENT BAY WINDOW front room, on first floor; also, one upstairs room with board. 274 Clay.

TO RENT—HOUSES AND STORES.

ONE 12-ROOM HOUSE, WITH STORE ON first floor. Enquire at the Weekly Gazette's Store, 25 North First st.

FOR RENT—HOUSE WITH NEW STABLING, addition, 27 rooms. Apply at Caledonia Saloon, corner of third and Stark, 7th and Portland.

FOR RENT—10 RELIABLE PARTY, NICELY furnished houses in nice locality. Terms moderate. Call on ladies. Address M. S., care Oregonian.

FOR RENT—10 ROOM HOUSE, BARN, partially located; convenient to school and street car. Enquire 1 block south of Irving.

FOR RENT—BRICK STORE AND DWELLING, First and Third sts., by the quarter, year or three years; finished store rooms, parlor and five bedrooms; modernized, and stove or grate in parlor and each bedroom; within 10 blocks P. O., cars Oregon and Washington. Call 284 Second street.

WANTED—TO RENT OR BUY ON EASY PAYment, house in good neighborhood, owned by a responsible man in business down. Will pay, giving private reference. E. L., care Oregonian.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

CITY PARK—LOT FOR SALE, 60x130; price $600; terms easy. Apply at 206 Oregonian.

$26,000 WILL BUY NEW BUSINESS corner at First st. only $10,000 mortgage. Edwin L. Wells building, 2d st.

FOR SALE—$75 TO $100 PER FOOT WITH 6 ROOM cottage. Inquire 165 Fifth st., near Montgomery.

A BARGAIN & McMILLEN, 48½ FIRST ST., Arcade Addition, have some fine bargains in real estate in McMillen's, Holland's and Irving's additions. Improved and unimproved. Lots from $450 up, and 57 lots to select from.

FOR SALE—HOUSE OF 11 ROOMS AND 2 lots 100x100½, 146 South Third st., near Willamette, in city of Portland; also 80 acres land near Corvallis, all for $4000, or will exchange the property in California. ESNAT SCUDDER, Boss Saloon cor. Front and Ash.

FIVE HANDSOME LOTS LOCATED NEAR OF the Failing school, in the midst of elegant homes can be purchased at low prices and on reasonable terms; call early if you wish a bargain. WEST & CHARNS, 12 Stark st. 10

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—TWO FRESH MILK COWS. 1330 JOEL P. GERE, Burtonville, Or.

FOR SALE—TWO 5-INCH BELLOWS AND 1 Buffalo blower. Viewed, Second and Salmon.

WILLSIDE, SIXTY MILLION WHITE CEDAR on Coos Bay, 1120 acres superior quality, $15 per acre; $5000 down. No. 25 Ashley, room 6, for 1000.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—ONE EIGHT-FOOT SHOW counter, with drawers, and seven-foot window sash and counter. Inquire at 71 Third st.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE OF A 5-ROOM COTtage and house for rent. Apply at 249 Stark st.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, TWO GOOD HORSES, built platform spring wagon and harness. Inquire at Pavilion stable or 46 Morrison st.

MONEY TO LOAN.

$100,000 CASH TO LOAN ON FIRST-class, well improved city property, in sums none of not less than $2000; at low rate of interest. For particulars inquire of L. Kamm, real estate agent and money broker, 112 First st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON HOUSEHOLD FURNIture and all kinds of personal property. Thompson Wallaway, room 20, Ladd's building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL OR CHATTEL security; no fees. R. Morrill, room 6, Mulkey block, Second and Yamhill sts.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A PAIR OF SEAL SKIN GLOVES; RE turn to 78 Front st. and be rewarded.

FOUND—A BAY PONY, FOR LESS WHICH owner can have same by proving property and paying charges. 222 Front street.

LOST ON FIRST STREET, BETWEEN CARD Lyons, about $200 in cash, one envelope of checks and receipts. The finder will be rewarded by returning to Chas. Thomas at Allen & Lewis.

TO THE PENINSULAR Addition, where lots are selling for $100, on the installment plan.

SHERMAN B. BROWN, 18 Morrison st.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FOR RENT — CALIGRAPH TYPEWRITER nearly new. Apply 145 Front st.

SWAYNE'S OINTMENT—A NEVER FAILING cure for piles, blind, bleeding or itching.

WOVEN WIRE SPRING BEDS. GEORGE M. PARKER, 131 First st. Trade supplied.

THE ST. CHARLES RESTAURANT, UNDER the new management, gives meals for 25c, 11 tickets for $2.

CLAIRVOYANT—MRS. J. W. MINER, BUSIness a specialty, 228½ First st., room 8.

MRS. L. SEIP, CLAIRVOYANT, BEGINNEA Nos. 67, 68, 69 and 71, dated January 2, 1890, amended July 15, 1889; No. 70, dated July 15, 1886, and revised local freight classification No. 4, July 10, 1889, will expire January 6, 1890, at 7 o'clock A. M., and remain in effect until otherwise ordered. E. P. ROGERS, Assistant General Freight and Passenger Agent. Approved: R. KOEHLER, Manager.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$2500—GROCERY, CORNER; RENT, $45; clear $ rooms, furnished. 1

$550—GROCERY, CORNER; LOW RENT; good location.

PAYING BUSINESS FOR SALE—GOOD location; low rent, long lease; selling on account of sickness. Address M. N., Oregonian.

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SEWING MACHINES.

GEO. BRIGGS, 107 THIRD ST., AGENT FOR the Domestic, the Household and other leading machines. Pure sperm oil, needles, attachments and repair parts.

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME & POULTRY.

M. LARKEY, leading House, N. W. cor. Fourth and Morrison sts. Consignments and orders solicited.

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

SNELL, HEITSHU & WOODARD, SUCcessors to 1851, Portland, Or.

SHOW CASE MANUFACTURERS.

LENON, BORGESON & CO., 108 AND 110 FRONT street, Portland, Or.

SPECIAL NOTICES—Continued.

SCHOOL of Civil, Mechanical, Mining Engineering, Architecture, Assays. PORTLAND, Cincinnati, Ohio. CHAS. VAN DERNAILLEN, Director.

REMOVAL—OSCAR T. SODERBACK, Real Estate, has removed to 90 Morrison st., has formed a copartnership with C. VAN DERNAILLEN, Civil Engineer, corner Third and C streets, where he will carry a complete line of cigars of his own manufacture, wholesale and retail. While he regrets to lose any friends at the new stand, O. T. SODERBACK.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY, LINES IN Oregon—General Freight and Passenger Department, Portland, Or., January 1, 1890. Notice is hereby given that freight tariffs Nos. 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69 and 71, dated January 1, 1890, amended July 15, 1889; No. 70, dated July 15, 1886, and revised local freight classification No. 4, July 10, 1889, will expire January 6, 1890, at 7 o'clock A. M., and remain in effect until otherwise ordered. E. P. ROGERS, Assistant General Freight and Passenger Agent. Approved: R. KOEHLER, Manager.

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GEO. BRIGGS, 107 THI

THURSDAY'S LEGAL LOGBOOK

The Several Courts in the City Have Resumed Their Labors.

The Libel Dismissed—Trial Jurors Drawn—Divorce Cases—Cupid's Work—Commencies at War—Indicted—Other Items

All the courts resumed business yesterday. The judges and attorneys have had a good rest during the holiday season and were active and full of business. Nothing of importance was done in any of the courts.

THE LIBEL DISMISSED

In the United States district court Judge Deady has made an order dismissing the libel of Peter O. Nordberg, Petitioner, vs. the steamer Geo. W. Elder.

Nordberg and a fisherman who had been from Alaska to Astoria on the Elder, had some kind of a difficulty on board, claimed that he was treated and severely injured by Charles Iverson, the master of the vessel. He brought suit for damages. The case was settled, Nordberg has been compensated to the satisfaction of his attorneys, and has been paying him $5 per week during the time he was disabled. The libel has been before the courts for a long time, and the settlement of the matter seems to be two things follow.

TRIAL LIST IS DRAWN

The following trial jury for the United States circuit court was drawn this morning:

[illegible]

SUBMITTED ON BRIEFS

The suit of the Asbestine Lining and Manufacturing Company against Wendling et al. for infringement of a patent on a certain process for making cement pipe, came up for hearing in the United States circuit court yesterday, by which time the attorneys in the case had submitted their briefs and rested. The question involved is whether the plaintiff company has the pleasure of making the castings, and it is claimed that they have been making cement pipe here, and the plaintiff wants the court to restrain the machine from making cement pipe, the patent on which it claims it owns, the right to make and use.

DIVORCE CASE ON TRIAL

The divorce suit of Julia F. Mackey vs. John G. Mackey was on trial before Judge Stearns yesterday and had not been finished when the court adjourned last evening. Mrs. Mackey complained that her husband had been a habitual drunkard, and asked a decree for her. Mackey in his answer denied the allegation. The case is not yet decided.

BATH COMPANIES AT WAR

Winfield S. Chapman, H. P. McGuire and W. W. McGuire, who are largely interested in the East Portland Water Company, sued W. H. Foster, D. M. McLaughlan and the Albina Water Company in the state circuit court yesterday, to compel them to deliver the stock of the Albina company in accordance with a contract.

TWO NEW INCORPORATIONS

The Blumauer-Frank Drug Company was incorporated by Louis and Philip Blumauer and Emil Frank; capital, $50,000.

The Kenny Publishing House was incorporated yesterday by A. C. Bamford, J. H. Herne and L. W. Allen; capital, $5,000.

GUILTY ON TWO WIVES

Marriage licenses were granted yesterday for William Irvine, 30, and Anna Johnson, aged 20, William McGiddings and Hattie A. Hunt, aged 21.

INDICTED BY THE GRAND JURY

The grand jury yesterday returned [illegible] Frank Robbins, Oliver Wallace and John Connors for burglarizing the store of Abraham Smith on December 17. Wallace and Connors were also indicted for entering the house of J. D. Hedlem and Peter Nelson was indicted for stealing $80 from Chris Frederickson. C. J. Burke, for larceny in the dwelling of M. Gurtel and Frank Carlton for stealing $7 50 from E. L. Gray.

DRUNKS, TRAMPS AND OTHER OFFENDERS

Peter Nelson, Daniel Stewart, Alfred Erickson, Martin Olsen, Edwood Nelson, Jack Fonies, J. Hawk, Harry Reed, P. H. Sweeney, were fined $5 each all were simple drunks. Walpole Johnson, an old offender, was fined $10 for being drunk and disorderly. Charles Clarke, Charles Mulligan, Dan Lyon, Frank Doyle and Thomas McCarthy were given twenty days each in the city jail and Henry Heller, also a Riley, an ex-member of the chain gang, thirty days for sleeping between the rails on the Willamette Falls Electrical Company's property in East Portland.

N. O. Nelson waived examination on a charge of compromising a felony, and gave $500 cash bail.

Fred Shuber, bartender at the Tivoli saloon on First street, was fined $50 for assaulting W. H. Terney with his fists.

John Adams, a sneak thief, pleaded guilty of stealing a shirt from Uncle Bloch, and was sent to the county jail for sixty days.

Martin Olsen, the thief who stole the goods out of Wallach Beck & Son's store, was fined $30 for carrying concealed weapons and $5 for being drunk. He was held to answer before the grand jury on the first charge, in the sum of $500 bail, and in default committed to jail. The thief claims that while he was drunk a man gave him the goods to keep. His partner was arrested early yesterday morning with a shotgun in his possession. He was locked up and is in the city jail.

JUSTICE PHELAN'S COURT

Lizzie Hickey was discharged by Justice Phelan yesterday. She was charged by Julia Craft, of assault with intent to do bodily harm, on the 28th day of December 1889.

ARRESTED FOR LARCENY

Harry Kosterman, otherwise known as "Stutter ing Harry," the bartender was arrested yesterday afternoon on complaint of Fred Block, for stealing some clothing from the complainant.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT

Clarinda Brown et al. vs. James Forstiger, defendants allowed to January 14 to plead or answer.

Asbestine Tiling and Manufacturing Company vs. Allen & Lewis et al. submitted to the court in briefs and without argument.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

Peter O. Norberg vs. Steamer Geo. W. Elder; order dismissing libel.

STATE CIRCUIT COURT—DEPARTMENT 1

Ellen Kroener vs. Willamette & Ry.; motion for a new trial denied; plaintiff allowed twenty days to file bill of exceptions.

Edwin S. Miller vs. Joseph W. Bailey; demurrer to reply overruled.

William J. Tucker vs. Ed Bixon; motion to strike out parts of answer denied; demurrer to first defense contained in answer in abatement sustained.

C. A. Willis vs. the P. & W. R. R. Co.; motion for a new trial denied; judgment on the verdict; defendant allowed thirty days to file bill of exceptions.

Merchants' National bank vs. George Pope & Co.; report of referee confirmed as to two parties.

T. R. McDaniel vs. Margaret Holland and W. Scott; decree judgment by default against former and action dismissed as to latter.

Levi Estes vs. Adolph Nicolai; defendant allowed five days further to move for a new trial.

DEPARTMENT NO. 2

Julia F. McKay vs. Edward G. McKay; on trial.

Oscar Cliff vs. E. T. Stoughton; decree corrected.

DIFFICULTIES OF ROAD BUILDING

The Necessity for Wide Roads—The Cost of Good Roads Is Heavy

SILVER CREEK, Or., Jan. 1.—[To the Editor.]—I notice in the WEEKLY OREGONIAN an able article on road laws in Washington. The writer evidently understands what ought to be done but in many local cases it is impossible to have the work done properly. In locating the road up the Skagit valley the viewers assigned to locate it where it could be made with the least expense regardless of other matters. They followed the river bank and even sold the road and damages was used and of course the road runs regardless of damages and is only as crooked as it could possibly be made, as if the viewers had tried to see how bad they could get it. There is also the reason for this state of [illegible] few and far between and [illegible] will but much difficulty about the road was made into a county road made it where it could be kept in [illegible]

The drawing of [illegible] answer for the [illegible] state of [illegible] in a different [illegible] which [illegible] in our district [illegible] county [illegible] Sauk [illegible] in Whatcom [illegible] Take [illegible] in small [illegible] Now to [illegible] I will be glad [illegible] Hoping [illegible] I remain, Yours truly, [illegible]

PEPORTORIAL NEWS ROUNDS

Side Head Paragraphs Picked Up About the Busy Town

Effect Flom Meeting Concerning the Brick Supply—Ideas Looking Glam Paper's Read for Pa ages—A Decision

[illegible] Mr. Noyes Mr. Simmons Mr. Astor, the [illegible] more announcements that they have secured the services of Miss Jessie Couthoui [illegible] who will give three readings at the [illegible] A full orchestra, assisted by the best musical talent of Portland, [illegible] Boy, John [illegible] of Portland, Boy Master Mitchell [illegible] strength for both Afternoon [illegible] Miss Wade and Miss Allen [illegible] Miss Dovie Allen [illegible]

Wilbur Academia Hall [illegible] Friday night. Professor Ingalls will take part. Dismissed. Further will be one of the most select entertainments ever given in Portland.

IN FAVOR OF BRICK.—There has been some talk to the effect that building might be put back the present time when the supply of brick [illegible] Mr. Fisher, president of the brick association, that the price of brick will be reduced to $8 per 1000 as soon as brick shall begin to come in. He said he had assurances that new brick yards will be started, and that notwithstanding that fact it may be said that the brick used in building operations will form a small part of the cost and that this can be met by changes in the style of building to suit. Houses will have to have plenty of brick and the people seem to be willing.

ANNUAL BUSINESS MEETING.—The monthly meeting of the Artisans' Lodge of Industry was held Wednesday night, when it was shown that the receipts from initiations in the Home Treasurer [illegible] in the treasury above all claims. Entertainment of the Home was to publish Hand, Mr. William Arlington for the success [illegible] entertainment of the Home was to publish Hand, Mr. William Arlington for the success [illegible] entertainment. They desired to thank Mrs. Hale for the instrumental [illegible] and Mrs. Hale for the instrumental [illegible] Mr. Arlington for the [illegible] York. All of these will [illegible] to contribute to the building fund will be received and dealt with by Treasurer Miss [illegible] McCullough.

DELIVERY OF POSTAGE.—Many copies of the New York Herald are held at the postoffice for want of sufficient postage. Those who want to buy the paper should put into the mail with postage at the rate of one cent or two cents, would do well to call and pay the additional postage if [illegible] their papers to go. One cent will carry two ordinary copies of THE OREGONIAN, but the weight of the New York paper was so great that two cents are required to carry it. Put on three cents.

PRESENTED TO MISS BALDWIN.—The many friends of Miss Helen Baldwin, the lady bicyclist, are preparing a grand farewell benefit for their fair lady previous to her departure for her home in the East. It will take place at Masonic hall, Wednesday evening next, January 8. Over thirty musicians have offered their services, and twenty-five theatrical professionals will participate upon the occasion, among them Mr. Dave Campbell, of Portland, and Mr. Larry Sullivan, of Astoria, will meet in a fistic encounter, six-round drawing room bout. The affair will be a monster testimonial to the lady bicyclist.

GRIP AHEAD.—To prevent the la grippe from taking hold of you keep your conscience clear and your feet warm. For two bits you can get a nice warm cap and [illegible] Astrakhan caps, [illegible] plush caps, $1 25; ladies' wool mitts, 50 and 75c; ladies' fine [illegible] and 50c; children's [illegible] and 50c; white blankets, $1 50; ladies' Jersey vests, 50c; men's wool mitts, 25c.

LOOK OUT FOR COLDS.—The robins around the city were looking gloomy yesterday and piping complaining notes. The grosbeaks, which appear to have come with the snow, seemed as jolly as possible; the seeds of the many fine which they are able to crack open with their stout bills furnishing a plentiful supply of food.

TENDERS WANTED.—Tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned until 2 P. M. of Friday, January 3, to raise the scow now lying sunk in the Willamette river at the foot of Ellsworth to Front. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids. James Laidlaw & Co.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.—Judge Deady will render decisions in this court this morning in the cases of the Salem Capital Flour Mills vs. the Salem Water, Light & Ice Company, and Wyeth Hardware & Manufacturing Company vs. Billy Baker and John Francis. Will come up for sentence.

THE CROWD MADE A RAID on Kohn's overcoats yesterday, the snow made their overcoats go today. Kohn advertises a special closing out sale of winter overcoats. Read his ad. and then go to corner Second and Morrison.

MR. WM. B. ADAIR, of Astoria, can be seen at the office of Messrs. Compton & Ironsway, No. 7 Morrison street, to lay aside to morrow with some cheap lots in Adair's Astoria, adjoining the water front.

AUCTION SALE.—Gilman & Co. will sell the furniture of residence 309 South First street. See ad. under new to day.

GREAT OVERCOAT SALE AT KOHN'S, $8 to $15 for big bargains at corner Second and Morrison.

FOR MORE information about Warrenton see ad. under New To day.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A. FELDENHEIMER,
LEADING JEWELER,
LARGEST STOCK OF
Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry
IN THE NORTHWEST
Jewelry of All Descriptions Manufactured to Order.
COUNTRY TRADE SOLICITED
A. FELDENHEIMER,
COR. FIRST & MORRISON STS. Portland, Oregon

W. REED
—THE—
RELIABLE JEWELER,
68 First st., bet. Oak and Pine.
Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, etc.
POSITIVELY
—No Goods Misrepresented.—

BECK, THE JEWELER,
Front and Morrison,
Opposite Esmond and St. Charles Hotels.
Headquarters for All American Watches.
LOCUST BLOOM SACHET POWDER!
The most lasting and pleasant odor in existence.
Ext. Locust Bloom for the Handkerchief
Ladies are invited to call for sample.
There is nothing more appropriate for a Holiday present than a nice bottle of perfume. You can find what you want at
A. A. Child & Co.'s Drug Store,
Cor. Second and Morrison.

VAGONER BROS.
LIVERY & BACK STABLE,
Third and Madison
HORSES BOUGHT AND SOLD.
[illegible]
Double Carriage and Pair [illegible]
Single Horse and Buggy [illegible]
Each additional Horse [illegible]
Theatre Parties.
One horse, two persons and [illegible]
Three or more persons to [illegible]
No charge for buggies that can be taken to [illegible]
Two Horse Coupes
Evening [illegible] per hour [illegible]
Carriages for [illegible] per couple [illegible]
TELEPHONE 531.

SURE :: SIGNS
New Faces! Increasing Sales! Crowded Departments.
Sufficient and gratifying evidence to us that the public pulse is beating our way. Our reputation for giving the public a square deal twelve months of the year is spreading fast. We appreciate the beauties of selling goods cheap. But we make no wonderful 50c on the dollar promises. That our ads. are read is shown in the phenomenal response of nobby dressers, who like, in a measure, to get a monopoly on them suit.
LESSER'S.
Luxuriously Comfortable, Best Fabrics, Nobby Styles. To see them is to buy. The variety is more than you'll care to look at, the prices as low as you care to have them. You won't find a lot of shop-worn goods, job lots, etc., in our stock, but everything new and fresh. That gives the wearer pleasure and satisfaction. We make your interest our interest.
Gentlemen's Furnishings.
White and Fancy Shirts, new fancies in fronts, Collars, Cuffs, Gloves, Hosiery, Night Robes. The choicest products of best manufacturers of the world. Nothing missing except big profits. Handkerchiefs, Mufflers, Neckwear. Nothing new we can not show you. Everything of richness that fashion allows. New shades and new tints. Exquisite Faille Silk, Hand Painted and Embroidered Suspenders. Variety all sufficient in tints and styles to please the most fastidious.
L. ROBERTS
The Leading Clothier, Hatter, and Merchant Tailor of the Northwest.

R. I. STRAUS & BRO.
POPULAR
Clothiers and Hatters

Men's, Boys'
—AND—
Children's
Suits AND Overcoats
The New Year finds us with some lots still on hand which we are bound to close out. Our $8 and $10
Overcoats
and our $12 and $15
SUITS
Must be sold before stock taking. In fact, our entire stock is pretty well cut down, and at the low prices ought to interest you.
COUNTRY ORDERS WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.
L. LESSER
131 and 133 First Street, corner Morrison.

Grand Clearance Sale.
—OF—
Brownsville Woolen Goods
—AT—
Mill Prices
Suits and Overcoats.
ENTIRE STOCK MARKED DOWN.
The New Mills Will Shortly Send Down a Large Line of Goods. We Must Have Room. We Offer Our Entire Stock
—AT—
VERY LOW PRICES!
EVERY ARTICLE MARKED DOWN.
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Manufacturers of Ladies' and Children's Underwear and Gents' Furnishing Goods, are now selling a nice lot of Winter Goods and Muslin Underwear at reasonable prices.
Suits and Underwear made to order.
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Perfection and Great Success. No Understraps. A Perfect Retainer. Consultation and Examination Free.
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The Oregonian.

PORTLAND, FRIDAY, JAN. 3.

THE CHARGE AGAINST PARNELL.

There are a great many persons in America who cherish for Charles Stuart Parnell, not only the admiration due to a bold and skilful political leader, but the respect and confidence due only to an upright and conscientious man. However the connection of his name with a scandalous divorce suit as co-respondent may have been regarded in Great Britain, it is certain that it was received here with more incredulity and indignation against the vendors of the story than belief and condemnation of himself. Mr. Parnell has lived in the full blaze of public life for half a generation without any grave and enduring stain upon his private character. He has just come through unblanchedly out of the prolonged and severe ordeal of what is in fact a prosecution for complicity in infamous crime. The world has more reason to believe him sinned against than sinning. Contemporary history presents more examples of conspiracy to blacken his character than of even trifling lapses from honorable conduct on his part. Unprejudiced persons are not prepared by the events in his career of the last ten years to credit a statement convicting him of the blackest crime in the decalogue—the offense most repulsive to honorable and right thinking men, about one with which the forbearances of the law find a way to deal leniently. Not many Americans, at any rate, believed, upon the bare authority of a cable dispatch from London that Parnell had committed the infamy of seducing the wife of a friend.

The more the facts in relation to the charge come to light the better grounded appears the instinctive public confidence in Parnell and the instinctive doubt of the honesty of his accuser. The character of Captain O'Shea is none of the best, and his previous associations with Anglo-Irish politics have not been such as to warrant the acceptance as an unquestioned witness against Mr. Parnell. O'Shea was a sort of nationalist politician at one time, and enjoyed the confidence of Gladstone and Parnell in 1882, during the latter's imprisonment, enough to serve as a medium of communication between them. On the strength of this and some other services he was elected to parliament as a nationalist, an opportunity he improved to desert his party and vote for coercion measures. Since that time his only appearances before the public have been as the apparently willing and eager instrument of some of the most disreputable efforts to break down Parnell as a political leader by attacking his private character. O'Shea was one of the most active agents in the *Times* conspiracy to convict Parnell of complicity with Irish agrarian murders by means of forged letters, and up to the time that plot broke down with the confession and suicide of Pigott, enjoyed an importance and credit quite unusual in his rather shady career. Indeed his last public appearance was in the witness box before the *Times* commission, when his scornful and crushing cross-examination by Parnell was one of the dramatic features of the famous trial.

O'Shea had every motive a small and malignant nature can feel to attack Parnell. His previous history justifies the belief that he is capable of attacking him by the meanest and most infamous means. O'Shea was a traitor to the national purse and showed towards it the malignant hatred unworthy natures always feel for those they have wronged. He had previously been engaged in a plot to blacken Parnell's character which was publicly exposed in a way more humiliating to him before the *Times* commission. He had been severely punished for this by Parnell in his cross-examination, as he had been punished for his treachery to the nationalist cause by being deprived of his seat in parliament at the next election after his desertion. So he had the motive of revenge added to all others for his latest attack. The conclusion is natural and simple that the last scandalous charge against Parnell is as false as the infamous charge of complicity with murder and that like the latter its motive is personal hatred and political animosity. The charge will not hurt Parnell because it will only be believed by his enemies. The person most to be pitied in connection with it, is the unfortunate Mrs. O'Shea.

AN ABSURD SCHEME.

Senators Butler of South Carolina, Morgan of Alabama and Gibson of Louisiana are either endeavoring to deal with the negro problem in the South in a humorous spirit or they accredit the colored people of that section with a simplicity which, ignorant as they are is not borne out by facts. These senators, individually and collectively, have lately expressed upon congress plans looking to the assisted emigration of the colored people of that section without however going to the trouble to consult the proposed immigrants upon the subject. Indeed, the basis of their calculations seems to be that the negroes want to go somewhere, an assumption wholly unwarranted, as a people more ardently attached to home does not exist than the representatives of the African race in the South. To prove this it is only necessary to cite the fact that even in slavery times the Liberian colonization scheme lacked vitality because of its unpopularity among the negroes themselves, while the refusal of many a devoted slave to accept his freedom and start out in the world on his own account a time which apologists of slavery cite to turn to the advantage of the system is additional evidence of this home attachment among the colored people. Furthermore these people are not so ignorant that they do not now feel a difference between being a citizen of the United States—little as his means to them when surrounded mob of white men ostracize them—and a citizen of Africa.

True the Southern senators do not especially champion one place or another as the proper goal of these simple minded people to whom they propose that the government shall furnish transportation on tickets, though Senator Butler suggests that the uncultivated farms of Vermont and other Northern states might be good places to settle them while Senator Morgan has turned his thought in a different course between the United States and the Free State of Congo. The administration of the ideal of assisted immigration is applied to these people is only equaled by the inhumanity. There is no indication whatever that they want to leave the poor homes in which the blacks in their native South still find true human warmth and the public policy alike demands that the federal power protect its race and its fellow subjects in the land must not compromise with the original barbarism of their origin. They want to live in the South and if the federal government has the right so to do, it has by the very term and but they do not also right to shut them up such protection from the government as its orderly well disposed even if unintelligent citizens are entitled to receive when they request common service and choose to make their home in the North or Northwest. Let the Western section of the republic

AN OLD SOLDIER.

An old man who had lived 40 years in Oregon and who received nearly twice as a grant from the United States of a magnificent tract of land in Benton county, died in the poor house and was buried as a pauper by that commonwealth recently. Such a life and such a death furnishes an argument that the Henry George theory of equality in the distribution of property strives in vain to meet. A man so hopelessly incompetent, so insensible to opportunity, so placidly shiftless, would be a pauper in spite of philanthropic endeavor or the sublimest anti-poverty theories applied to his case. Miscellaneous giving as a remedial measure for the sort of poverty that is helpless and hopeless, and withal in a great measure content, and counts itself sufficiently blessed by temporary relief to await its reappearance in expectant idleness, has long ago been assigned to the role of folly.

JOHN M'LEAN FOR SENATOR.

The Ohio legislature might do a great deal worse than to elect John R. McLean, of the Cincinnati *Enquirer* to the United States senate and it isn't likely in the present state of affairs to do much better. John McLean isn't a gentlemanly democrat of the Thurman and Pendleton school but on the other hand he is neither a boodler nor a blackguard. He is a pretty decent sort of an average democrat, as democrats go. As for his abilities he has been a successful business man and an editor of a good deal of influence and capable of commanding considerable respect. His paper isn't an ideal public journal but he has kept it a little above the average public sentiment of his party. He has printed the news when the news made democrats squirm, and has indeed torn open a sore which was known and no his party's. As for his character there have been several very unpleasant scandals in Ohio politics which he was shrewd enough to keep out of. McLean has never been caught in anything very dirty. If he is not an ideal senator he is better than any of the actual candidates. He has a wider national reputation and is a larger and stronger man than any of the other candidates except Brice and Brice's national reputation as a railroad wrecker and boodler is flat against rather than for him. The story that McLean is to be a candidate is based upon his recent large contributions to certain public charities. This is not the way the Ohio democratic candidate for senator generally goes about to secure his election. It is hardly the way to win popularity with the Ohio democratic legislator who is apt to resent contributions to public charities as an unlawful diversion of boodle from its natural and rightful resting place in the recesses of his own garments. McLean knows the Ohio democrat pretty well and he won't expect to gain votes by giving away money to orphans and paupers without a political pull. He is a rich fellow with an active minded and public spirited wife. They both spend money royally, and a good bit of their income is devoted to charities. It is quite likely the recent cases of benevolence upon which a sinister interpretation was put by the Cincinnati newspapers were part of the ordinary and unostentatious practice of giving of their easily acquired substance. Unless there is other evidence than this of his candidacy for senator, little credit need be given to the story. But his election would be a very satisfactory result of the contest having a relative regard to the other candidates.

FOR FREE TRADE BECAUSE IT PAYS.

Mr. Blaine is seldom blind to the weakest point in the argument of his adversary and he hits the very bull's eye of the free trade doctrine in his reply to Mr. Gladstone. Gladstone who is nothing if not moral claims that Great Britain is for free trade because "all protection is morally bad."

It is would be a delicious joke in any other mouth than that of the grand old man who has every virtue but the sense of humor. When one reflects on all the means from the slave trade to the Ashantee war from the spoliation of India to the invasion of China which Great Britain has employed to extend British trade enlarge the market for British manufactures and enrich British subjects it is difficult to deal seriously with the statement that Great Britain follows a certain commercial policy because the reverse is "morally bad." Mr. Blaine's answer that Mr. Gladstone's own government adopted the principle of protection in its widest extension in subsidizing steamship lines serves as well as extended argument and illustration to demonstrate the simple truth that the motive of Great Britain's commercial policy is not sentiment of any kind but self interest as Great Britain understands it. Great Britain is for the thing that pays. When she was building up her colonial empire she was for protection, when her trade had extended over the whole world she was for free trade in goods. She is still for protection to her greatest industry that of carrying goods at sea. If a change in commercial conditions should make protection a profitable policy for Great Britain to pursue she would be for protection and the argument that it is morally bad would have small weight with her practical statesmen. Nobody quarrels with Great Britain for pursuing the policy that pays her best. Enlightened self interest is the best guide any nation can have in its national policies. But we do quarrel with Great Britain for trying to impose upon us a principle which is good only for her on high moral or any other grounds. We have an enlightened self interest of our own and we want to be guided by it not by Great Britain's. We are satisfied most of us that the policy of protection to home industry is best for us in our present stage of industrial development and of commercial lack of development just as it was best for England in the last century. We recognize the theoretical beauties of free trade most of us and look forward to a time when we have built up our manufactures by protection and created a shipping interest by subsidies so that we can throw our markets open to the world and make more out of our exports and carrying trade than we lose by any thing competition to our producers. When that time arrives, we shall be for free trade as Great Britain is now because protection is morally bad, but because free trade pays better. At present we are protectionists not because it is morally good but because it pays better or we think it does. That is the gist of the whole matter.

FOUR MONTANA SENATORS.

Four United States senators elect from the state of Montana will shortly present themselves at Washington. The republican caucus yesterday elected C. G. Power a colleague of Colonel Sanders elected the other day and the democratic legislature did their best to elect Major Maginnis and W. A. Clark. The republican joint convention had thirty-four members and the democratic thirty-three making a quorum. This gives the former a united advantage though the legality of the presence of the Silver Bow members is disputed. Judge Hunt yesterday decided that they must be counted in standing but the Supreme court will have to pass upon the question before it will be finally settled. Each house will proceed to-day to ballot for senator, the republicans having a majority of one on joint ballot. The democrats will probably not vote for their candidates, but will support Clark and Maginnis. The republicans will then have a majority of one in favor of the members. The republicans of this state have always claimed that the legislature has the right to elect senators, and the democrats have always denied it. The democrats have always claimed that the governor has the right to appoint senators when the legislature fails to elect, and the republicans have always denied it. Each party has changed its position on the question as it has suited its purposes. The democrats have always claimed that the governor has the right to appoint senators when the legislature fails to elect, and the republicans have always denied it. Each party has changed its position on the question as it has suited its purposes.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. William B. Ayer and wife, of Astoria are at the Hoffman.

Ireden Neal of the state fish commission and wife are at the Charles.

Mr. H. C. Breeden of Forbes, Or., is an interested visitor at the Portland.

W. R. Ratchford, member of the house of representatives is called to his home by severe sickness.

Justice B. B. Burnett returned from Salem on Wednesday and is stopping with his family.

J. C. Reid of Astoria, E. Hannigan of Salem and P. C. Campbell of Pendleton, Or., are among the prominent visitors at the Portland.

Mr. Charles B. Bellinger, late of Brainerd, Wash., is now a resident of Portland. He has just purchased a handsome residence.

J. W. Wiggins, surveyor general of the state of Washington, returned from the Eastern Territories last night, where his family and is now here to stay.

D. F. Hall and wife, who were reported to be at the home of his parents in Ohio, have returned to Portland. Mr. Hall is not dead—reported and that he is on his way back to Oregon.

Mr. Charles F. Island, manager of the Portland Mills, has been suffering from a slight attack of rheumatism, was able to come out on Wednesday and yesterday he and Mrs. Island were out several hours on the boulevard to see how well the grass on the Peninsula park.

Congressman Campbell will leave for Oregon in connection with the institution of learning at Monmouth is greatly pleased with the outlook of Portland and all things considered think rural property is unusually cheap as compared with other cities of the same size.

Mr. W. J. McConnell arrived here yesterday on route to Washington. Governor Shoup of Idaho has gone to Washington, where Mr. McConnell will join him and both will assist Delegate Dubois in securing the admission of Idaho as a state. Mr. McConnell is quite certain that they will be successful and says the new state will send republican senators and representatives to congress. He leaves overland for San Francisco to-night.

Passengers to Arrive in Portland.

OREGON.

Northern Pacific—Passed Avon December 31 Will B. Webb, W. J. Norris, Mrs. T. L. Craggin, A. Guilderman, P. A. Hirrling, F. Barnes, Mrs. A. D. Rogers, W. E. Crane, Mr. Ward and wife, F. L. Eliot, O. Winter, and ninety-five second class.

Oregon & California—Passed Medford January 2, G. H. Gale, John Wilson, H. Green, C. W. Cleary, Miss Hall, J. D. Holman and wife, B. H. Fetcher, W. S. Cannon, J. L. Kline, S. B. Gibbs, M. M. C. Cowan, C. Otis, and seventy on second class.

STEAMER.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 2.—The following passengers sailed on the steamer Santa Rosa today for Portland: F. T. Mosher, I. Thomas, J. D. Dean, L. A. Roberts, J. Frederick, E. S. Taylor, S. S. Kirk, J. Spence, E. Baker, L. V. Gordon, Mrs. Gordon, C. Hexte, J. K. Jones, B. Sherman, J. Cochran, Mrs. L. Hill, S. S. Short, Isabel A. Davidson, C. W. Sc. P. McMahon.

SPIRIT OF THE NORTHWEST PRESS.

CAUTION THAT IS IN EXCESS.

Idaho *Daily Statesman*: Some Eastern papers which nearly shriek themselves hoarse in their begging for governmental improvement of their rivers and harbors are now laden with anxiety lest Congress should be wanted on irrigation outside of the Northwest. But all this mean nothing more than a desire to head off the Northwest from getting a few paltry dollars for the improvement of the Columbia river. Congress will be asked for appropriations where the returns in actual value to the public domain will be at least a hundred fold the expenditure—to say nothing of the wisdom of protecting homes for the advancing tide of American settlement.

PERSECUTION MOVES SYMPATHY.

Helena *Journal*: It is a matter of regret that the *Evening Herald* lets through motives of enmity or worse, permits itself to partake from the plain duty of a republican paper in politics, enter its political affairs. It has attacked with the ridiculous belief of school boy, part of one of the candidates for United States senator with the possible effect of inspiring his friends to greater activity and arousing sympathy in his behalf, and a sole target of newspaper thunder and with the inevitable effect of sowing seeds of party discord which will bear fruit in the future.

UNFAMILIAR WITH THE STUFF.

Eugene *Register*: The people of Eugene are not familiar with the styles and practices of bedwoodsmen and the rough class and we consequently suffered a few severe stings since a certain man in which a revival was started and a young man out of church for no consultation. The resident of this city does not like Burns and therefore not a man in it who would not talk out if asked to do so. Such performance might be looked for in a mining town but in Eugene they are unnecessary and no approved.

DANGER IN NON-INTELLIGENCE.

Ellensburgh *Register*: The Mormon vote would be cast as a unit for the party willing to make the most substantial concessions to the Mormon hierarchy. It also proves a perpetual source of corruption and danger in Idaho state and national politics. The necessity of delaying the admission of territories till for statehood is to be regretted but the country cannot afford to increase the power of the Mormon monster.

TOOLE'S GENIUS UNAPPRECIATED.

Great Falls *Leader*: The latest pieces of rot perpetrated by Governor (?) Toole is the appointment of McHatton as judge of the disputed district. It is a wonder that when such a corporation is committed upon the decency and equity of the great commonwealth that the ghosts of Jackson and his fellow heroes do not rise up in their indignation and shame to smite such a farce of an executive.

ASTORIA'S RISING DESTINY.

Pioneer: Astoria will be the center of the two transcontinental railroads within the next two years. Of this there can be no doubt. The location of the city in relation to a seaport is so well known as to attract attention from abroad. The bonds are not the least in the number who recognize the importance of Astoria as the only seaport of importance on the Northwest coast.

THE EVER HOPEFUL DEMOCRAT.

Oregon *Times*: With earnest work there is nothing that will prevent the election of a democratic governor in Oregon next June. Keep pulling and tugging and the victory is certain.

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For the first time in two years the people of the Willamette valley are being treated to some genuine winter weather. Snow which has been flying in the Inland Empire at intervals for several weeks has at length settled down to business with us and the valley is white from one end to the other, the snow varying in depth from a few inches to one or two feet according to locality. Beyond a blockade of traffic on the Columbia and possibly a delay to railroad trains and a stoppage of suburban motor cars, little inconvenience will be experienced by the storm. It irks the spirit of the progressive citizen however to be bottled up so to speak even for a few days, and as must be expected our people dwell beside their comfortable hearthstones ill content.

The fire in the boys' section of a London pauper school on New Year's eve was one of those harrowing catastrophes that call out the most pitiful element of sympathy. Twenty-six boys from 7 to 12 years old were suffocated by the smoke and their little bodies charred by the flames were stretched out mute evidence of the helplessness of childhood in the presence of the dire calamity that had overtaken them. We have been accustomed to consider child life in an English workhouse as the direst strait to which helpless humanity could be reduced but a disaster such as this proves that even a condition of this kind has worse and better.

It is evident that Bob Burdette has had the Russian influenza without knowing it. He was confined to his house recently by a very annoying illness of which hoarseness was a troublesome factor. Writing of his affliction to a friend he said: "I am almost wholly voiceless. Have got a lot of things ending in ities' the matter with some things in my neck I never knew were there before, and all the Latin parts of my throat are inflamed." The afflicted two hemispheres shake hands with Bob metaphorically speaking, and take courage from the recovery of the Latin parts of his throat from the Russian disease with the French name.

Cleanliness is at a discount in Wisconsin. A young man desiring to pay tribute to its shrine recently stole a bleached shirt with which to displace a flannel garment that had done duty on his back for two consecutive months his object being to look nice and clean when he took his girl out sleigh riding. He was hailed before the courts convicted of petty larceny and sent up for a brief term. It is safe to say that the young woman will have to admire him in a dirty shirt hereafter or make arrangements for laundrying this essential garment herself.

Slavin, the pugilist is about to marry an English bar maid. The social status of the two is about equal but the chances are that the girl will make a good wife while no one for a moment supposes that the slugger can be anything else than a brutal husband. The Margate bar maid would perhaps have done well to have interviewed Mrs. Sullivan or the wife of John L. upon the domestic topic of ten of men of his class before she engaged to go on a brief tour with Slavin.

PERSONS WORTH KNOWING ABOUT.

Marshall Wilder the clever dramatic humorist made his first appearance in the role of the bank of Joseph Jefferson in Van Winkle.

Ted Wheeler is rich. He makes more than $10,000 a year and is not yet 30 years old. He is in the office of the city attorney.

Representative Bowerman is the only member of the Salem delegation who is not a lawyer. He is a farmer and stock raiser.

Judge Bellinger, who has been appointed by Governor Hill to succeed Judge Lynch, is a democrat. He is a native of Albany, N. Y., and is 45 years old.

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Justice Harlan Stone's first decision in his new capacity was a libel suit to day. The case was brought by Mrs. Elizabeth Hall against the Boston Herald. The plaintiff claims that the paper published a libelous statement concerning her husband's business affairs. The case will be hotly contested.

Senator Hill's son Jim is a chip of the old block. He is a member of the Albany Law School and is a leader in the class. He is a member of the Albany Law School and is a leader in the class.

Mrs. Mary Martin, mother of Hannah B. Northworth, who recently killed Stephen B. Pettis, is quite ill at the residence of her daughter. The writ was procured in an effort to have Mrs. Northworth removed to a hospital. Mrs. Martin says her daughter is afflicted with a complication of diseases and is slowly dying.

Milton Lloyd, Light Works Burned.

New York, Jan. 2.—The down town shop of the Edison Electric Illuminating Company, Pearl street, were burned this morning. The current generated upon the dynamos in the shop supplies 18,000 incandescent lights in the down town district, which burn all day in banks and offices below Fulton street. All went out at 8 o'clock. The building was gutted; loss, $100,000.

Highest Priced Stallion in America.

Lexington, Ky., Jan. 2.—The great trotting stallion Wilton, by George Wilkes, dam Allie, by Rysdyk's Hambletonian, jointly owned heretofore by W. H. Vance and Bowerman Bros. was sold yesterday to the latter. The price is private, but is said to be the largest for which a stallion has ever been sold in America.

Selling postage stamps and stamped envelopes must involve a mysterious process of reckoning if the experience of the stamp clerks in the Chicago postoffice is to be taken as proof. Four clerks are engaged in this business and since last July they have found it impossible to make their cash come out right. They sell between $500 and $600 worth of envelopes each day and at the close of the day's work exchange their cash for stamps and envelopes. They have an account of stock once or twice a week and quarterly their account with the wholesale stamp and envelope department. They carry $1000 worth of stock and ought to have as much in stamps, envelopes and cash every time they take an account of stock. If their work was done correctly they would come out about 15 cents a day ahead on account of the fractions of a cent gained in retailing single envelopes. Simple as this process seems the clerks have seldom been able to make any inventory come out right, and since July each clerk has been falling short about $50 a month. Detectives have been working upon the problem without success. A theft would account for the shortage but none has been discovered. The postmaster's private secretary undertook the job of selling stamps for one day to show how it could be done without cash. If the clerks were careful and to the delight of the latter an inventory of stock after he had been selling stamps two hours, revealed a shortage of $12. Before dismissing the matter as one of the inexplicable mysteries of finance it might be well to give the present force of clerks a vacation and give a new shift a chance to distinguish themselves as ready reckoners.

For the first time in two years the people of the Willamette valley are being treated to some genuine winter weather. Snow which has been flying in the Inland Empire at intervals for several weeks has at length settled down to business with us and the valley is white from one end to the other, the snow varying in depth from a few inches to one or two feet according to locality. Beyond a blockade of traffic on the Columbia and possibly a delay to railroad trains and a stoppage of suburban motor cars, little inconvenience will be experienced by the storm. It irks the spirit of the progressive citizen however to be bottled up so to speak even for a few days, and as must be expected our people dwell beside their comfortable hearthstones ill content.

The fire in the boys' section of a London pauper school on New Year's eve was one of those harrowing catastrophes that call out the most pitiful element of sympathy. Twenty-six boys from 7 to 12 years old were suffocated by the smoke and their little bodies charred by the flames were stretched out mute evidence of the helplessness of childhood in the presence of the dire calamity that had overtaken them. We have been accustomed to consider child life in an English workhouse as the direst strait to which helpless humanity could be reduced but a disaster such as this proves that even a condition of this kind has worse and better.

It is evident that Bob Burdette has had the Russian influenza without knowing it. He was confined to his house recently by a very annoying illness of which hoarseness was a troublesome factor. Writing of his affliction to a friend he said: "I am almost wholly voiceless. Have got a lot of things ending in ities' the matter with some things in my neck I never knew were there before, and all the Latin parts of my throat are inflamed." The afflicted two hemispheres shake hands with Bob metaphorically speaking, and take courage from the recovery of the Latin parts of his throat from the Russian disease with the French name.

Cleanliness is at a discount in Wisconsin. A young man desiring to pay tribute to its shrine recently stole a bleached shirt with which to displace a flannel garment that had done duty on his back for two consecutive months his object being to look nice and clean when he took his girl out sleigh riding. He was hailed before the courts convicted of petty larceny and sent up for a brief term. It is safe to say that the young woman will have to admire him in a dirty shirt hereafter or make arrangements for laundrying this essential garment herself.

Slavin, the pugilist is about to marry an English bar maid. The social status of the two is about equal but the chances are that the girl will make a good wife while no one for a moment supposes that the slugger can be anything else than a brutal husband. The Margate bar maid would perhaps have done well to have interviewed Mrs. Sullivan or the wife of John L. upon the domestic topic of ten of men of his class before she engaged to go on a brief tour with Slavin.

Reserved seats on any steamship line in the Atlantic service to Europe and England can be secured at Northern Pacific ticket office, No. 121 First street, corner Washington.

THE TARIFF ON WOOL.

Every Dollar in Sheep Staked on the Last Election.

A RANCHER'S SURE THING BET.

Present Duty Unsatisfactory to Both Farmers and Manufacturers.

NO CHAMPION OF FREE WOOL.

Interpretation of the New Homestead Law—Public Debt Statement—National Prototypes of Weights and Measures.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—[Special Telegram.]—The hearing of the wool growers before the ways and means committee of the house was begun today. The hearing proceeded with a discussion of the classification of wool at present in force. The limit of the class of wool at one cent per pound was generally admitted to be unsatisfactory to the producers of wool in the country as it is killing the business of the farmer who gets his wool from a native or common blood stock as it is classified as clothing and has no afford to pursue it.

Edward Bennett, of Boston, editor of the *American Wool Reporter*, said that he appeared mainly for the purpose of stating the facts in regard to two petitions which are to be presented to congress asking for a reduction on wool and woolen goods one in favor of free wool and the other in favor of an ad valorem duty. The woolen manufacturers of the United States he said almost without exception, are sore and discontented because the duties upon woolen goods are in many cases lower than upon the raw material of which they are made. Witness had the names of Joseph Bloomer, a signer of the free wool petition, as a large manufacturer and leading republican of Philadelphia, and one who helped raise the celebrated Philadelphia campaign fund in the last campaign. Mr. Hook of Philadelphia rose in the rear end of the room and flatly contradicted the statement, saying that Mr. Chenoweth was a life-long democrat and never had contributed to a republican campaign fund.

J. F. Gibbs, of Grand Forks, took the stand and gave a number of statistics as to the cost of growing and marketing wool in the West. Taking the accounts of his Colorado farm he showed that 12 pounds of raw wool cost the grower about 25 cents per pound at the standard it costs 30 cents, and after scouring pretty nearly 60 cents. He read from a letter written by a Colorado sheepgrower to show the great hazards of the business, such as storms and blizzards and prairie fires and severe winters. Witness recounted a proposition made by a sheepgrower to wager $5,000 sheep against like number held by another owner, but Harrison would be elected president. He said that the most advanced nothing to be realized on it but his sheep would be worthless if President Cleveland had been re-elected.

We will fall in the last presidential election that every dollar invested in sheep was staked on the issue, said the witness.

Mr. Flower deplored the witness's statement touching severe weather and said that of cold. He understood that Colorado was the only place in the world where cows might not be cured.

The witness with some indignation declared that 300 days of the year in Colorado the weather was as fine as anywhere upon the globe.

Mr. Flower replied that he had seen one of the hardest winters in Denver out people in other parts of the state had told him. But it was the only one they had ever seen.

L. M. Beach, a farmer of Shoreham, Vt., gave some facts concerning the cost of sheep growing in Australia and made comparison between the conditions here and there stating that the average grant of sheep was $1 each per in Australia than in the United States.

At the conclusion of Beach's testimony Chairman McKinley asked if there was any gentleman present to speak in favor of free wool. There was no response, and the committee adjourned until to-morrow.

COAL HOMESTEAD ONLY.

A Person Who Has Perfected a Homestead Title Can Not Take Another Pre-emption.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—[Special Telegram.]—Judge Lamoreaux, commissioner of the general land office today made a ruling which is of importance wherever public lands are to be taken up in that it holds a homesteader who has perfected title to land under the general homestead act can not transmute his filings. It subsequently prohibits one of the pre-emption by the same person. The case in point is that of James W. Barry whose application to transmute a filing to the south quarter of section 20 township 40 north range 35 was rejected by the register of the land office at Fargo. The reason given was that prior to March 2, 1889 the date of the act under which Barry claimed the right, he had perfected title to a tract of land on which he had since entry under the homestead act.

The decision says that the act of March 2, 1889 did not repeal section 238 of the revised statutes which provides that no person shall be permitted to acquire title to more than one quarter section under the provisions of this chapter. Section 2 of the act of March 2, 1889, provides that any person who has not heretofore perfected title to a tract of land on which he has made entry under the homestead law may make a homestead entry of not exceeding one-quarter section of public lands subject to such entry, such person being entitled to the country notwithstanding the fact that his right shall not apply to persons who perfect title to lands under the pre-emption or homestead laws already initiated provided that all pre-emption settlers upon the public lands whose claims have been initiated prior to the passage of this act, may change such entries to homestead entries and proceed to perfect the titles to their respective claims under the homestead laws notwithstanding they may have heretofore had the benefit of such laws. But such settlers who perfect title to such claims under the homestead law shall not thereafter be entitled to enter other lands under the pre-emption or homestead laws.

The land commissioner holds that this act applies solely to persons who had not perfected title and that the word benefit in the proviso was intended to be understood in that sense that the body of the foregoing section and the proviso are consistent the intention of congress being carried out in the proviso to extend to any party who at the passage of the act had a valid filing the power of transmutation, notwithstanding he had pre-empted his land a homestead entry, but had not perfected title. He holds therefore that the Dakota claimants having perfected title to a quarter section under the homestead law cannot be allowed to transmute his filing.

UNIFORM WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

Great Care Taken of the National Standards of Prototypes.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—The national prototypes of all the United States, the international convention of weights and measures, which met in September last, and to which the action was accepted by the treasury department with the present standard companion of representatives and senate, the following from the report of the committee of the house of representatives on the subject of weights and measures:

"While the general government has the power to regulate weights and measures, it has left the whole matter to the several states, and the standards in use throughout the country are not uniform. The importance of uniformity of weights and measures has been recognized from the foundation of the government, and the constitution gives congress the power to regulate the same. The importance of uniformity of weights and measures has been recognized from the foundation of the government, and the constitution gives congress the power to regulate the same.

"The act of congress of July 28, 1866, authorized the secretary of the treasury to cause to be made at the standard weights and measures of the several states now in the possession of the treasury department, one set of such weights and measures for the use of each state, and to cause the same to be distributed to the governor of each state, to be used by the governor of each state, to be used by the governor of each state, to be used by

OVERDUE SIXTY HOURS.

The "State" Still Out From San Francisco.

SUTTERS GONE TO LOOK FOR HER

Fear That the Steam Propeller Wide West Has Been Lost

WHILE ON THE WAY TO THE SOUND

Six Sail Birds Foiled—Dakota Excursionists—Two Fires Yesterday—New Hotel Bids—Along the River Front.

The following dispatch was received from Astoria last night, which is self-explanatory:

ASTORIA, December 26. Up to 4:15 this afternoon the steamship State of California left here at 4 P. M. Sunday, December 22. Up to 4:15 this afternoon she had not yet arrived at San Francisco, and is now fifty hours overdue. Great uneasiness is felt for her safety, as thick weather has been reported along the coast for the last week. Goodall, Perkins & Company telegraphed to this city from San Francisco three times to-day, the last message being received at 4:15 this afternoon. They said the revenue cutter had been sent and they could not pass in the heads, bound out, in search of the missing vessel. The dispatch also requested that the revenue cutter Thomas Corwin, now here, be sent to the southward on a similar errand. The cutter will start in compliance with the request of the company, to assist in the search of the steamer to-morrow morning.

WHAT MANAGER SMITH SAYS.

General Manager C. J. Smith, of the Union Pacific, was seen in regard to the case of California last evening. He said the cutter Rush had started from San Francisco to look for her, and he was in communication with the collector at Astoria endeavoring to have the cutter Corwin sent from there on the same errand. He could not say whether the Corwin would go or not. Mr. Smith is of the opinion that the steamer has met with some accident to her machinery and that she will come out all right. If there has been no very hard blow off the coast there is but little reason to fear any serious disaster.

THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Left her moorings at steamship dock for Astoria, the night of December 23, with the following passengers: F. C. Green, H. H. Good, Mrs. J. Deckenback, H. C. Johnson, Charles F. Hudson, W. H. Harris, E. M. Wheeler, J. W. Ridley, J. Pascoe, Mrs. O'Sullivan and children, H. M. Potter, F. W. Busy, George Martin, W. C. Latham, M. E. Bell, Franklin Stone, Miss Josephine Palecki, Mrs. Decatt, Miss Hayes, S. F. Ferry and wife, Mrs. C. H. Gilbert, A. J. Ross, L. J. Ferry and wife, James Miles and wife, and thirty steerage.

Nearly one half of the Oregon's cargo, consisting of household furniture and perishable goods, were transferred to the State, that had arrived the same night of the disastrous collision. The rest of the missing vessel's cargo consisted of a general miscellany of merchandise.

NO FEARS FELT BY THE AGENTS.

Late last night the following dispatch was received from San Francisco regarding the overdue steamer:

The agents of the Pacific Coast Steamship Company, say they have no apprehension for the safety of the steamer State of California, due from Portland, as the vessel is one of the finest and staunchest on the coast trade.

They think some of her machinery has broken down, or that she was compelled to put further out to sea on account of the heavy weather. Rev enue Cutter Richard Rush is now gone, out in search of her this evening. The steamer Ajax will be due [illegible] from Coos Bay, and it is thought she will bring news of the State. The Santa Rosa and Pomona, which leave for the north to-morrow, have instructions to look out for the over due vessel.

IS THE WIDE WEST LOST?

Latest Reports Seem to Indicate That the Steamer Has Probably Gone Down.

The old hull of the steamer Wide West, that for so many years was the acknowledged queen and pride of the Lower Columbia and Willamette, was sold some time since to a syndicate formed in Seattle. The hull was remodeled by making it thirty feet shorter, and a couple of small cabins were built on her decks, near the stern, for the accommodation of the captain, engineers, and such other crew as would be necessary. The steamer was also furnished with a twin screws and upright engines. The boat was in this shape taken to Astoria prior to December 26, the intention of the owners being to send her around to the Sound and use the craft to carry railroad iron and coal, or other freight.

The following dispatch, received from Astoria last night, will show that grave apprehensions are entertained as to her safety:

The steamer Wide West left here on December 26 for Seattle, and up to 6:30 this afternoon she had not arrived. Several telegrams were received to-day, making inquiries regarding her safety. A dispatch this afternoon stated that she had broken one of her twin propellers, while coming down the river. When the steamer was starting for the bar Captain Pratt Sparling was warned not to go, but the boat crossed all right, and was last seen that afternoon by the steam schooner Signal, at which time she was steaming northward and had only three day's fuel aboard.

NEWS FROM SEATTLE.

Later in the evening the following dispatch concerning the Wide West was received from Seattle:

Mr. W. E. Bailey, president of the Puget Sound Lighter and Transportation Company, owners of the Wide West, says he has received word that the Wide West put into some bay last Tuesday. He did not remember the name of the bay, and the report is considered without foundation. He says the steamer is O. K. and will arrive here soon.

A JAIL BREAK FRUSTRATED.

Six Prisoners Try It And Are Thrown Into a Dark, Cold Cell.

Six of the prisoners in the county jail planned a jail break in honor of the advent of J. N. James, the new jailer, Wednesday night. They were Charles McLaughlin under sentence for assault, Charles Se bert for lowd conduct, Frank Carpenter charged with selling liquor to Indians, William Hintnorn, the insane burglar, Andrew King charged with buying stolen goods and Frank Stutt, charged with robbery.

The men occupied the cell under the county court room from which several prisoners have escaped during the past few months. They had a case knife and, an iron bar with which they made a hole about a foot square in the stone wall, the plan being to dig around the sheet iron plating with which the cell was recently lined. Don Sprague, who has been assistant jailer for some time learned of the proposed break and told Jailer James. When the men had made little progress in digging they were removed to a dark cell in the north wing where they shivered and reflected the rest of the night.

FOUND DEAD IN THE SNOW.

The First Man at the Morgue for More Than a Week.

At 9:20 o'clock yesterday morning, as Special Officer Thomas B. McDevitt passed the Union Pacific news stand, on Fifth street, corner of H street, he found the lifeless body of Samuel Tillman, otherwise known as "I. the Sam." It is evident that he was under the influence of liquor at the time of his death, and died from cold and exposure. He was about 47 years old, an Englishman by birth, and has been in this city about twenty years. Coroner DeLin took charge of the remains, and will hold no inquest.

A PARTY OF DAKOTA LAWMAKERS.

They Arrive in Portland on a Junketing Trip—Well Pleased With the City, Etc.

Some days ago the legislature of North Dakota adjourned for the holidays. A party of members from both branches of that body concluded to take a little junketing trip to the Pacific coast to spend the brief vacation. The excursion party consisted of the following members: State Senators H. S. Diesem and brother, A. Sorensrud, N. O. Lawrence, wife and daughter, E. H. Belyea and wife, W. E. Swanson and wife, H. R. Hartman, Dr. Cowan and wife, Dr. Rowe, wife and children; Representatives P. B. Wickham and wife, A. W. Hoyt, C. A. Currier, J. L. Green, F. J. Langer and wife, D. McDonald and wife, E. D. McIntyre, W. L. Belder, G. R. Fogelstetson, J. G. Hamilton, wife and son, Miss Williams.

The excursionists came by way of the Sound, visiting Seattle and Tacoma. They reached Portland yesterday on the train, and registered at the Esmond. Last evening the party left for the blizzard-swept prairies of North Dakota.

The members of the party express themselves well pleased with what they had seen on the trip—the cities of Seattle and Tacoma, and especially with Portland. One of the members laughed and said, as he looked skyward, and saw the whirling snow settling down, "This reminds me of home. Some people accuse us of bringing a regular Dakota storm with us, but it looks as if your Oregon weather doesn't need much encouragement in the line of snow;" and, muffling his greatcoat comfortably about his ears, the "member from Dakota" laughed heartily.

SENATOR SWANSON TALKS.

"We are all members of the North-Dakota legislature which is being held at Bismarck," said Senator Swanson, "and when the houses adjourned for the holidays we concluded to take a trip down this way. We have been in Tacoma, Seattle and the Sound points, and we have until the 7th of this month to get back, when the legislative body reassembles. We have had a pretty busy time electing United States senators and changing our form of government to that proper to the management of a state.

"The most notable step our new state took was, I suppose, the adoption of the prohibition plank in the constitution. It was carried by a majority of 1,100, and the outcome was the greatest surprise our country ever knew. The fact is the matter went by default. Nobody was afraid of the measure, and expected confidently to see it snowed out of sight, but all owing to carelessness it was carried, although it went 3000 behind the head of the ticket. Our statute was so framed that the matter was a special and separate issue, and the tickets were prepared with both a "yes" and a "no" upon them, and in most instances the voters neglected to scratch the yes, and consequently the prohi's counted them in. When the matter came before the legislature, the bill making the law passed by one majority. The validity of the law will be contested on the ground that the election was not legal. The law contains all the radical points of the one passed by Kansas, and also Illinois.

"We will leave here to-night, and will reach Bismarck next Monday."

THREE FIRES IN TWO DAYS.

Department Called Out Twice Yesterday During the Storm—Total Damages Not Heavy.

The alarm turned in from box 53 at 11:45 yesterday forenoon, was for a fire in the residence of Frank Warren, on West Park street near Salmon. The fire started in the basement somewhere around the furnace, and ran up between the outer wall and plastering, and communicated to the roof. Owing to the snow, the horses could with difficulty drag the engines, and hooks and ladders, so the firemen were not on hand quite so promptly as they usually are. The position of the fire rendered it very difficult to get at, but by cutting holes in the walls and after some lively rustling the flames were at length extinguished. The house was considerably damaged and completed drenched with water. Mr. Warren could form no estimate of his loss but it will probably amount to about $2,000. He is fully insured in the Northwestern. He thinks the fire caught from a defective flue, probably rendered so by the house settling.

The second fire alarm was turned in at box 6, corner of First and Jefferson, yesterday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock. The fire was caused by a defective flue in the saloon on the corner of Jefferson and Water streets. Loss, about $50. One of the springs on engine No. 1 was broken while the engine was on the way to the fire.

The house burned on the White house road was owned by Louis Zimmerman, and occupied by a German named Shafer, who kept a lodging house in the upper story, and also a saloon in the lower part. The house was burned to the ground. Mr. Shafer lost every thing he had, not even saving his clothes. Mr. Zimmerman's loss is about $800, with no insurance. Mr. Zimmerman lost the building which is valued at $1803, and was insured for $1050 in the Hamburg and Bremen Fire Insurance Company. The fire is thought to have originated from a defective flue.

ALONG THE RIVER FRONT.

The Steamers Oregon and Columbia Start for San Francisco.

The steamers Oregon and Columbia left for San Francisco last night, and will put to sea to-day. The Santa Rosa left San Francisco yesterday morning and is due here Saturday evening.

The steam scow belonging to R. Lemon is partially under water at the foot of D street. The cause of the sinking is unknown.

The steamship City of Topeka, of the Alaska route, is at the Albina coal bunkers discharging a cargo of Seattle coal. This is a very pretty little steamship, and is but the second time that she has paid Portland a visit.

It is feared that the steamer Joseph Kellogg, of the Cowlitz river route, will not be able to make her way through the ice in the Columbia.

BY THE FAST MAIL SUNDAY.

Mr. Breeden, a Very Popular Portland Gentleman, Will Leave for the East Sunday Morning.

Mr. Breeden, of the well-known firm of Forbes & Breeden, the furniture dealers, has for some time past had in contemplation a trip East, a trip that he has intended to take partly for pleasure, but more particularly with a view of availing himself of the choice of the best furniture in the largest Eastern markets. With the latter end specially in view, Mr Breeden will visit on his trip East all of the large furniture manufacturing centers of the Eastern states, and with his twenty years of practical experience in the furniture business he will be able to ship to his firm in this city the finest line of furniture ever opened out in the Northwest. Mr. Breeden's many friends, and they have so long dealt with Mr. Forbes, have intrusted a large number of orders for the best furniture to the latter gentleman's hands and it will be his effort while East to give these patrons the value of his long experience in picking out for them the finest goods in the particular line manufactured. Any commissions left at the salesrooms of Messrs. Forbes & Breeden to-day or to-morrow will receive Mr. Breeden's personal attention while East, and the purchaser here can depend on having the order filled by Mr. Breeden, while he is much better advantage than could be done by any furniture firm on the coast. This will particularly apply to parties desiring special kinds of furniture not carried regularly in stock by the coast houses. It may be well to mention in connection that Forbes & Breeden have just received a fine line of rail top, flat top and standing desks in the genuine antique oak that are really beauties. These desks are being offered to the public at the most reasonable prices, and they are perhaps the rightest thing in this line now shown in the city.

THEATERS LAST NIGHT.

"Hans, the Boatman" Drew Crowded Houses —Cordray's—The Eyer Sisters.

"Hans, the Boatman," is meeting with great success at the New Park theatre. Little Mae Hannan has captured all of those who have heard her. She is, without doubt, one of the cleverest child actresses of her age ever seen in this city. Mr. Arnold is also a fine actor, and has an exceedingly sweet voice. A matinee for the lad es and children will be given Saturday afternoon.

THE EYER SISTERS.

The Eyer Sisters' Colored Comedy company will appear at the Tabernacle Friday and Saturday nights and Saturday matinee. They will sing a number of plantation melodies, besides a number of choruses in the last part of the entertainment. The ladies' voices are especially sweet and pure. Reserved seats are now on sale at Hoyt's music store.

"THE LOST MINE."

The celebrated border drama entitled "The Lost Mine," drew another crowded house last night at Cordray's music and theater. The play is furnished with beautiful scenery, most of which is new. The careful acting by the artists behind the footlights merits the success the house is enjoying. Matinee to-morrow.

POSTAGE STAMP COMEDY COMPANY.

The new musical comedy entitled "A Social Session," with its bright fun, catching music and clever comedians, will play at the New Park theater Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday evenings of next week.

ASSOCIATION DISSOLVED.

Some three months since a man named Monson arrived here from San Francisco and organized the Portland Mutual Live Stock Association, for the insurance of blooded horses against death. The initiation fee was $2, and an assessment of $1 was to be levied against each member quarterly. Yesterday the members of the association received the following circular letter:

Gentlemen: On account of not getting sufficient members to join the association, and it not justifying to continue the same, it has been decided not to except any more dues from the members and to declare the same dissolved. Respectfully yours, THE SECRETARY.

Monson was the secretary, but he neglected to attach his name to the circular, perhaps for reasons of his own.

Some persons were inclined to think that considerable money had been paid into the concern, but Mr. Moulton of the firm of Wilbur & Moulton, says that there were seventy-six members only who contributed $128 to the support of the concern.

BIDS FOR THE NEW HOTEL.

Bids for concrete footings and for the stone foundation for the new Holton house, to be built by Mr. R. Perkins at the corner of Fifth and Washington streets, were opened at the office of Architect Krumbein yesterday. The bids for concrete footings were as follows: J. G. Obrock, $2900; Middleton & Co., $3390; Charles B. Delrkoop $3699.

The contract was awarded to Mr. Obrock. The bids for stone work were as follows: V. McCullough, $1125; A. J. Dorner & Co., $2250; Carmen & Killpatrick, $8000; J. S. Seed & Co., $8855; Richard Martin, $8961; D. Canuto, $8350; W. F. Ryan, $8535; George Bamford, $8955.

The contract was awarded to V. McCullough. Work is to be commenced about the middle of the month.

There is a prospect of Washington street having another fine hotel, as it is understood that Mr. Thomas Guinean is negotiating with Mr. W. S. Ladd to build one on his quarter block, the Presbyterian church property, at Third and Washington.

NEWSY PARAGRAPHS.

A silk umbrella and a ladies' glove buttoner were left at the Y. M. C. A. New Year's day. Owners please call for them.

A lyceum is to be organized at the Y. M. C. A. rooms on Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, to which young men are invited to attend and join.

U. S. SIGNAL SERVICE WEATHER REPORT

PORTLAND, Or., Jan. 2, 1890.

Place of Observation.	Bar.	Change in last 24 hours	Temp.	Wind direction.	Rain fall inch	State of Weather.
Portland	29.76	02	20	NE	.08	Cloudy.
Olympia	29.80	05	24	NE	.40	Snow
Roseburg	29.70	—06	36	E	.06	P't Cl'dy
Red Bluff	29.70	—10	46	E	.14	Cloud'Ms
Sacramento	29.76	—22	44	E	.24	Cloudy
Eureka	29.74	.....	40	NW	.46	Rain
Spokane	30.12	.....	8	NE	.00	P't Cl'dy
Walla Walla	30.10	.....	10	SW	.00	Cloudy
Fort Canby	29.64	—02	28	SE	.34	Snow

Local Report.

Pacific Coast Time	Bar.	Tem.	Relh. Hum.	Direction of Wind	Velocity of Wind	Rain fall	Weather
5 A. M.	29.76	16	92	E	6	.40	Snow
5 P. M.	29.76	20	92	NE	12	.09	Cl'dy

Maximum temperature, 20, minimum temperature, 15; hight of river, 1.6; change, .00.

	Normal.	Mean.	Departure from Normal.	Excess or deficiency since Jan. 1, 1889.
Temperature	37	18	—19	—60
Precipitation	.23	.52	.29	11

Total precipitation from July 1, 1889 to date, 16.91; average precipitation from July 1, 1888, to date, 22.60; deficiency in precipitation from July 1, 1889, 5.92 inches.

TO-DAY'S WEATHER.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 2.—Forecast till 8 P. M. Friday: For Oregon and Washington: Rain and snow; variable winds; continued cold weather.

MONTHLY METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

War Department—Office of the Chief Signal Officer, Division of Telegrams and Reports for the benefit of Commerce and Agriculture—Meteorological Summary—Month of December, 1889—Portland Station:

DATE.	Daily Mean Barom.	Daily Mean Temp.	Daily Max. Temp.	Daily Min. Temp.	Daily Rainfall.
1	46	50	42		.18
2	45	51	44		.60
3	30	42	36		.03
4	44	47	41		.14
5	44	51	38		.00
6	44	49	40		.00
7	46	53	40		.28
8	46	42	42		.70
9	44	47	41		.87
10	42	45	39		.09
11	39	47	31		.01
12	39	42	32		.00
13	37	39	30		.00
14	34	41	26		.00
15	34	38	31		.09
16	34	37	30		.00
17	35	38	32		.06
18	37	39	35		.05
19	42	49	34		.52
20	39	42	36		.25
21	38	41	34		*.17
22	36	39	32		*.58
23	38	42	34		.01
24	38	36	30		*.06
25	32	37	27		.00
26	32	38	25		.00
27	34	41	28		*.56
28	32	36	30		.00
29	34	38	29		*.26
30	38	46	30		.78
31	40	42	36		.03
Sums	1195	1372	1056		5.79
Averages	38.5	43.0	34.1		0.187

SUMMARY.

Mean barometer, 29.902; highest barometer, 30.437, on 28th; lowest barometer, 29.221, on 31st.

Mean temperature, 38.5; highest temperature, 53, on 17th; lowest temperature, 25, on 26th.

Greatest daily range of temperature, 16, on 18th.

Least daily range of temperature, 4, on 18th.

MEAN TEMPERATURE FOR THIS MONTH IN

1871	38.1	1881	43.0
1872	32.5	1882	46.8
1873	36.8	1883	41.8
1874	42.6	1884	31.0
1875	37.8	1885	43.0
1876	40.2	1886	45.5
1877	43.1	1887	42.6
1878	40.2	1888	43.6
1879	39.1	1889	38.5
1880	40.0		

Total deficiency in temperature during month, 76.

Total excess in temperature since January 1st, 509.

Prevailing direction of wind, south.

Total movement of wind, 3722 miles.

Extreme velocity of wind, 38 miles; direction, south; date, 9th.

Total precipitation, 5.79.

Number of days on which .01 inch or more of precipitation fell, 31.

TOTAL PRECIPITATION (IN INCHES AND HUNDREDTHS) FOR THIS MONTH IN

	Inches.		Inches.
1871	7.62	1881	6.64
1872	9.47	1882	20.14
1878	5.15	1883	6.34
1874	5.24	1884	7.62
1875	13.41	1885	7.17
1876	6.88	1886	11.62
1877	6.85	1887	11.34
1878	4.72	1888	6.19
1879	7.36	1889	5.79
1880	13.53		

Total deficiency in precipitation during month, 2.58 inches.

Total deficiency in precipitation since January 1st, 19.27.

Number of cloudless days, 7.

Number of partly cloudy days, 6.

Number of cloudy days, 11.

Dates of frosts, lunar halos, 11th, 15th 16th, 30th and 31st.

Highest water in river during month, 4.1 feet, on 12th.

Lowest water in river during month, 0.2 feet, on 18th.

[Note—Barometer reduced to sea level. "T" indicates trace of precipitation.]

B. S. PAGUE, Sergeant, Signal Corps.

Take the Union Pacific railway for the East, thirty-five hours quicker than any other transcontinental line. Elegant new dining cars, Pullman palace sleepers, free family sleeping cars run through to Denver, Omaha, Council Bluffs, Kansas City St. Louis and Chicago; G. S. Taylor, city ticket agent, 81 First street, corner Oak.

Coughs, colds and sore throat cured by Kidd's Cough Syrup. Price 25 cents.

JOSEPH M. [illegible]

THE TAILOR

HAS NOW A

[illegible] STOCK

Suits made to order, from $20.00
Pants made to order, from 5.00

Other Garments in Proportion.

This Sale to Continue for 60 Days Only.

Perfect fit and best of workmanship guaranteed or no sales.

No. 73 Morrison St., - - - Portland, Or.

L. BLUMAUER & CO.,

WHOLESALE & DRUGGIST

Cor. Fourth and Morrison Sts.,

PORTLAND, - - - - - - OREGON

DON'T FAIL TO READ TO-MORROW the advertisement of W. L. DOUGLAS, specialties in shoes.

Skins on Fire

Agonizing, itching, burning, and bleeding Eczema in its worst stages. A rawness from head to feet. Hair gone. Doctors and hospitals fail. Tried everything.

Cured by Cuticura

I am cured of a loathsome disease, eczema, in its worst stage. I tried different doctors and been through the hospital, but all to no purpose. The disease covered my whole body, from the top of my head to the soles of my feet. My hair all came out, leaving me a complete raw sore. After trying everything, I heard of your CUTICURA REMEDIES, and after using three bottles of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, with CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP, I find myself cured at the cost of about $6. I would not be without the CUTICURA REMEDIES in my house.

ISAAC H. GERMAN, Westboro, N. Y.

Burning and Itching

I was sick in the fall of 1888 with a burning and itching so bad that in three weeks I was covered with a rash, and could not sleep nights or work days. Some doctors thought it might be salt rheum (eczema), and said they had never seen anything like it before. I received no help from any of them, or from any medicine that I could get hold of until I tried your CUTICURA REMEDIES. After three weeks' use I was able to work, and kept getting better, until now I am entirely cured.

C. E. OSMER, Tatesville, Vt.

I have used the CUTICURA REMEDIES successfully for my baby, who was afflicted with eczema, and had such intense itching that he got no rest day or night. The itching is gone, and my baby is cured, and is now a healthy, rosy-cheeked boy.

MARY KELLERMANN, Beloit, Kan.

Cuticura Resolvent

The new Blood and Skin Purifier and greatest of Humor Cures, internally, and CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, externally, instantly relieve and speedily cure agonizing, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted and pimply diseases and humors of the skin, scalp, and blood, with loss of hair, from pimples to scrofula.

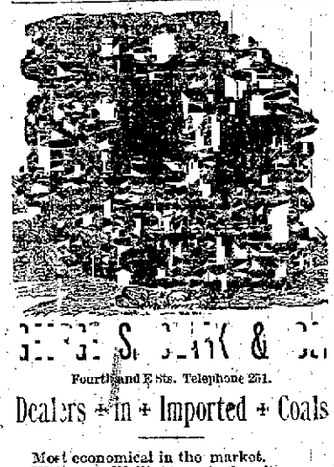
Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, $1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, black-heads, red, rough, chapped and oily skin prevented by CUTICURA SOAP.

MUSCULAR STRAINS

And pains, back-ache, weak kidneys, rheumatism, and chest pains relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. 25 cents.



[illegible] & [illegible]

Fourth and Ellis. Telephone 251.

Dealers in Imported Coals

Most economical in the market.
Wallsend, Wellington, Anthracite.
Charcoal, Kindling.
Orders left at W. S. Thompson's stove store, Second and Yamhill, will receive prompt attention.

The Celebrated French Cure,

Warranted to cure "APHRODITINE" or money refunded.

IS SOLD ON A POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease, or any disorder of the generative organs of either sex whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or through youthful indiscretion, over indulgence, &c., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Seminal Weakness, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration Nocturnal Emissions, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power and Impotency, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1.00 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5.00 order to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address THE APHRODITINE MEDICINE CO., WESTERN BRANCH, PORTLAND, OR.

Sold by STERNBERG & LAUF, Druggists, Corner Second and Washington Streets, Portland, Oregon.

Gambrinus Beer is the best. It contains less alcohol and more malt and hop extracts than any other beer. It is entirely free from chemical substitutes and is the most wholesome beverage brewed on the Pacific Coast. Its analysis shows that it is equal to the most noted German Export Beers.

The trade and families supplied with keg beer direct from the brewery.

For Orders address:
Gambrinus Brewing Company
22nd St., bet. W. and F.
P. O. Box 3. Telephone No. 49.

WOOD SCUTTLE

Something New. Wood Carrying Made Easy. No Wood Box Needed. Light, durable and ornamental. Finely finished in many styles and sizes. Saves clothing and carpets. Gives splendid satisfaction. Sells at sight. Agents wanted in every town. Big inducements. JONES BROS., 87 Yamhill, bet. Fourth and Fifth.

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE for LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind; Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young; Robust, Noble MANHOOD Fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

My stock of WALL PAPER, INGRAINS, FRIEZES AND ART DECORATIONS for the season of 1890 will be of superior quality in style and coloring. Estimates furnished for GENERAL PAINTING, WALL TINTING AND DECORATIVE WORK.

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49 ASH STREET, PORTLAND, OREGON.

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Suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

LEE & PERRIN'S SAUCE

(THE WORCESTERSHIRE).

Has been the favorite throughout the world for over fifty years.

BANKS.

Portland Trust Company

OF OREGON.

129 First St., bet. Washington and Alder.

The Savings Bank Department

Open Daily and on Saturday Nights.

Pays interest on deposits on Bank Book or Certificate.

The Company also acts as general agent, trustee or attorney for individuals or corporations, and as assignee or receiver.

Money to loan and advances made on mortgages or other security.

Rents property in trust and carefully the same pending litigation or settlement of conflicting interests.

Assumes the general care or rent estate, with strict economy as to expenditures for repairs. Collects rents, interest, dividends, bills, accounts or income.

Pays taxes, assessments and insurance premiums.

All trusts carefully and economically administered.

ALLEN NOYES.....President
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BENJ. I. COHEN.....Secretary

JARVIS-CONKLIN

Mortgage Trust Company.

Paid-up Capital..... $1,500,000

KANSAS CITY, NEW YORK and LONDON.

Loans money on improved real estate in Oregon, Washington and Idaho. Buys Municipal and Corporation Bonds.

Receives deposits subject to check, or on deposit certificates payable on demand or on time. Special rates on time deposits.

Pacific Coast Office—Portland, Oregon.

N. W. Cor. First and Alder Sts.

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The Northwest Loan and Trust Company

No. 50 First Street, Portland, Or.

Capital, - - $150,000.

Saving deposits received in sums of $1 and upwards and interest allowed thereon.

Accounts kept subject to check.

Drafts drawn on New York, San Francisco and European points.

Loans made on real or personal security.

This company executes trusts of every description; also acts as assignee, receiver, guardian, executor and administrator, or in any other fiduciary capacity.

Open Wednesday and Saturday evenings.

GEORGE H. MARINER, President.
J. L. HARTMAN, Treasurer.
W. G. DILLINGHAM, Secretary.

The Oregon & Washington Mortgage Savings Bank.

51 First Street, Portland, Or.

Rates of Interest on Deposits:

THREE MONTHS.....4 per cent
SIX MONTHS.....5 per cent.
NINE MONTHS.....5½ per cent.
ONE YEAR.....6 per cent.

LOANED ON MORTGAGES IN 11 YEARS. $7,597,721

Correspondence is solicited, and every information and facility for examination will be furnished by applying to WILLIAM REID, President.

City, County and School Bonds Wanted.

Merchants National Bank,

PORTLAND - OREGON.

Transacts a General Banking Business.

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Vice-President.....J. LOEWENBERG
Cashier.....H. A. MACRUM
Assistant Cashier.....RALPH W. HOYT

SELLS SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS, and ISSUES LETTERS OF CREDIT available throughout the United States.

DRAWS BILLS OF EXCHANGE on London, Liverpool, Dublin, Paris, Berlin, Frankfort-on-the-Main, and all the principal cities of Europe also on Hong Kong.

COLLECTIONS MADE on all accessible points.

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Transacts a General Banking Business.

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Sells Exchange on San Francisco and New York.
Makes Collections on favorable terms.
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Ladd & Tilton, Bankers,

Transact a General Banking Business.

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SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS sold on New York, Washington, Chicago, St. Louis, Denver, San Francisco and various points in Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana and British Columbia.

EXCHANGE sold on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfort and Hong Kong.

London and San Francisco Bank,

LIMITED.

Capital and Reserve.....$2,415,000

Head Office, 73 Lombard Street, London.

This Bank transacts a General Banking and Exchange Business, makes loans, discounts bills, and issues commercial and travelers' credits, available in any city in the world.

Portland Branch, 48 First street.
W. MACKINTOSH, Manager.

First National Bank,

OF PORTLAND.

Designated Depository and Financial Agent of the United States.

President.....HENRY FAILING
Vice-President.....H. W. CORBETT
Cashier.....G. E. OWINGTON
Assistant Cashier.....H. J. CORBETT

Letters of Credit Issued, available in Europe and the Eastern States.

Sight Exchange and Telegraphic Transfer sold on New York, Boston, Chicago, St. Louis, St. Paul, Omaha, San Francisco and the principal points in the Northwest.

Sight and Time Bills drawn in sums to suit on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfort-on-the-Main, Hong Kong.

Collections made on favorable terms at all accessible points.

Commercial National Bank,

OF PORTLAND.

General Banking Business Transacted.

President.....D. P. THOMPSON
Vice-President.....FRANK DEKUM
Cashier.....R. L. DURHAM
Assistant Cashier.....H. C. WORTMAN

Sight Exchange and Telegraphic Transfer sold on New York, Boston, Chicago, St. Louis, St. Paul, Omaha, San Francisco and all principal places throughout the Northwest.

Exchange sold on principal cities in Europe and on Hong Kong.

Bank of British Columbia.

Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.

Paid Up Capital.....$2,425,000
Reserve.....$57,750

Head Office, 28 Cornhill, London.

Branches—Portland, San Francisco, Seattle, Tacoma, Victoria, New Westminster, Nanaimo, Kamloops, Vancouver, B. C.

A General Banking and Exchange business transacted. Loans made. Bills Discounted. Commercial Credits granted. Deposits received on current account subject to check; interest paid on term deposits.

GEO. GOOD, Manager.

FRANK DEKUM, President. | D. P. THOMPSON, Vice President. | H. C. STRATTON, Cashier.

The Portland Savings Bank,

OF PORTLAND, OREGON.

S. W. COR. SECOND and WASHINGTON.

Pays Interest on Time Deposits

Loans made on real or personal security.

Acts as trustee for individuals, corporations or estates pending litigation or settlement.

The Oregon National Bank,

OF PORTLAND.

CAPITAL PAID IN - - $200,000

Transacts a General Banking Business.

EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS sold on San Francisco, New York, Chicago and principal points in the Northwest.

DRAFTS drawn on China, Japan and Europe.

MAKES COLLECTIONS on favorable terms.

VAN B. DELASHMUTT.....President
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H. H. SHERMAN.....Cashier

The German Savings and Loan Society

OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Loans made on city and suburban property and on improved farms.

Building loans and loans pay able by installments.

R. GOLDSMITH, Agent.

Rooms 8 and 9, second floor, Abbington Building

LOMBARD INVESTMENT CO.

Boston, Mass., and Kansas City, Mo.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, - $1,750,000

Loan Money on Improved Farm and City Property in Oregon, Washington and Idaho on long time, in sums to suit.

S. S. KING, General Manager for Pacific Coast, Tacoma, Washington.

J. A. ARMENT, Manager for Oregon. Room 34, Portland Savings Bank Building, Portland, Or.

TRANSPORTATION LINES.

PORTLAND & VANCOUVER RAILWAY CO.

LEAVE EAST PORTLAND.		LEAVE VANCOUVER.	
*6:00 A. M.	1:50 P. M.	7:30 A. M.	3:10 P. M.
7:00 A. M.	2:50 P. M.	9:00 A. M.	4:00 P. M.
8:30 A. M.	3:30 P. M.	10:30 A. M.	5:00 P. M.
10:00 A. M.	4:20 P. M.	12:00 A. M.	6:15 P. M.
11:30 A. M.	5:45 P. M.	1:30 P. M.	11:30 P. M.
1:00 P. M.	11:15 P. M.	2:20 P. M.	

*Train leaving at 6:00 A. M. will not run on Sundays and goes as far as Woodlawn only.

Trains leave East Portland at 11:15 P. M. and Vancouver at 11:30 P. M. will run on Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

Trains connect with ways with steamer Traveller for La Camas and way points.

Special trains for hunting or excursion parties at reasonable rates.

TICKETS Single and return, for sale on Vancouver transfer boats, Stark street ferry and at general ticket office

GOLD MINING IN IDAHO.

Reminiscences of Pioneer Gold Seekers in the Far West.

STARTING A CITY IN A FEW HOURS

A Grand Jury Which Indicted Itself—All the Guilty Parties Were Serving on It.

A special correspondent of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, gives the following vivid description of gold mining in Idaho in the days when the mineral discoveries were first made—Idaho City is to-day only a dim shadow of its former self. There are, perhaps, 500 inhabitants in the city proper, while for the entire "District" there are not more than 1000 souls all told. The hustle and activity of former times has departed, as the vast placer beds have been worked to their previous greatness. The inhabitants of the town are mostly old miners, however, and have faith in the future of the country as a mining district, and therein every reason to believe that their hopes will soon be realized, and Idaho City will flourish again as in the olden time. Of the 15,000 people who were attracted to this place in 1862 and 1863, there are but few now living in Boise Basin, some of the pioneers of 1863, there are but few now. So also the title of the Grand Duke Alexis, who was then in command of the fleet in the Northwest. During the years 62-63 and 64 Wells, Fargo & Co., dumped in gold dust from their place $27,000,000, while in this estimated sum fully three times that amount was taken out of the camp by private conveyance. A company of Boston capitalists have bought up the entire creek bed, which is seven miles in length and a quarter of a mile in breadth, and early next spring they will commence the erection of a ball-mile flume the entire length of the creek, working over the tailings, which are known to contain millions of dollars in gold, and tons of mercury. Most of the ground under these tons of points of ledges was never worked, and it is estimated by experts that at least $150,000,000 can be saved from these old tailings. The bed rock is a peculiar and perfect cementation, called by the miners "hard pan," which was undoubtedly formed during the glacial period—petrified cedar is found in places, while trees being found timbers. There is not an ounce of water in 60 miles of these deposits anywhere to-day. On the west side of the hill Chinamen, years after the surface had been mined, gobbled up many properties was turned down with hard cash, up the new bedrock, and so many has been profitably carried on. In the gulches, however, true bedrock has never been found. There is no doubt of the existence of gold in paying quantities in old bedrock never be found. There is no other more mining district surrounding the "Basin," the source from whence came all this placer gold. Many of these quartz ledges are undeveloped and only await the advent of capital to open them up and pour their hidden treasures into the marts of trade.

SOME WELL KNOWN MINES.

The Gold Hill mine at Quartzburg has shipped $3,500,000 in bullion since 1862, and is considered a good property now, there being thousands of tons of quartz in sight. The Banner mine, situated thirty miles north of Idaho City, is a large, defined property, and there are many capitalists on this locality which are paying handsomely. Idaho City has a bright future as a mining center, but new blood must be infused into her veins before she can attain to that prominence as a mining town which her present richness warrants. Of the business of last year correspondent found but six—D. Noble, Joseph Brunsteter, Jay Bradford, F. J. Frank, W. H. Fincher and Nathan West. These are the pioneers who made the trail, fought the Indians and framed the laws for the protection of the infant of miners of 1862. In July, 1863, a party of white prospectors started from Auburn, Or., to the famous "Florence diggings." This party, consisting of Joseph Bonnebrake, John Grimes and ten companions, crossed Snake river at Lewiston, followed Moore's creek, and took a northeasterly direction through the mountains for Florence, without trail or guide. On Grimes creek, a tributary of Rabbit river, a prospect hole was sunk, and to the surprise of the prospectors good pay gravel was found. Elated at their success, they hastily located claims and immediately prepared for active mining. At this time, however, there were bands of renegade Indians in the mountains, who were willing and ready to dispute the rights of the territory with the prospectors, and John Grimes fell a victim to their deadly aim.

On the morning of the 5th of August, 1862, Mr. Grimes was at his cabin with his little family. He busied himself in the tent upon which a sluice was hung. The startled men, women and children ran from their tents and cabins, and fixed was that sent them from eternal rest. Hastily burying their dead comrade, a council of war was held, and it was decided as their numbers were small and that of the enemy unknown, a retreat would be prudent. Accordingly they started their sleds, crossed Rabbit river into Oregon, and pushed on to Walla Walla, W. T., where they arrived late in the autumn. The news of the discovery of gold on the tributaries of Boise river was soon carried to the settlements of Oregon and Washington, and a party of 30 organized at Walla Walla, including ninety-three men, nothing some of whom had been members of the former outfit, and they arrived at Grimes creek on the 28th of October, 1862. On the first of the same month a party under Captain Pinkham, consisting seventy-three men, arrived in the "basin" from Florence. Another party of 200 men landed in the camp on the 15th of October, and so the Boise miners' meeting was called and local laws were adopted.

THE CITY SUDDENLY UP.

Coming after, came very several during the fall of 1862 and the winter of 1863, and by June of that latter year at least 10,000 miners were at work with the pick and shovel, taking out thousands of ounces of bright, yellow gold, which paid to $500 to the pan and sometimes more. Wages were from $6 to $10 per day, and all who wished to labor were employed, with no monopolies to pay for. Lots were sold at $1 per single, and Richmond, now in the Gulch, Boise, Placerville, Pioneer City, Centerville, Moore's Town and Pioneer were flourishing centers indeed. At the election held in the fall of 1863 there were over 6000 votes cast. The "Richmond" premises was unknown in those days, and the Idaho and Alexandria were to be found in all these towns, and a dust of the early miners days at Boise bar. Toll roads were built, and the road between Umatilla landing on the Columbia river, and the miner was lined with a moving stream of pack mules, laden with flour, bacon and other supplies for the mines. Boise and New Jamestown in Colorado of the Montana.

"Bogus dicks" began to make its appearance in alarming quantities in the fall of 1863, when it was found that a check or token, intended to represent the common metals, and which could be detected by the experienced eye and hand. The manufacture of this counterfeit went freely up to the times, and by private parties, but in connection with the genuine article were common in passing hundreds of ounces on the unsuspecting. The only method of testing after galvanizing was to pound the dust in a hard mortar, then breaking the coin side scaling, and examining acid. Base dust was manufactured by a company composed of a case of the best, 12 ounces copper and zinc being ground in a mill and mixed. The ground dust, mixed with the mortar in hand, resembled gold of the real in color and weight. Any quantity could be made, and the counterfeiting was carried on extensively with coin in all parts, and the excitement on account thereof. The first person caught was hung in front of the parties engaged, a dim religious and impressive ceremony. The citizens believed in the affirmative and decided to give the names of the parties.

"You may state the names or be permitted for contempt," said the foreman sternly.

"Then I must answer," said the witness, "I will say upon my oath, without giving names, there are fourteen members of the house dust company in this room acting as grand jurors."

CANADA AND HER FUTURE.

The Opinion Prevailing a Possible Position There.

Hon. Mr. Mercier, prime minister of the province of Quebec, in being asked recently while at New York his opinion regarding the annexation of Canada, said:

"Well, there isn't much talk of annexation just now, but there is a general feeling in favor of some political change. There is, however, a respectable portion of the country in favor of maintaining the present condition of affairs. These who favor a change are divided between three measures—imperial federation, annexation, and independence. Few people, I believe, consider the idea—loyalties are in favor of imperial federation, and I may add that there are but few real Canadians, either French, English, Scotch or Irish, in favor of the scheme. The advocates of that measure are generally Englishmen who came during the last say, twenty-five years from the old country to make their fortunes in Canada, and have the intention of returning when they have attained their object.

"Of course, Sir John A. Macdonald, the prime minister of Canada, who is a Scotchman by birth, is in favor of that scheme. So the French-Canadians you could not find one disposed to speak in favor of imperial federation.

"After imperial federation comes the question of annexation. There is no doubt a respectable number of Canadians favorable to annexation. It is not to be denying the fact. Those who do it are either ignorant or hypocrites. As to the proportion in favor of the scheme that question cannot be answered, no votes on the subject having been taken and there being no practical means of ascertaining public opinion. But you may have read the other day that politicians from Manitoba and the Northwest territories and the Western territories had gone if there were treated to their satisfaction and if oppressive interference of the Canadian federal authorities in local matters were continued they would ask for annexation to the United States.

"Then come those who favor independence. I believe they are numerous and that they form the most important portion from certain points of view, of our population. They are important socially, politically and financially, and they receive themselves in great part from among the young men who have acquired more liberal tendencies and a greater disposition for independence. They don't like the idea of colonies. They do not like to be governed in a certain way and to certain duties by strangers, and they are disposed, through their education and their training, to every best effect the sentiment, I mean, of an independent country of which they would be the citizens and to become the free citizens. They are proud to call themselves Canadians, but would be much prouder to call themselves so if they were members of one of the independent nations of the world."

Stanley's Energy and Courage.

London Truth, Dec. 12.

That Stanley is a man of vast energy, great courage and undaunted perseverance I do not for a moment question. So were Cortez and Pizarro. But I very much doubt whether the marches of Stanley through Africa have benefited humanity in general or African tribes in particular. Geographically he has discovered a new pond and seen a few mountains. On closer examination a pond is a depression, a mountain is an elevation, and whether there are more or less depressions and elevations in Africa than we heretofore supposed is an exceedingly unimportant matter. He has brought back Emin and a number of the people who were with Emin; a great many of Emin's people died during the process of bringing them back, while Emin himself so soon as he was brought back, walked through a window and injured his shin. Having Stanley's marvelous many officers were left behind and made to carry burdens, with the result that they died of fatigue; many men (rewards and gifts) who objected to his inventing their territories were shot and many of their villages were burned. Civilization has not been presented to the inhabitants of Central Africa in a very alluring aspect and they are not likely to emulate each other or to eat each other's flesh because of their plentiful of it. One common help asking why this waste of energy, why all this shooting and burning, for the Africans cannot have been left alone?

The Purple Light.

New York Sun.

Astronomer Hastings of Yale announces that he has invented an improvement to telescopes that does away with the "purple spot" which interrupts observation.

Alas! for the ruthless hand of science. Must the world outgrow its purple haze? The vision may be clearer, but at what loss of beauty and romance! Is the enchantment to be taken from the view, and the glow which youth alone sees to fade into the light of common day?

These scientific people are ruthless despoilers of the beautiful. Little Tom Moore his sweet heart when he wrote—

> They may rail at this youth in the grove,
> And say all the charms he unrolled are
> but dreams—

until science comes to be improved out of every purple light, it is a comfort to think that the common age old antipathy man may still see nature in all her glowing hues.

A Wife Difference.

The Epoch.

Wife (whose husband has explained to her the mysteries of poker)—It seems very simple. I suppose one can play it as well as another.

Husband—Oh, there is a great difference in players. There's the man who can play poker, and there's the man who thinks he can. The latter is the one who has to write a check.

VESTIBULED TRAIN SERVICE

Over the Northern Pacific railroad dining cars and sleeping cars every day in the year. Portland to Chicago twenty-four miles the shortest route.

Second-class passengers, too, are afforded excellent accommodations.

SEVEN HOURS AND THIRTY-SIX MINUTES Saved in reaching Chicago by this line. Office, 121 First street, corner Washington.

COAL! COAL! COAL!

Telephone No. 31, or send your orders for kindling that to the Oregon Improvement Company. We have constantly on hand at the lowest, first class Wellington coal, and shall supply all dealers, Providence, Washington, Montgomery, Front, Mission and Ankeny streets. Office, Oregon Improvement Company, corner Front and Yamhill streets. Yards at Willamette Dock, foot of Madison street, and at corner Front and Harrison streets, with covered passage connection.

SOMETHING MORE THAN COMMON.

The Boston rather will make you a stunning Raglan, Army or Chesterfield overcoat for $15, price $20.

Tickets to and From Europe.

Excursion tickets to all points in Europe and England sold at Northern Pacific ticket office, No. 121 First street, corner Washington.

THE BOSTON ONE DOLLAR THEATER, of Boston, Mass., will open in this city with their new and magnificent Combination Dime Museum of Curiosities.

Take the Northern Pacific railroad, the best equipped line, for all points East. Office, No. 121 First street, corner Washington.

Bamboo, smashing, spitting dog in with Kidd's Comedy Co., Theatre.

ROYAL
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Absolutely Pure.

EAST PORTLAND SEWERAGE

Arrival of Rudolph Hering, Civil Engineer, From Chicago.

An Informal Conference Held—Copy of Instructions—Daily Home Meetings—Assembly With a Suggestive Weapon—Plans.

Rudolph Hering, the Chicago sanitary engineer, arrived in this city yesterday forenoon from Chicago. He was met at Oregon City by H. E. Dolph, city surveyor, and thus given an opportunity of chatting in advance of his arrival. When he stepped off the car compartment through the car by Mr. A. W. Lambert, at the passenger conductor, and the only passenger, making a pretty large aggregation. Early in the evening the committee of the committee met for supper to hear him on the subject of sewerage and receive recommendations. In the informal discussion, that took place Mr. Hering favored a separate system, distinct from the storm water, of sewerage, and he would only allow the flow from the roofs to enter the sewers. Ultimately a means for carrying off the storm water will have to be provided.

Mayor Stewart called the meeting to order, and said some investigation action could be taken.

Dr. Joseph stated some figures in relation to expenses. He opposed the opinion that Mr. Hering should be retained to recommend a system and give figures as to the cost of preparing the same. Dr. Joseph thought it was necessary for the sewerage commission to know what it will cost to have Mr. Hering make further investigation and prepare a system.

Mr. Hering replied: "It is a difficult matter to state what it will cost." In the absence of data he said he would want accurate maps, elevations, contour and value of river. Without pens on the sewers would empty into the river, with a view, however, to ultimately, in some other system. The plan of the sewers is governed by the population. He explained the plans and specifications should be taken that the local engineer can continue the work to completion.

Mr. Hering is an affable man, of universal acquaintance and showed a thorough knowledge, and also that in the short time he spent here he has gained a pretty full knowledge of the city. He left on the 5:30 train for Chicago, where he will remain for a week or more, when he will return to New York by January 15. He will, however, gather as much information and data as he can this afternoon, which can be used in making plans for a sewerage system. The cause and effect between cholera and filth by Hering.

The informal conference terminated until quite late last evening, when communication opened a valuable addition of information. The system, such as Mr. Hering proposes we need, he will charge $500 for designing. Mr. Hering's charges are reasonable, we think, and the cost is much larger than is often supposed. The commission will take further action shortly.

CLAIMS OF ASSESSMENT.

All annual assessments of mines of Quicksilver are reported and are being looked after in East Portland. The city marshal has commenced thoroughly the immediate wants of the ladies, finally, but assessment notice before proceeding. Others in the mine Lambkins have been exhausted. He was quite successful yesterday in securing subscriptions, and will be very glad to receive many more as there is need for such privileges and duckings. The Ethel family, at the end of the season, is getting along very well, owing to the generosity of the people in that neighborhood.

The most fashionable case yet reported is that of an undertaking family who have refused temporary lodging at the Baby Home. A member of the family is ill in the house about three weeks ago, and as a result three recently old, which had been exposed and contracted a severe cold in consequence, which soon developed into pneumonia. The mother has been caring for the infant the best she could, and Wednesday the father came from Astoria, where he had been undertaking to obtain work, but having failed, returned disgusted and hopeless. This family were deemed destitute, and in the parlance the day closed in the Kingsbury fire. The child will likely die. Mrs. Hamblin, the superintendent of the Home says the family may remain at the Home for the present, but they can be immediate need of assistance. A strong effort should be made to care to aid this family.

ARRAIGNED WITH A DANGEROUS WEAPON.

Yesterday afternoon a dog fight at some rest took place between Mr. Geo. Lee and Jacob Mattland in Sydney & Spicer's coal shanty on D street. Mr. Lee was standing with his back to his coal yard, when he was struck by Mattland, who brought them violent, during which Mattland raised an iron weight and struck Mr. Lee several times on the face. He evidently meant with little mercy, but was prevented by Mr. Lee's brother, Constable McGinnis. When the officer stepped on the scene and hurried across to arrest the assailant, who he placed under arrest. It is understood that Mattland will be arraigned on the charge of assault with a dangerous weapon.

NEW STREET COMMISSIONER.

Hon. C. L. Sporn, the newly appointed street commissioner, has assumed the duties of his office, and was being sworn around the city yesterday by his Chinese Barrel, the smiling street commissioner. Mr. Sporn assumes upon the duties with the confidence and good will of all. He has the reputation of being in every way qualified for the office to which he has been appointed. There will no doubt be ample scope for the exercise of his special abilities as a methodical and thorough business man.

ANOTHER ADDITION TO LIBRARY.

N. McCoy, of the firm of Bond & McCoy, has followed the example set by his partner, in presenting to the Y. M. C. A. library two valuable volumes as a New Year's gift. If more of the citizens appreciated the value of good books for the young men's library, it would not be long before a large library could be established in connection with the reading room.

FEMALE COMEDY COMPANY.

America's premier residential has been engaged for the last and greatest entertainment given by Y. M. C. A. this season. Grand musical programme, under the direction of Mrs. W. A. Wetzel, at Armory hall, Monday evening, January 6th.

BOARD MEETING.

The Board of Directors of the Baby Home will hold their first meeting in the new year at the parlors of the Baby Home, Saturday afternoon January 4 at 2 o'clock. All the members are requested to be present.

Follow in the parents' and best soap ever made.

FULL WEIGHT PURE
GREECE'S
CREAM
BAKING
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MOST PERFECT MADE

To insure the wholesomeness, purity and delicacy of flavor which characterize our Cream of Tartar Baking Powder, it is made of the best materials that money can buy. Its constituents are known to be the purest and most healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder contains neither Ammonia, Lime or Alum, and may be used in any quantity without injury to the most delicate stomach.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.
New York. Chicago. San Francisco.

Proposals for the Construction of Water Works.

Whereas, by resolution passed the council, a copy of which is hereto attached, marked "A," the Portland Water Company was authorized to construct a system of water works for the city of Portland, and

Whereas, by the terms of said resolution the said Portland Water Company was required to file with the recorder of said city its acceptance of the terms of said resolution, and

Whereas, said Portland Water Company has duly accepted the terms of said resolution, as appears by the acceptance of said company, dated the 30th day of January, A. D. 1890, and filed with the recorder of said city on the 31st day of January, A. D. 1890, for the consideration of the sum of $1 and the covenants and agreements of said resolution, and

Whereas, said Portland Water Company has duly executed and delivered to said recorder a certain bond, with sureties thereon, as required by said resolution, and

Whereas, said Portland Water Company has duly executed and delivered to said recorder a certain contract, a copy of which is hereto attached, marked "B," and

Whereas, said Portland Water Company has duly executed and delivered to said recorder a certain bond, with sureties thereon, as required by said resolution,